

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.6740, 80.7707,  
114.3033)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.6740, 80.7707, 114.3033)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(78.0254, 80.1445,  
105.9648)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | E3E6FF                     |
| RGB         | 227, 230, 255              |
| RGB Percent | 89%, 90%, 100%             |
| CMY         | 0.1098, 0.0980, 0.0000     |
| CMYK        | 0.11, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 234°, 100%, 95%            |
| HSV         | 234°, 11%, 100%            |
| XYZ         | 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 |
| YIQ         | 231.9530, -9.8130, 7.1390  |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

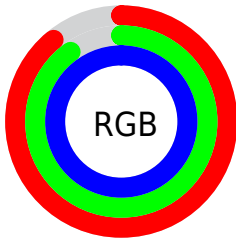
| Format                              | Color                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 227, 230, 255                 |
| Decimal                             | 14935807                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 91.75, 3.73, -12.42           |
| CIE LCh                             | 92, 12.970, 286.717           |
| Yxy                                 | 80.1445, 0.2954,<br>0.3034    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4293125887<br>(0xFFE3E6FF)    |
| YUV                                 | 231.9530, 11.3622,<br>-4.3438 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 89.5235, -1.0919,<br>-7.5124  |

# Details

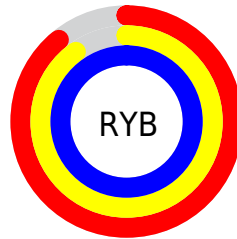
The XYZ color **78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.9150, 96.4253, 86.5477**, and the grayscale version is **76.5914, 80.5801, 87.7518**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **42.5363, 43.5078, 59.5820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.6437, 64.4493, 103.6406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.4299, 98.1150, 108.6215**.

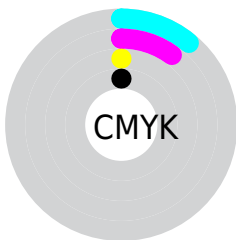
# Distribution



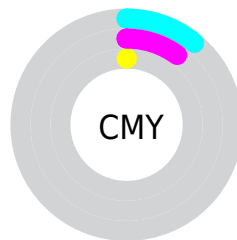
- Red (89%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



78.0254, 80.1445,  
105.9648

78.0254, 80.1445,  
105.9648

477.0916,  
495.4197, 600.5610

58.3977, 59.8373,  
80.6467

129.5511,  
133.5689, 171.4534

42.3730, 43.2875,  
59.7214

162.1798,  
167.4548, 212.4610

29.5858, 30.1107,  
42.7703

199.8729,  
206.6358, 259.5356

19.6709, 19.9227,  
29.3748

242.9957,  
251.4961, 313.0956

12.2629, 12.3388,  
19.1166

291.9137,  
302.4203, 373.5596

6.9965, 6.9749,  
11.5769

346.9921,

3.5062, 3.4464,

359.7927, 441.3461

6.3372

408.5962,  
423.9977, 516.8738

■ 1.4268, 1.3690,  
2.9791

■ 0.2752, 0.1937,  
1.0840

■ 78.0254, 80.1445,  
105.9648

■ 78.0254, 80.1445,  
105.9648

■ 64.6437, 64.4493,  
103.6406

■ 93.4299, 98.1150,  
108.6215

■ 53.1943, 50.9290,  
101.6344

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 43.5896, 39.4903,  
99.9327

■ 35.7324, 30.0294,  
98.5207

■ 29.5168, 22.4332,  
97.3821

■ 24.8250, 16.5776,  
96.4991

■ 21.5237, 12.3226,  
95.8518

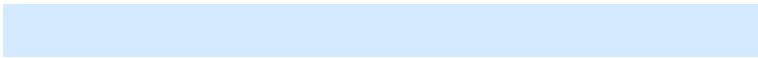
■ 19.4556, 9.5066,  
95.4173

■ 18.4500, 8.0200,  
95.1833

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.7180, 80.1445, 106.2877



78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648



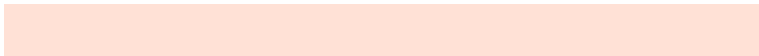
80.9158, 80.1445, 100.4039

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648



80.6346, 80.1445, 74.6233



70.1312, 80.1445, 83.1314

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648



89.9150, 96.4253, 86.5477

# Split Complementary

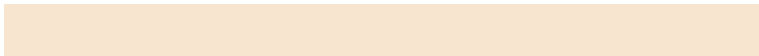
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6230, 80.1445, 75.3232



78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648



77.6507, 80.1445, 70.6570

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648



82.4520, 80.1445, 82.1114



74.3540, 80.1445, 70.9035



70.2249, 80.1445, 92.6272



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648



82.1887, 80.1445, 94.6894



74.3540, 80.1445, 70.9035



70.4620, 80.1445, 80.2368

# Sweetspot

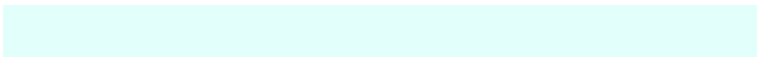
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.0275, 80.1478, 105.9653



90.1512, 94.2975, 108.0575



84.9678, 94.8627, 105.7063



19.0226, 19.8650, 23.0817



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.0275, 80.1478, 105.9653



75.1632, 76.7958, 105.4693



80.6907, 80.2907, 105.8526



17.1598, 17.6912, 22.7603



9.6908, 4.2912, 49.7521

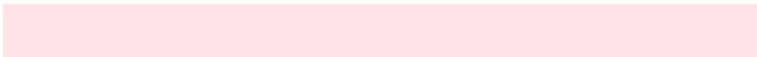


0.9925, 0.5157, 4.8605



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.9934, 81.9129, 86.3032



80.9674, 78.8813, 82.4826



87.0266, 96.3472, 86.6848



18.0885, 18.0187, 19.0834



21.6797, 11.1612, 1.6976

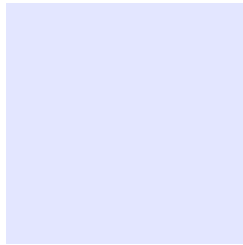


2.1356, 1.0966, 0.2954



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

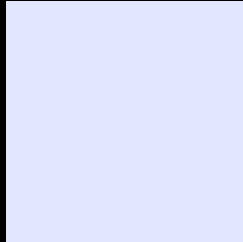
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

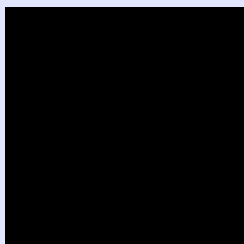
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.0254, 80.1445,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648

### Protanopia

78.3417, 80.3076, 105.9796

### Deuteranopia

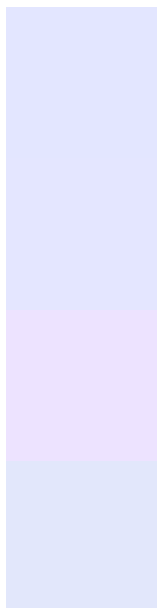
81.5932, 79.9477, 105.7388



## Tritanopia

77.0388, 80.1601, 101.0346

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648

## Protanomaly

78.3417, 80.3076, 105.9796

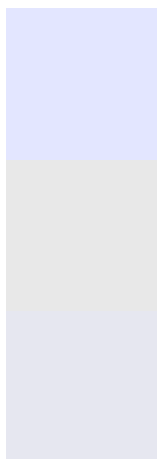
## Deuteranomaly

80.4441, 80.1627, 105.8408

## Tritanomaly

77.3525, 80.2856, 102.6865

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648

## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

## Achromatomaly

76.9372, 80.2661, 93.8760

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 230, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 230, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 230,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.0254, 80.1445, 105.9648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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