

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.6929, 71.5223,  
104.2126)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.6929, 71.5223, 104.2126)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(79.6650, 71.3919,  
104.1890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FBCDFF
RGB	251, 205, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.0157, 0.1961, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	295°, 100%, 90%
HSV	295°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890
YIQ	224.4540, 11.3660, 25.3020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

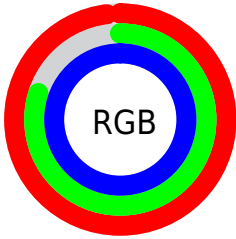
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	251, 205, 255
Decimal	16502271
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	87.68, 24.55, -18.33
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 30.640, 323.248
Yxy	71.3919, 0.3121, 0.2797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294692351 (0xFFFBCDFF)
YUV	224.4540, 15.0592, 23.2808
Hunter-Lab	84.4937, 20.4349, -13.9647

# Details

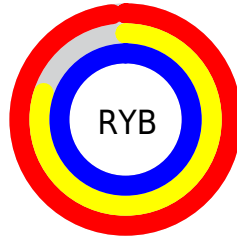
The XYZ color **79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **73.0757, 89.4839, 71.1818**, and the grayscale version is **71.0679, 74.7690, 81.4234**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.3475, 37.3592, 58.3525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.3251, 59.7961, 102.2849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.0107, 84.9859, 106.4257**.

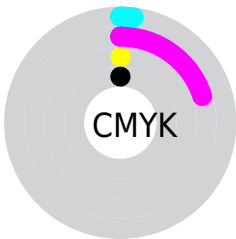
# Distribution



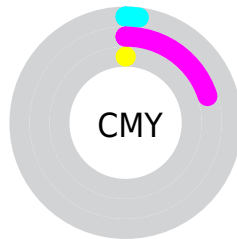
- Red (98%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.6650, 71.3919,  
104.1890

79.6650, 71.3919,  
104.1890

482.5569,  
465.4223, 594.9021

59.7502, 52.6621,  
79.1672

131.8476,  
121.1916, 169.0039

43.4660, 37.5331,  
58.5112

164.8462,  
153.0302, 209.6341

30.4471, 25.6205,  
41.8023

202.9368,  
190.0073, 256.3042

20.3279, 16.5399,  
28.6221

246.4847,  
232.5071, 309.4328

12.7433, 9.9070,  
18.5520

295.8553,  
280.9141, 369.4383

7.3278, 5.3374,  
11.1735

351.4140,

3.7161, 2.4465,

335.6127, 436.7393

6.0680

413.5261,  
396.9873, 511.7544

■ 1.5428, 0.8497,  
2.8170

■ 0.3547, 0.0000,  
1.0020

■ 79.6650, 71.3919,  
104.1890

■ 79.6650, 71.3919,  
104.1890

■ 73.3251, 59.7961,  
102.2849

■ 87.0107, 84.9859,  
106.4257

■ 67.9372, 50.0932,  
100.6960

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 63.4509, 42.1822,  
99.4055

■ 59.8093, 35.9486,  
98.3942

■ 56.9485, 31.2653,  
97.6410

■ 54.7958, 27.9864,  
97.1216

■ 53.2644, 25.9388,  
96.8071

■ 52.2186, 24.8508,  
96.6522

■ 52.1812, 24.8153,  
96.6473

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.5157, 71.3919, 120.5501



79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



82.6821, 71.3919, 82.5285

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



69.5101, 71.3919, 44.4108



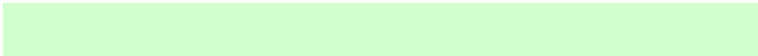
55.8224, 71.3919, 94.6038

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



73.0757, 89.4839, 71.1818

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.9173, 71.3919, 73.1282



79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



62.4942, 71.3919, 46.4863

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



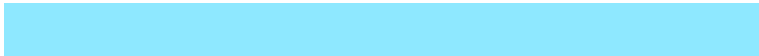
79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



76.5548, 71.3919, 49.9025



57.2755, 71.3919, 56.1847



59.8422, 71.3919, 114.3627



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



82.3691, 71.3919, 68.9278



57.2755, 71.3919, 56.1847



55.1562, 71.3919, 87.2593

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.6670, 71.3949, 104.1894



89.9131, 90.3923, 107.3163



66.0711, 65.8853, 103.8425



19.1304, 19.1337, 22.9348



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.6670, 71.3949, 104.1894



76.7595, 66.0581, 103.3126



77.9483, 70.8756, 87.5413



18.6409, 18.2221, 22.7847



27.3258, 12.9975, 50.5031



2.7014, 1.2865, 4.9192



# Inverse Universe

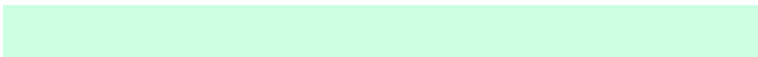
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5818, 69.5290, 69.8137



70.7607, 63.8639, 62.4445



74.6435, 89.9820, 85.2682



18.0683, 18.0106, 18.9769



21.6371, 11.1441, 1.4737



2.1261, 1.0928, 0.2453



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

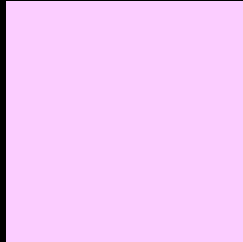
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.6650, 71.3919,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890

### Protanopia

70.5620, 71.5089, 104.6913

### Deuteranopia

73.3941, 71.8615, 102.9309



## Tritanopia

75.1318, 71.3583, 81.7652

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



## Protanomaly

73.5228, 71.1394, 104.4639



## Deuteranomaly

75.4446, 71.4065, 103.5724



## Tritanomaly

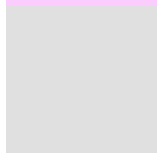
76.5533, 71.1826, 89.8256

# Monochromacy



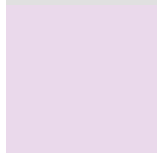
## Original Color

79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890



## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745



## Achromatomaly

73.7399, 73.1163, 88.8236

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 205, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 205, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 205, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 205, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 205, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 205, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 205, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 205, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 205, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 205,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.6650, 71.3919, 104.1890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 205, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
205, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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