

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.7373, 86.6913,  
102.9730)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.7373, 86.6913,  
102.9730)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFF3FA
RGB	223, 243, 250
RGB Percent	87%, 95%, 98%
CMY	0.1255, 0.0470, 0.0196
CMYK	0.11, 0.03, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	196°, 73%, 93%
HSV	196°, 11%, 98%
XYZ	79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730
YIQ	237.8180, -14.1670, -2.0630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

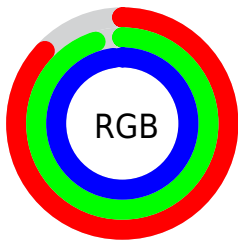
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	223, 234, 250
Decimal	14676986
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.61, -5.19, -5.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 7.642, 227.254
Yxy	86.6913, 0.2960, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292867066 (0xFFDFF3FA)
YUV	237.8180, 6.0057, -12.9954
Hunter-Lab	93.1082, -10.0729, -0.3961

# Details

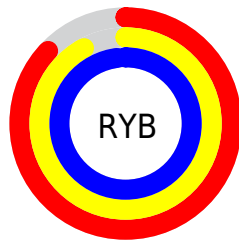
The XYZ color **79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **81.0408, 82.2448, 81.4169**, and the grayscale version is **81.0922, 85.3153, 92.9084**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.6564, 47.7605, 57.9567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.6922, 79.2032, 102.0057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.9931, 94.9098, 104.0201**.

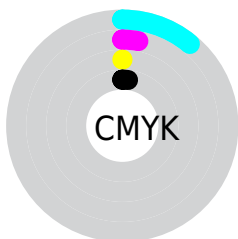
# Distribution



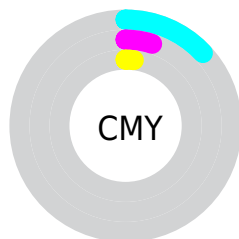
- Red (87%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.7373, 86.6913,  
102.9730

79.7373, 86.6913,  
102.9730

482.7971,  
517.2079, 591.0108

59.8099, 65.2398,  
78.1551

131.9488,  
142.7338, 167.3242

43.5143, 47.6555,  
57.6842

164.9636,  
178.0935, 207.6945

30.4851, 33.5542,  
41.1418

203.0716,  
218.8581, 254.0861

20.3570, 22.5513,  
28.1093

246.6382,  
265.4120, 306.9174

12.7646, 14.2626,  
18.1683

296.0287,  
318.1395, 366.6069

7.3425, 8.3035,  
10.9002

351.6084,

3.7254, 4.2898,

377.4251, 433.5733

5.8865

413.7428,  
443.6531, 508.2351

■ 1.5480, 1.8369,  
2.7085

■ 0.3582, 0.5100,  
0.9477

■ 79.7373, 86.6913,  
102.9730

■ 79.7373, 86.6913,  
102.9730

■ 70.6922, 79.2032,  
102.0057

■ 89.9931, 94.9098,  
104.0201

■ 62.8000, 72.4076,  
101.1100

■ 94.2556, 99.6822,  
104.7167

■ 56.0091, 66.2792,  
100.2850

■ 50.2609, 60.7868,  
99.5279

■ 45.4913, 55.8962,  
98.8353

■ 41.6286, 51.5694,  
98.2037

■ 38.5906, 47.7628,  
97.6291

■ 36.2791, 44.4246,  
97.1066

■ 34.6506, 41.6923,  
96.6650

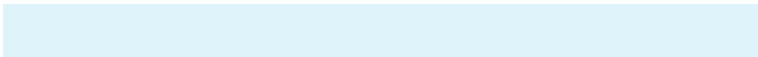
# Harmonies

## Analogous

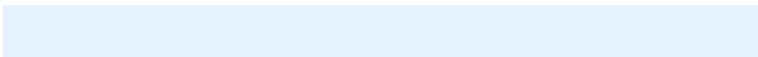
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.6712, 86.6913, 97.7981



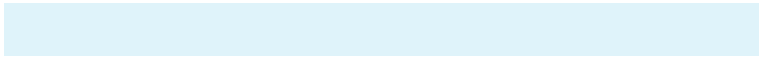
79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730



81.5264, 86.6913, 105.8982

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730



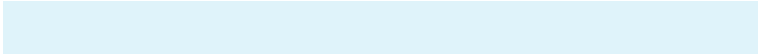
86.3228, 86.6913, 96.9178



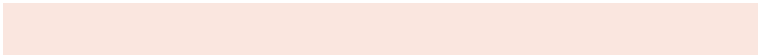
81.2278, 86.6913, 83.9647

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



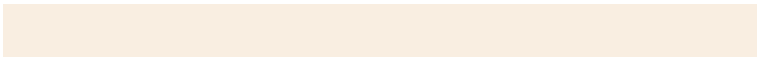
79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730



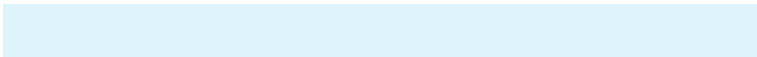
81.0408, 82.2448, 81.4169

# Split Complementary

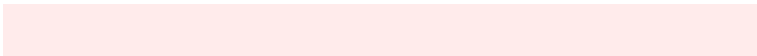
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.2747, 86.6913, 83.7512



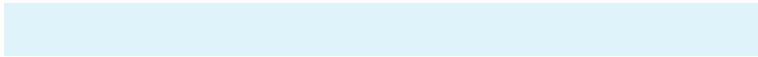
79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730



86.2396, 86.6913, 91.0661

# Square

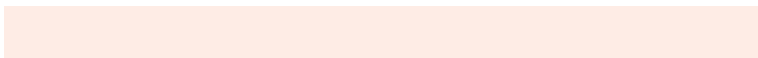
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



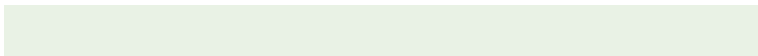
79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730



85.3416, 86.6913, 102.3055



85.1162, 86.6913, 86.3016

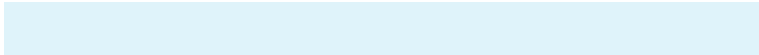


79.5219, 86.6913, 86.8976



# Rectangle

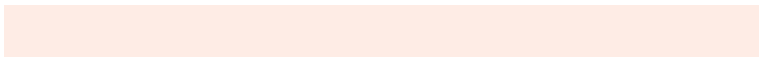
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730



82.8988, 86.6913, 106.1021



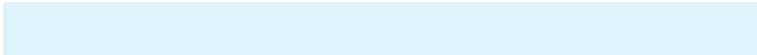
85.1162, 86.6913, 86.3016



81.8982, 86.6913, 83.5770

# Sweetspot

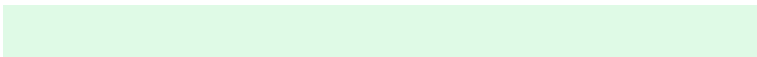
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.7398, 86.6949, 102.9749



91.6622, 97.3196, 108.5612



78.8663, 89.7598, 87.8490



19.4299, 20.6796, 23.2174



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

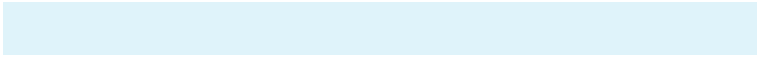


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

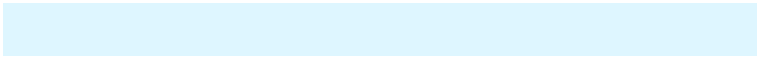


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.7398, 86.6949, 102.9749



81.2089, 88.8872, 107.4845



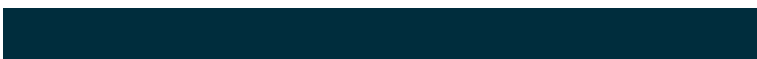
75.9154, 79.0461, 101.7001



17.3629, 18.8026, 22.0994



18.5021, 22.3598, 51.3143



1.7992, 2.2420, 4.7811



# Inverse Universe

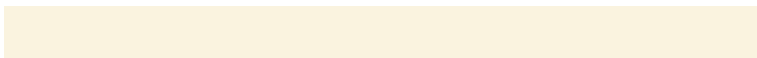
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.9916, 79.5721, 95.8358



84.0190, 80.1019, 98.5520



84.8705, 89.9041, 82.6935



17.7897, 17.4432, 20.7483



25.6310, 12.6681, 25.8292

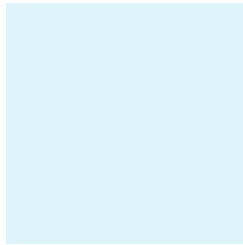


2.4171, 1.1906, 2.6197



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

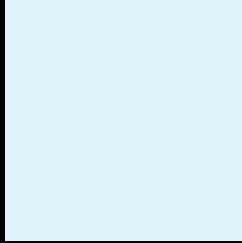
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

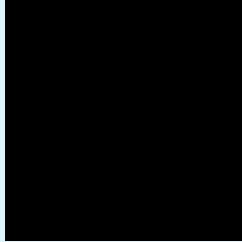
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730.



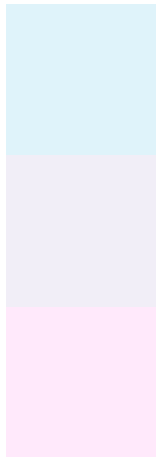
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.7373, 86.6913,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730

### Protanopia

83.6387, 86.5652, 100.2962

### Deuteranopia

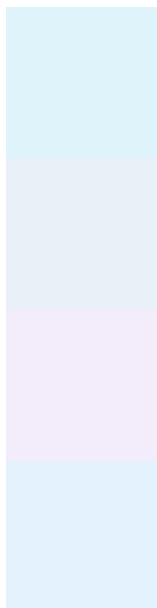
87.7915, 86.5029, 103.3364



## Tritanopia

81.8184, 86.7886, 107.0473

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730

## Protanomaly

82.0351, 86.5899, 101.1968

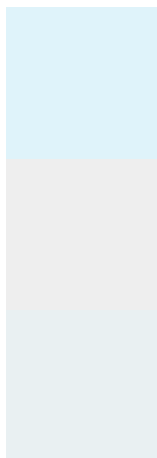
## Deuteranomaly

84.6589, 86.5881, 103.5180

## Tritanomaly

81.1603, 86.9270, 105.4295

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730

## Achromatopsia

81.2670, 85.4993, 93.1087

## Achromatomaly

80.7914, 86.0546, 96.3564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 243, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 243, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 243, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 243, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 243, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 243, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 243, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 243, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 243, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 243,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.7373, 86.6913, 102.9730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 243, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
243, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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