

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.7585, 92.4164, 94.6539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.7585, 92.4164, 94.6539)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.8079, 92.4448,  
94.5262)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9FFEE
RGB	217, 255, 238
RGB Percent	85%, 100%, 93%
CMY	0.1490, 0.0000, 0.0667
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	153°, 100%, 93%
HSV	153°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262
YIQ	241.7000, -17.1910, -13.3430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

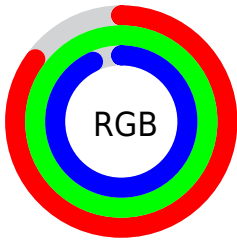
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 241, 255
Decimal	14286830
CIE Lab	97.00, -15.37, 4.04
CIE LCh	97, 15.891, 165.278
Yxy	92.4448, 0.2992, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292476910 (0xFFD9FFEE)
YUV	241.7000, -1.8241, -21.6619
Hunter-Lab	96.1482, -20.0953, 9.0140

# Details

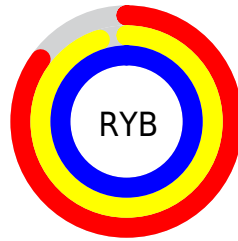
The XYZ color **79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.9047, 76.8272, 88.4070**, and the grayscale version is **84.1843, 88.5684, 96.4510**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.5379, 51.4469, 51.8915** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.1815, 88.1852, 85.6498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.7133, 97.3513, 104.0197**.

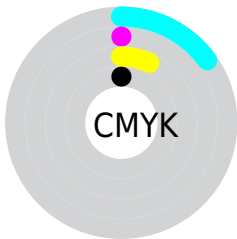
# Distribution



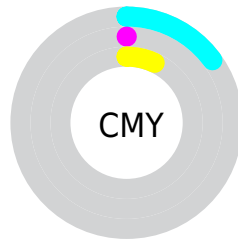
- Red (85%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.8079, 92.4448,  
94.5262

 79.8079, 92.4448,  
94.5262

483.0316,  
535.9520, 563.5926

 59.8682, 70.0101,  
71.1460


132.0476,  
150.7297, 155.5998

 43.5615, 51.5348,  
51.9788


165.0782,  
187.3488, 194.1303

 30.5223, 36.6344,  
36.6060


203.2033,  
229.4647, 238.5479

 20.3854, 24.9245,  
24.6092

246.7881,  
277.4620, 289.2713

 12.7854, 16.0209,  
15.5698

296.1979,  
331.7250, 346.7189

 7.3569, 9.5389,  
9.0692

351.7983,

 3.7346, 5.0943,

392.6380, 411.3093

4.6889

413.9544,  
460.5856, 483.4610

■ 1.5531, 2.3027,  
2.0104

■ 0.3616, 0.7751,  
0.5617

■ 79.8079, 92.4448,  
94.5262

■ 79.8079, 92.4448,  
94.5262

■ 71.1815, 88.1852,  
85.6498

■ 89.7133, 97.3513,  
104.0197

■ 63.7761, 84.5431,  
77.3734

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 57.5327, 81.4882,  
69.6851

■ 52.3863, 78.9873,  
62.5711

■ 48.2651, 77.0035,  
56.0169

■ 45.0885, 75.4956,  
50.0072

■ 42.7625, 74.4155,  
44.5258

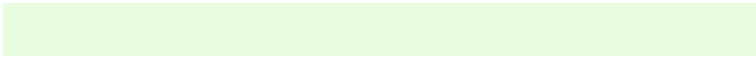
■ 41.1724, 73.7041,  
39.5548

■ 40.5623, 73.4409,  
37.2087

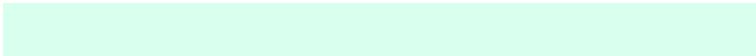
# Harmonies

## Analogous

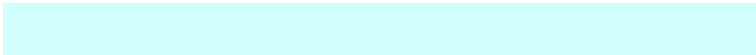
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.8959, 92.4448, 84.3008



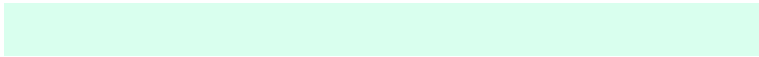
79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262



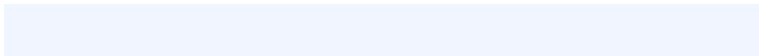
79.8281, 92.4448, 107.2872

# Triad

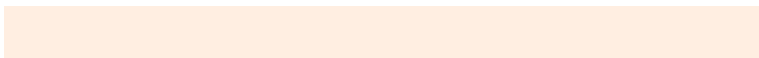
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262



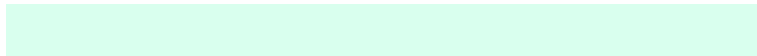
90.1517, 92.4448, 126.3350



94.0577, 92.4448, 84.1509

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262



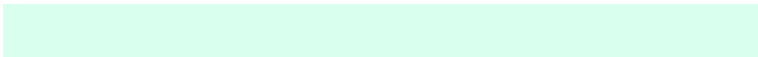
80.9047, 76.8272, 88.4070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.4261, 92.4448, 94.3051



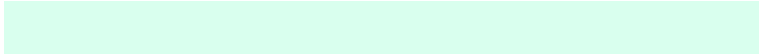
79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262



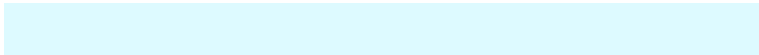
94.1194, 92.4448, 119.0020

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262



85.6985, 92.4448, 126.4069



96.4491, 92.4448, 107.0466

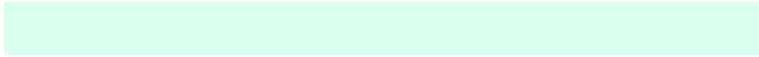


90.0698, 92.4448, 78.6649



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



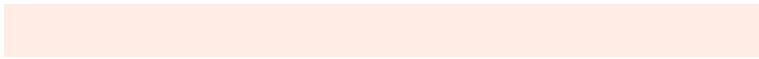
79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262



81.0305, 92.4448, 115.5623



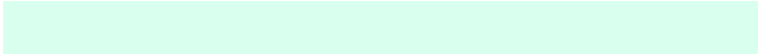
96.4491, 92.4448, 107.0466



95.0755, 92.4448, 87.0913

# Sweetspot

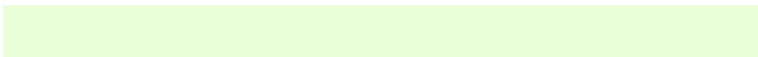
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.8087, 92.4452, 94.5277



90.6704, 97.8261, 104.9057



82.2495, 94.0394, 79.4634



19.2360, 20.8539, 22.2958



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

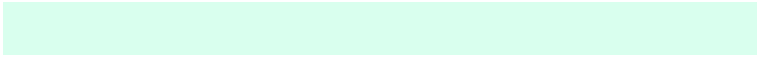


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

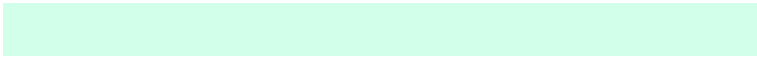


# Same Dimension

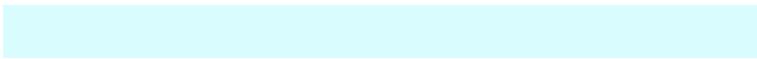
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.8087, 92.4452, 94.5277



77.0013, 91.0573, 91.7115



81.8227, 92.2858, 108.1082



18.1918, 20.3362, 21.3128



21.2711, 38.4050, 19.8446



2.1262, 3.7614, 2.2222



# Inverse Universe

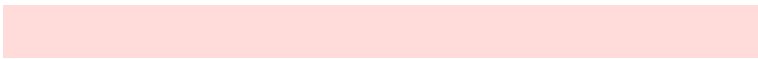
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.9047, 76.8272, 88.4070



78.2964, 72.6026, 84.4800



79.0706, 76.8817, 76.3191



18.3471, 18.1221, 20.4449



23.2106, 11.7735, 9.7594



2.3140, 1.1680, 1.2349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

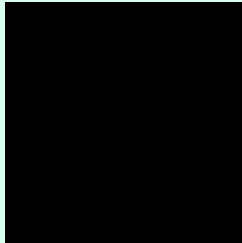
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

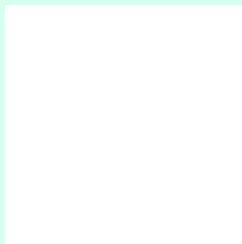
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262.



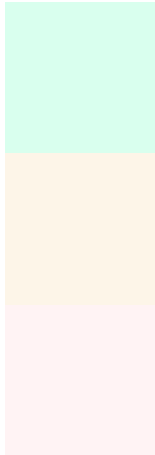
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.8079, 92.4448,

94.5262.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262

### Protanopia

87.7259, 92.0137, 89.4807

### Deuteranopia

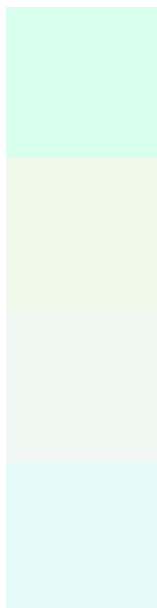
89.6197, 91.8928, 98.6016



## Tritanopia

86.8773, 92.5319, 107.8893

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262

## Protanomaly

84.6621, 92.2171, 91.1794

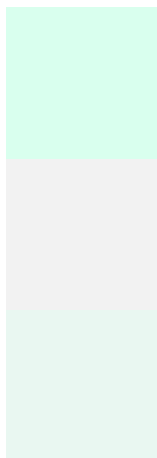
## Deuteranomaly

85.5634, 91.6331, 97.1817

## Tritanomaly

84.2292, 92.6569, 103.0678

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262

## Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

## Achromatomaly

82.7422, 90.1960, 96.2677

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 255, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 255, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 255, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 255, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 255, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 255, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 255, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 255, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 255, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 255,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.8079, 92.4448, 94.5262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 255, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
255, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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