

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.7626, 85.8567,  
101.1750)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(79.7626, 85.8567,  
101.1750)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2F1F8
RGB	226, 241, 248
RGB Percent	89%, 95%, 97%
CMY	0.1137, 0.0549, 0.0274
CMYK	0.09, 0.03, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	199°, 61%, 93%
HSV	199°, 9%, 97%
XYZ	79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750
YIQ	237.3130, -11.1870, -1.0030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

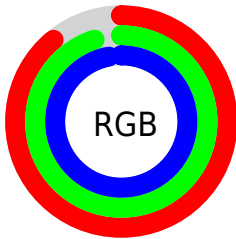
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 235, 248
Decimal	14873080
CIE Lab	94.25, -3.60, -5.08
CIE LCh	94, 6.225, 234.642
Yxy	85.8567, 0.2990, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293063160 (0xFFE2F1F8)
YUV	237.3130, 5.2687, -9.9215
Hunter-Lab	92.6589, -8.4967, 0.1220

# Details

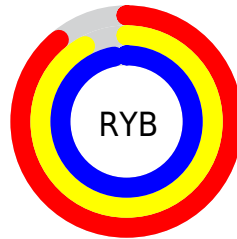
The XYZ color **79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **81.5781, 83.7246, 83.8137**, and the grayscale version is **80.7063, 84.9093, 92.4663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.6580, 47.1616, 56.6713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.2577, 77.5680, 100.0774**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.4983, 94.9347, 102.3627**.

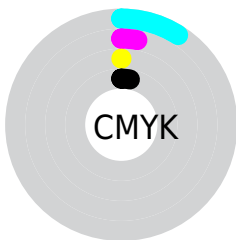
# Distribution



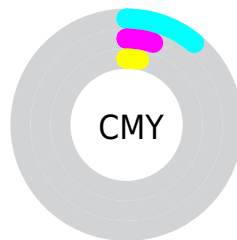
- Red (89%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79.7626, 85.8567,  
101.1750

■ 79.7626, 85.8567,  
101.1750

482.8812,  
514.4586, 585.2321

■ 59.8308, 64.5495,  
76.6599

131.9842,  
141.5695, 164.8369

■ 43.5312, 47.0959,  
56.4638

165.0047,  
176.7439, 204.8207

■ 30.4985, 33.1114,  
40.1685

203.1188,  
217.3094, 250.7979

■ 20.3672, 22.2118,  
27.3551

246.6919,  
263.6505, 303.1869

■ 12.7720, 14.0126,  
17.6053

296.0893,  
316.1516, 362.4062

■ 7.3477, 8.1295,  
10.5005

351.6765,

■ 3.7287, 4.1779,

375.1971, 428.8746

5.6221

413.8186,  
441.1712, 503.0103

■ 1.5498, 1.7736,  
2.5517

■ 0.3594, 0.4706,  
0.8673

■ 79.7626, 85.8567,  
101.1750

■ 79.7626, 85.8567,  
101.1750

■ 70.2577, 77.5680,  
100.0774

■ 90.4983, 94.9347,  
102.3627

■ 61.9270, 70.0304,  
99.0616

■ 93.9435, 99.5574,  
103.0734

■ 54.7199, 63.2183,  
98.1266

■ 48.5795, 57.1005,  
97.2694

■ 43.4433, 51.6427,  
96.4866

■ 39.2421, 46.8071,  
95.7747

■ 35.8969, 42.5511,  
95.1295

■ 33.3144, 38.8243,  
94.5463

■ 31.3580, 35.5543,  
94.0182

# Harmonies

## Analogous

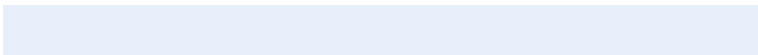
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.7241, 85.8567, 97.3650



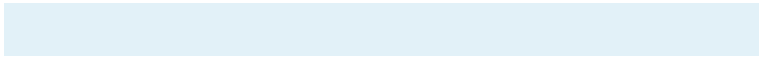
79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750



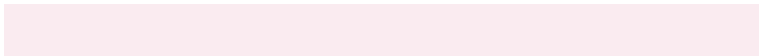
81.3052, 85.8567, 102.9283

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750



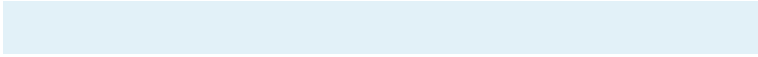
84.8387, 85.8567, 94.3435



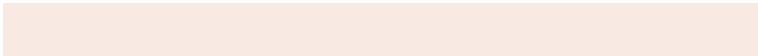
80.2745, 85.8567, 85.3820

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



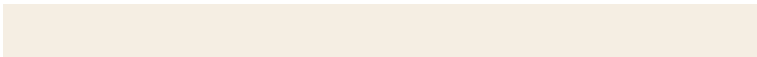
79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750



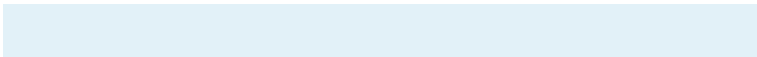
81.5781, 83.7246, 83.8137

# Split Complementary

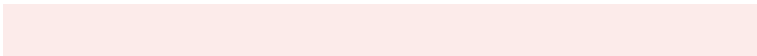
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.9040, 85.8567, 84.6346



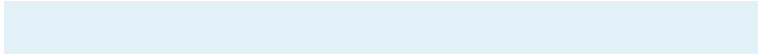
79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750



84.5537, 85.8567, 89.7062

# Square

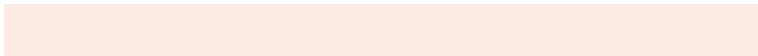
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



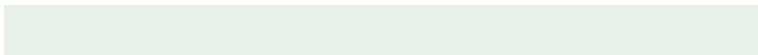
79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750



84.2475, 85.8567, 98.8991



83.4740, 85.8567, 86.1918



79.0168, 85.8567, 88.2690



# Rectangle

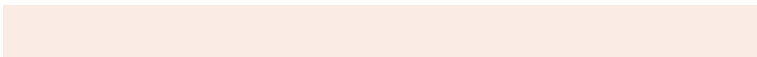
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750



82.4175, 85.8567, 102.6533



83.4740, 85.8567, 86.1918



80.7963, 85.8567, 84.8764

# Sweetspot

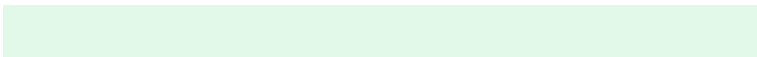
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.7651, 85.8603, 101.1769



91.5201, 97.0355, 108.5138



79.6360, 89.1863, 90.0846



19.3915, 20.6028, 23.2046



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

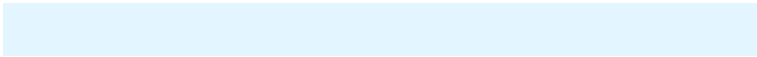


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.7651, 85.8603, 101.1769



82.6928, 89.5028, 107.5251



76.6148, 79.5597, 100.1268



17.2731, 18.6231, 22.0695



16.9624, 19.2804, 50.8010



1.6664, 1.9765, 4.7368



# Inverse Universe

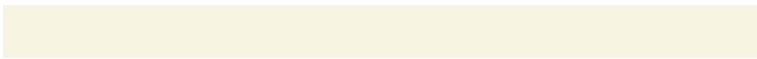
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.7869, 80.7017, 94.4897



85.3422, 82.8295, 98.7427



84.7809, 90.1302, 84.8813



17.7444, 17.4251, 20.5097



24.8539, 12.3573, 21.7367

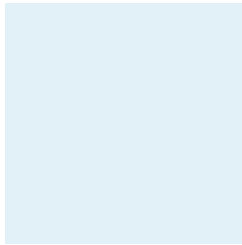


2.3500, 1.1638, 2.2667



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

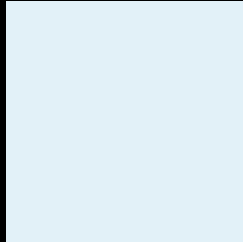
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

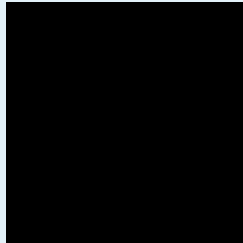
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

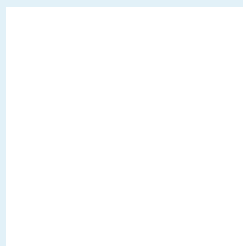
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750.



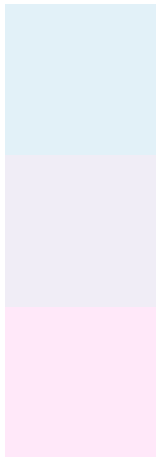
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.7626, 85.8567,

101.1750.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750

### Protanopia

82.8539, 85.7475, 99.3728

### Deuteranopia

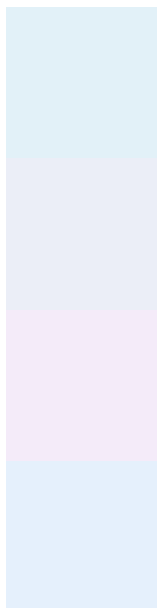
87.1955, 85.8128, 101.5904



## Tritanopia

81.5496, 85.7760, 106.8660

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750

## Protanomaly

81.6240, 85.5266, 100.2019

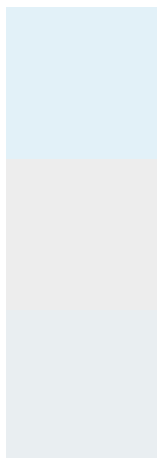
## Deuteranomaly

84.1154, 85.4893, 101.6903

## Tritanomaly

81.0439, 86.0065, 104.4249

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

80.0560, 84.8236, 95.3723

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 241, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 241, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 241, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 241, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 241, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 241, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 241, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 241, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 241, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 241,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.7626, 85.8567, 101.1750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 241, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
241, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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