

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.8460, 82.3684,  
106.2981)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.8460, 82.3684, 106.2981)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.8220, 82.3208,  
106.2902)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E9FF
RGB	230, 233, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0863, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	233°, 100%, 95%
HSV	233°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902
YIQ	234.6110, -8.8500, 6.2060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

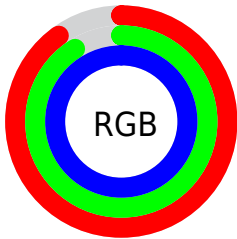
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	230, 233, 255
Decimal	15133183
CIE Lab	92.72, 3.13, -10.96
CIE LCh	93, 11.396, 285.943
Yxy	82.3208, 0.2974, 0.3067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293323263 (0xFFE6E9FF)
YUV	234.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438
Hunter-Lab	90.7308, -1.7405, -5.9461

# Details

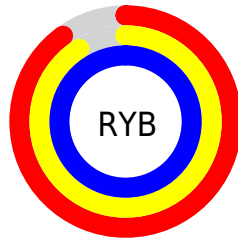
The XYZ color **79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **90.3326, 96.5920, 88.7475**, and the grayscale version is **78.6027, 82.6962, 90.0561**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.3707, 44.5202, 59.7334** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.2770, 66.5031, 103.9509**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

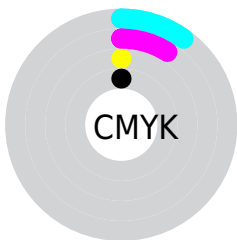
# Distribution



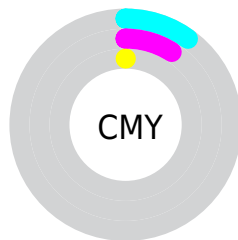
- Red (90%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79.8220, 82.3208,  
106.2902

■ 79.8220, 82.3208,  
106.2902

483.0784,  
502.7201, 601.5949

■ 59.8799, 61.6300,  
80.9180

132.0673,  
136.6238, 171.9018

■ 43.5709, 44.7338,  
59.9435

165.1011,  
171.0048, 212.9783

■ 30.5298, 31.2478,  
42.9481

203.2296,  
210.7179, 260.1267

■ 20.3911, 20.7876,  
29.5133

246.8180,  
256.1476, 313.7654

■ 12.7896, 12.9688,  
19.2205

296.2317,  
307.6783, 374.3130

■ 7.3598, 7.4071,  
11.6513

351.8362,

■ 3.7364, 3.7180,

365.6944, 442.1882

6.3871

413.9966,  
430.5802, 517.8093

■ 1.5541, 1.5171,  
3.0093

■ 0.3622, 0.3007,  
1.0994

■ 79.8220, 82.3208,  
106.2902

■ 79.8220, 82.3208,  
106.2902

■ 66.2770, 66.5031,  
103.9509

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 54.6524, 52.8271,  
101.9239

■ 44.8629, 41.2034,  
100.1963

■ 36.8139, 31.5324,  
98.7538

■ 30.4025, 23.7061,  
97.5811

■ 25.5147, 17.6058,  
96.6612

■ 22.0217, 13.0990,  
95.9754

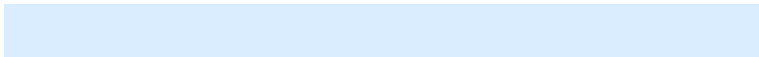
■ 19.7727, 10.0330,  
95.5022

■ 18.5483, 8.2073,  
95.2143

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.8651, 82.3208, 106.4464



79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902



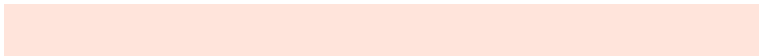
82.4180, 82.3208, 101.4892

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902



82.2805, 82.3208, 78.3901



72.8355, 82.3208, 85.7209

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902



90.3326, 96.5920, 88.7475

# Split Complementary

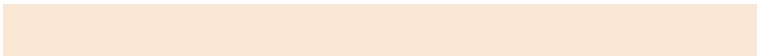
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.2123, 82.3208, 78.7387



79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902



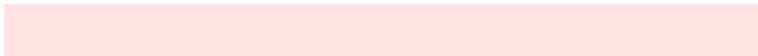
79.6382, 82.3208, 74.6911

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902



83.8618, 82.3208, 85.2172



76.6859, 82.3208, 74.8145



72.8819, 82.3208, 94.1996



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902



83.5728, 82.3208, 96.4643



76.6859, 82.3208, 74.8145



73.1456, 82.3208, 83.1327

# Sweetspot

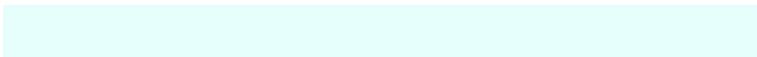
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.8242, 82.3242, 106.2907



90.1815, 94.3582, 108.0676



85.9117, 95.3505, 105.6954



19.0308, 19.8813, 23.0844



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.8242, 82.3242, 106.2907



76.6790, 78.6601, 105.7492



82.0007, 82.1947, 106.1510



17.1788, 17.7291, 22.7666



9.7375, 4.3845, 49.7677



1.0014, 0.5336, 4.8635



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.2461, 83.7382, 88.8176



82.0175, 80.3923, 84.6488



87.9911, 96.7961, 88.9103



18.0981, 18.0226, 19.1339



21.7032, 11.1706, 1.8217

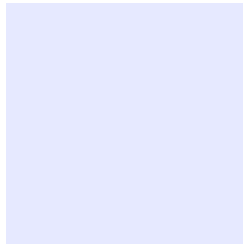


2.1401, 1.0984, 0.3192



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

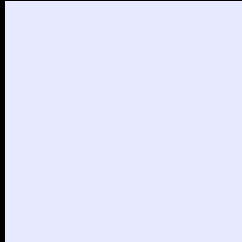
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

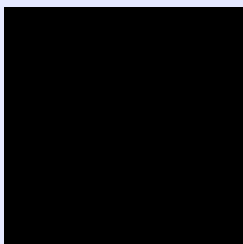
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.8220, 82.3208,

106.2902.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902

### Protanopia

80.1853, 82.0890, 106.2263

### Deuteranopia

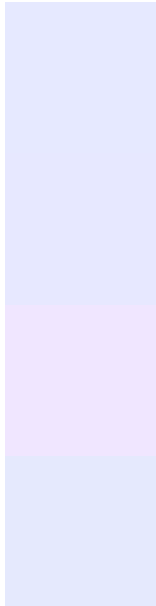
83.7994, 82.2996, 106.0765



## Tritanopia

79.0227, 81.9641, 103.7512

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902

## Protanomaly

79.8616, 81.9221, 106.2111

## Deuteranomaly

82.2820, 82.3389, 106.1640

## Tritanomaly

79.1816, 82.0277, 104.5881

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902

## Achromatopsia

78.9647, 83.0770, 90.4708

## Achromatomaly

79.0541, 82.5801, 95.7774

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 233, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 233, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 233, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 233, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 233, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 233, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 233, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 233, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 233, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 233,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.8220, 82.3208, 106.2902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 233, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
233, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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