

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.8634, 92.1832,  
107.6406)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.8634, 92.1832, 107.6406)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.9439, 92.2311,  
107.3548)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1FFFE
RGB	209, 255, 254
RGB Percent	82%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1804, 0.0000, 0.0039
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	179°, 100%, 91%
HSV	179°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548
YIQ	241.1320, -27.0950, -10.0630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 232, 255
Decimal	13762558
CIE Lab	96.91, -14.73, -4.38
CIE LCh	97, 15.364, 196.562
Yxy	92.2311, 0.2860, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291952638 (0xFFD1FFFE)
YUV	241.1320, 6.3439, -28.1798
Hunter-Lab	96.0370, -19.4764, 0.9487

# Details

The XYZ color **79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **75.6741, 71.5154, 70.7887**, and the grayscale version is **83.6797, 88.0376, 95.8729**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.5986, 51.2894, 60.4253** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2094, 88.7695, 106.5791**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.8354, 96.2890, 108.1889**.

# Distribution



- Red (82%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.9439, 92.2311,  
107.3548

79.9439, 92.2311,  
107.3548

483.4832,  
535.2621, 604.9711

59.9805, 69.8326,  
81.8059

132.2378,  
150.4337, 173.3679

43.6523, 51.3901,  
60.6707

165.2990,  
187.0065, 214.6692

30.5940, 36.5191,  
43.5306

203.4568,  
229.0729, 262.0584

20.4402, 24.8354,  
29.9672

247.0767,  
277.0172, 315.9539

12.8255, 15.9545,  
19.5618

296.5239,  
331.2239, 376.7745

7.3847, 9.4919,  
11.8960

352.1638,

3.7523, 5.0634,

392.0774, 444.9385

6.5512

414.3618,  
459.9620, 520.8645

■ 1.5630, 2.2845,  
3.1089

■ 0.3681, 0.7655,  
1.1505

■ 79.9439, 92.2311,  
107.3548

■ 79.9439, 92.2311,  
107.3548

■ 73.2094, 88.7695,  
106.5791

■ 87.8354, 96.2890,  
108.1889

■ 67.5739, 85.8745,  
105.8547

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 62.9794, 83.5161,  
105.1803

■ 59.3608, 81.6608,  
104.5530

■ 56.6462, 80.2715,  
103.9692

■ 54.7534, 79.3058,  
103.4253

■ 53.5856, 78.7138,  
102.9166

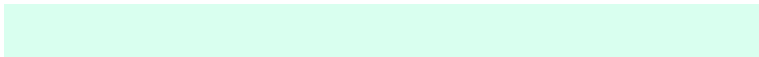
■ 53.0113, 78.4277,  
102.4371

■ 52.9317, 78.3887,  
102.3447

# Harmonies

## Analogous

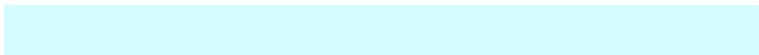
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.8338, 92.2311, 94.9993



79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



82.0778, 92.2311, 118.6960

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



93.8302, 92.2311, 117.6745



89.6064, 92.2311, 79.0289

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



75.6741, 71.5154, 70.7887

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.4957, 92.2311, 84.1305



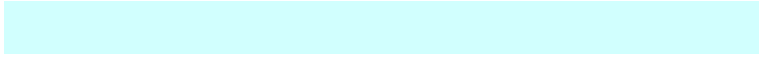
79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



95.9878, 92.2311, 106.0513

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



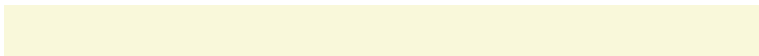
79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



90.0507, 92.2311, 124.9805



95.8634, 92.2311, 93.7981



85.3177, 92.2311, 79.3152

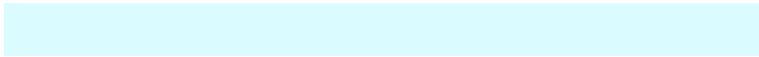


# Rectangle

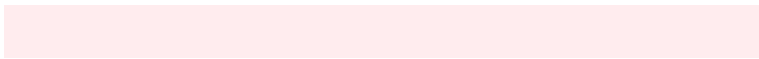
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



84.4021, 92.2311, 123.8554



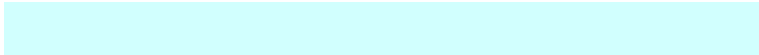
95.8634, 92.2311, 93.7981



91.0066, 92.2311, 80.1515

# Sweetspot

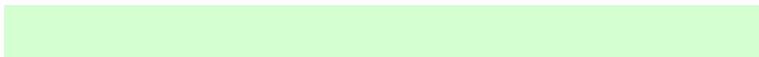
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.9449, 92.2316, 107.3563



90.4693, 97.6437, 108.4532



74.0001, 89.9040, 73.7763



19.2316, 20.8316, 23.2003



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

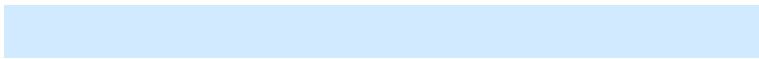
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.9449, 92.2316, 107.3563



77.1412, 90.7903, 107.0419



73.6357, 79.3566, 106.0441



18.5368, 20.4743, 23.1300



27.6657, 40.9629, 53.5180



2.6989, 3.9905, 5.2383



# Inverse Universe

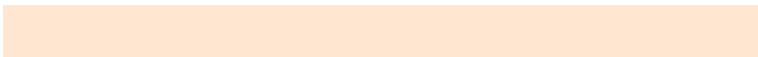
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.6741, 71.5154, 70.7887



72.0795, 66.2365, 63.7015



81.1762, 82.7181, 72.0110



18.0254, 17.9935, 18.7508



21.5715, 11.1179, 1.1282

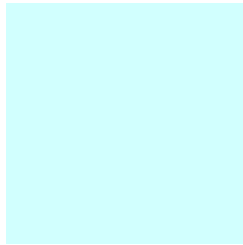


2.1057, 1.0847, 0.1381



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

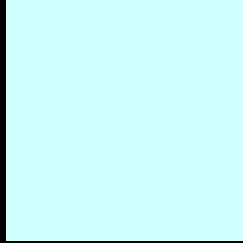
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

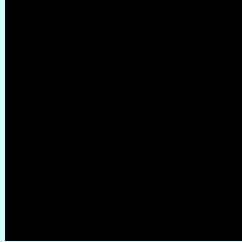
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

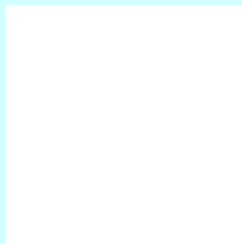
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548.



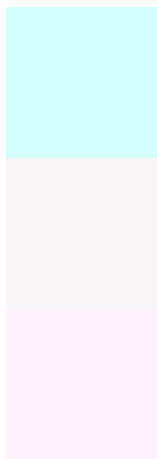
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.9439, 92.2311,

107.3548.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548

### Protanopia

88.3609, 91.6184, 101.8339

### Deuteranopia

90.5628, 91.7925, 105.0400



## Tritanopia

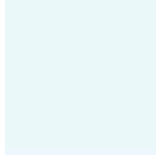
85.8784, 92.0170, 107.8425

# Trichromacy



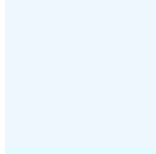
## Original Color

79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



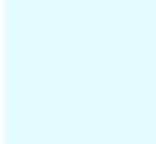
## Protanomaly

84.7544, 91.5294, 103.6424



## Deuteranomaly

86.2503, 91.7905, 106.1000



## Tritanomaly

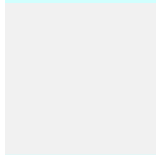
83.9112, 92.3831, 108.0169

# Monochromacy



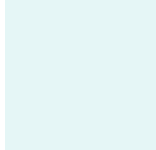
## Original Color

79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548



## Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909



## Achromatomaly

81.9034, 89.2234, 100.0938

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 255, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 255, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 255, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 255, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 255, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 255, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 255, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 255, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 255, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 255,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.9439, 92.2311, 107.3548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 255, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
255, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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