

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.9718, 79.6075, 70.8659)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.9718, 79.6075, 70.8659)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.2808, 79.1254,  
70.7687)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE0D0
RGB	255, 224, 208
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1215, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	20°, 100%, 91%
HSV	20°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687
YIQ	231.4450, 23.6120, 1.5960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

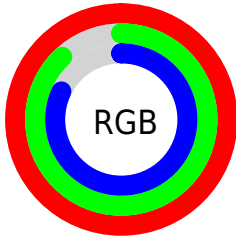
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 232, 208
Decimal	16769232
CIE Lab	91.29, 8.21, 11.74
CIE LCh	91, 14.324, 55.052
Yxy	79.1254, 0.3459, 0.3453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959312 (0xFFFFE0D0)
YUV	231.4450, -11.5584, 20.6577
Hunter-Lab	88.9525, 3.4252, 15.0968

# Details

The XYZ color **79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.9281, 82.3605, 106.5558**, and the grayscale version is **76.3600, 80.3367, 87.4866**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.3094, 42.7148, 36.5340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.0943, 69.3759, 54.1194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.4226, 89.9776, 90.2268**.

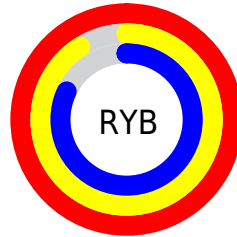
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

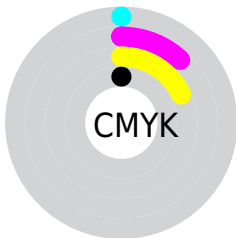
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (82%)

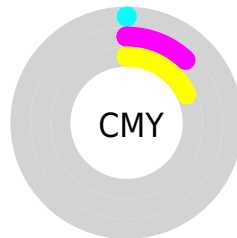


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.2808, 79.1254,  
70.7687

 79.2808, 79.1254,  
70.7687


481.2793,  
491.9805, 482.1063

 59.4331, 58.9989,  
51.6728


131.3099,  
132.1354, 121.9957

 43.2096, 42.6122,  
36.3639


164.2221,  
165.7877, 154.9639

 30.2448, 29.5810,  
24.4234


202.2199,  
204.7174, 193.3932

 20.1735, 19.5208,  
15.4329

245.6685,  
249.3088, 237.7023

 12.6302, 12.0472,  
8.9738

294.9334,  
299.9465, 288.3095

 7.2496, 6.7758,  
4.6275

350.3800,

 3.6664, 3.3223,

357.0147, 345.6336

1.9755

412.3735,  
420.8979, 410.0930

■ 1.5152, 1.3022,  
0.5402

■ 0.3361, 0.1429,  
0.0000

■ 79.2808, 79.1254,  
70.7687

■ 79.2808, 79.1254,  
70.7687

■ 72.0943, 69.3759,  
54.1194

■ 87.4226, 89.9776,  
90.2268

■ 65.8204, 60.6834,  
40.1430

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 60.4215, 53.0137,  
28.6995

■ 55.8548, 46.3270,  
19.6343

■ 52.0737, 40.5808,  
12.7753

■ 49.0260, 35.7286,  
7.9270

■ 46.6522, 31.7196,  
4.8588

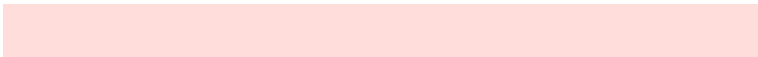
■ 44.8740, 28.4929,  
3.2495

■ 44.6350, 28.0500,  
3.0617

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.7164, 79.1254, 77.9544



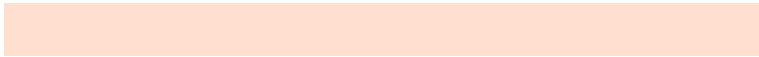
79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687



75.8107, 79.1254, 67.7138

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687



68.4568, 79.1254, 84.4394



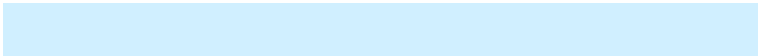
78.2044, 79.1254, 105.5864

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



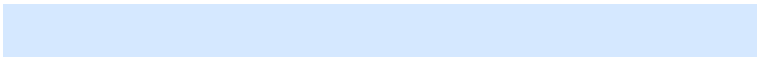
79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687



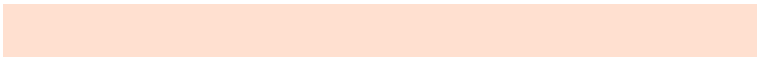
74.9281, 82.3605, 106.5558

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.6052, 79.1254, 107.6708



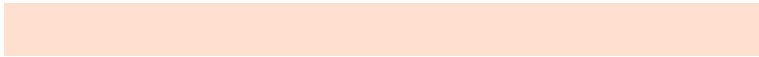
79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687



69.0516, 79.1254, 94.9096

# Square

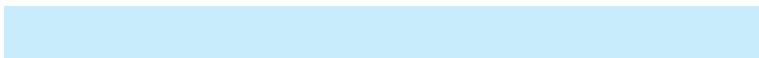
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687



69.6225, 79.1254, 75.1907



71.2739, 79.1254, 103.6219



81.0810, 79.1254, 98.1345



# Rectangle

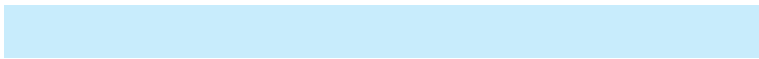
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687



73.4061, 79.1254, 68.2364



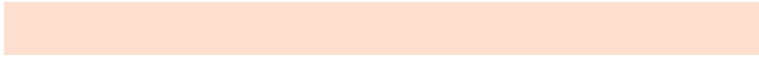
71.2739, 79.1254, 103.6219



77.0358, 79.1254, 106.9622

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2827, 79.1288, 70.7704



89.5489, 92.7839, 95.3940



79.4257, 72.6243, 91.7519



19.0436, 19.6968, 20.1174



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

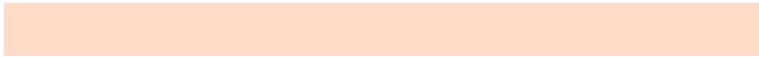


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2827, 79.1288, 70.7704



76.6096, 75.5238, 64.5118



85.9372, 92.4378, 72.9885



18.5150, 18.9981, 18.8355



23.4464, 14.9041, 1.6410

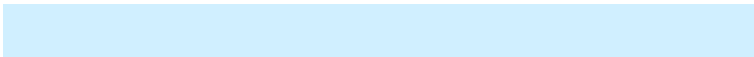


2.3795, 1.6444, 0.1920

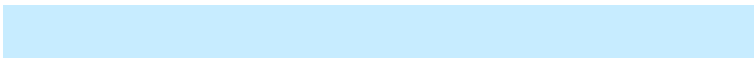


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.9281, 82.3605, 106.5558



71.5422, 79.2794, 106.1395



68.5765, 69.6572, 104.4386



18.0034, 19.3785, 23.0415



16.9080, 18.7257, 52.1579

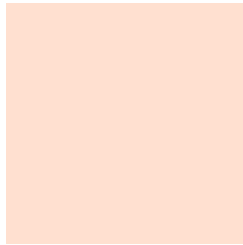


1.7477, 2.0262, 5.1122



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

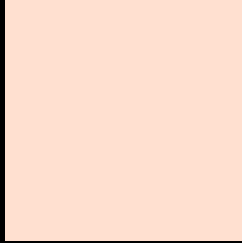
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687.



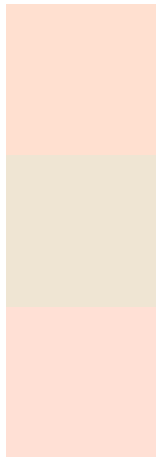
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2808, 79.1254,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687

### Protanopia

75.3738, 79.0925, 72.9218

### Deuteranopia

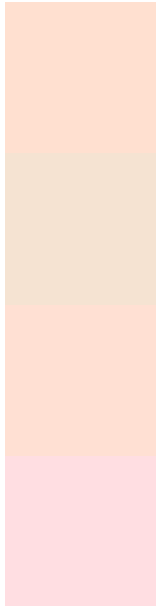
79.9059, 79.3754, 74.0603



## Tritanopia

82.2368, 79.0290, 90.2767

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687

## Protanomaly

76.7581, 79.0038, 72.1764

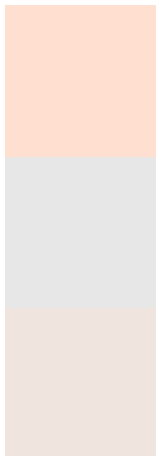
## Deuteranomaly

79.6535, 79.2745, 72.7313

## Tritanomaly

81.0887, 78.9935, 82.9249

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687

## Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223

## Achromatomaly

76.9979, 79.3398, 81.0679

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.2808, 79.1254, 70.7687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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