

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.0099, 17.1044, 3.2473)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.0099, 17.1044, 3.2473)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.8768, 17.6374,
3.3173)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00880D
RGB	0, 136, 13
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 5%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4667, 0.9490
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.90, 0.47
HSL	126°, 100%, 27%
HSV	126°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173
YIQ	81.3140, -41.5730, -67.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

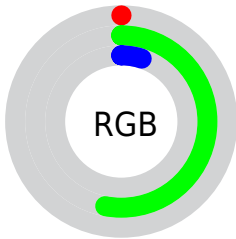
Format	Color
RYB	0, 124, 136
Decimal	34829
CIELab	49.05, -53.55, 49.70
CIELCh	49, 73.057, 137.138
Yxy	17.6374, 0.2976, 0.5912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224909 (0xFF00880D)
YUV	81.3140, -33.6788, -71.3124
Hunter-Lab	41.9969, -35.7654, 24.7146

Details

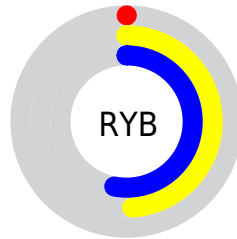
The XYZ color **8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **13.7285, 6.6644, 19.2996**, and the grayscale version is **7.9545, 8.3687, 9.1135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.4243, 39.6014, 12.3705**, and **3.1703, 6.3406, 1.0568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8772, 17.6381, 3.3177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.1583, 17.7708, 3.8847**.

Distribution



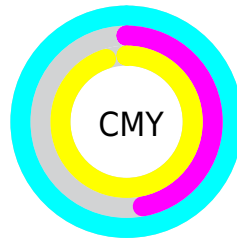
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.8768, 17.6374,
3.3173

■ 8.8768, 17.6374,
3.3173

176.6827,
238.8192, 140.3046

■ 4.7174, 10.6900,
1.2588

■ 23.3296, 39.4185,
12.4018

■ 2.1154, 5.8588,
0.0277

■ 34.3536, 55.0209,
20.2650

■ 0.6976, 2.7594,
0.0000

■ 48.3966, 74.2772,
30.9002

■ 0.0000, 1.0074,
0.0000


■ 65.8238, 97.5716,
44.7258


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 87.0007, 125.2887,
62.1606


■ 112.2926,


157.8127, 83.6230


 142.0648,
195.5281, 109.5315


 8.8768, 17.6374,
3.3173


 8.8768, 17.6374,
3.3173


 8.8772, 17.6381,
3.3177

 9.1583, 17.7708,
3.8847

 9.6054, 17.9822,
4.7654

 10.2848, 18.3059,
5.9984

 11.2226, 18.7545,
7.6157

 12.4417, 19.3393,
9.6454

■ 13.9620, 20.0700,
12.1132

■ 15.8020, 20.9556,
15.0426

■ 17.9784, 22.0044,
18.4555

■ 20.5070, 23.2238,
22.3724

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.1915, 17.6374, 1.0336



8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173



6.9595, 17.6374, 12.0034

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173



14.0129, 17.6374, 83.9380



32.6613, 17.6374, 10.1328

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173



13.7285, 6.6644, 19.2996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.0576, 17.6374, 28.8273



8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173



20.9290, 17.6374, 82.0156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173



9.3370, 17.6374, 61.9334



28.3193, 17.6374, 57.7114



27.3500, 17.6374, 2.7403

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173



6.8338, 17.6374, 24.2548



28.3193, 17.6374, 57.7114



33.4162, 17.6374, 14.9083

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.8772, 17.6381, 3.3177



27.6179, 36.8184, 26.1470



17.2137, 21.9442, 3.3284



6.1081, 8.3881, 5.5989



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.8772, 17.6381, 3.3177



15.6154, 31.0710, 5.6977



10.2280, 18.1785, 10.4309



4.9900, 5.6155, 5.4686



8.4035, 16.6940, 3.1495



0.0580, 0.1118, 0.0325

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.7285, 6.6644, 19.2996



24.1616, 11.7316, 33.8464



10.8840, 5.5266, 4.3207



5.2136, 5.1209, 6.2132



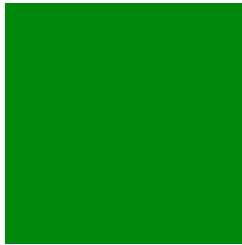
12.9949, 6.3081, 18.2754



0.0891, 0.0430, 0.1360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

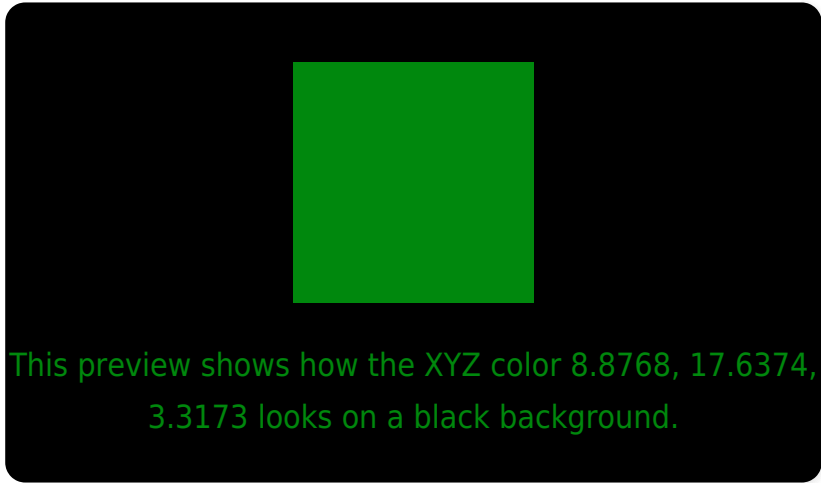
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

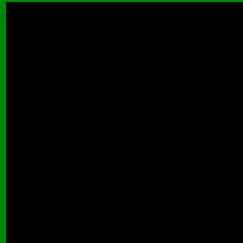
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.8768, 17.6374,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173

Protanopia

15.6055, 17.3161, 2.5198

Deuteranopia

17.6907, 17.3671, 3.7863



Tritanopia

13.6636, 17.5977, 26.3435

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173

Protanomaly

10.6776, 16.0159, 2.6722

Deuteranomaly

11.2865, 15.5910, 3.3342

Tritanomaly

10.6420, 17.1130, 12.8675

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

6.7837, 10.3229, 5.3764

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 136, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 136, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 136, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 136, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 136, 13) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 136, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 136, 13)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 136, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 136, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 136, 13)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.8768, 17.6374, 3.3173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 136, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 136,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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