

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.0128, 10.3654, 20.1210)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.0128, 10.3654, 20.1210)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.9747, 10.3288,
19.9857)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00637A
RGB	0, 99, 122
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 48%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6118, 0.5216
CMYK	1.00, 0.19, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	191°, 100%, 24%
HSV	191°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857
YIQ	72.0210, -66.3870, -13.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

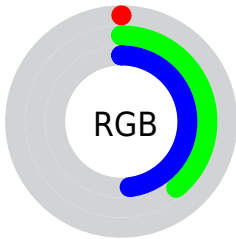
Format	Color
RYB	0, 55, 122
Decimal	25466
CIELab	38.43, -15.70, -19.82
CIELCh	38, 25.291, 231.614
Yxy	10.3288, 0.2083, 0.2698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215546 (0xFF00637A)
YUV	72.0210, 24.6396, -63.1624
Hunter-Lab	32.1385, -11.9500, -14.3733

Details

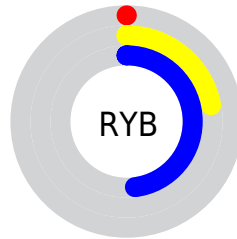
The XYZ color **7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **8.3329, 4.7511, 0.4783**, and the grayscale version is **6.1314, 6.4507, 7.0248**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.5268, 26.4052, 44.0065**, and **2.4306, 2.9370, 6.7421** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.9745, 10.3285, 19.9858**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.3506, 10.8509, 20.0669**.

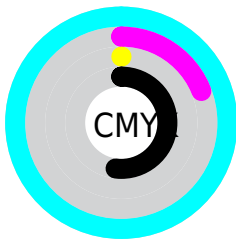
Distribution



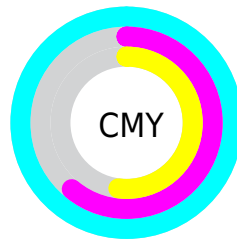
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.9747, 10.3288,
19.9857

7.9747, 10.3288,
19.9857

169.9078,
193.0029, 264.4394

4.1304, 5.6175,
12.2007

21.5947, 26.4121,
44.2519

1.7762, 2.6139,
6.7563

32.1012, 38.5530,
61.5701

0.5033, 0.9337,
3.2340

45.5591, 53.9391,
82.9031

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.2153

62.3338, 72.9549,
108.6695

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

82.7907, 95.9848,
139.2878

107.2951,

123.4132, 175.1765

136.2123,
155.6244, 216.7542

7.9747, 10.3288,
19.9857

7.9747, 10.3288,
19.9857

7.9745, 10.3285,
19.9858

8.3506, 10.8509,
20.0669

8.8099, 11.4251,
20.1535

9.4061, 12.0793,
20.2483

10.1546, 12.8214,
20.3521

11.0687, 13.6584,
20.4655

■ 12.1602, 14.5964,
20.5890

■ 13.4397, 15.6410,
20.7232

■ 14.9171, 16.7974,
20.8686

■ 16.6015, 18.0702,
21.0255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.1514, 10.3288, 14.9393



7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857



9.3614, 10.3288, 22.8539

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857



13.3052, 10.3288, 12.6252



8.6935, 10.3288, 4.7339

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857



8.3329, 4.7511, 0.4783

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2876, 10.3288, 4.4358



7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857



13.0747, 10.3288, 8.2183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857



12.5222, 10.3288, 17.8903



11.9237, 10.3288, 5.5184



7.5328, 10.3288, 6.4922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857



10.4704, 10.3288, 22.7115



11.9237, 10.3288, 5.5184



9.1918, 10.3288, 4.4839

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.9750, 10.3292, 19.9860



23.4666, 27.3749, 36.4400



7.1083, 13.9787, 3.1020



5.1856, 6.1140, 8.3135



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.9750, 10.3292, 19.9860



13.9373, 17.9864, 35.1301



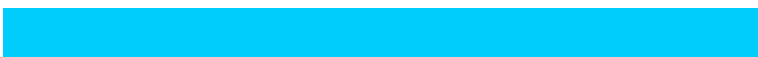
4.2270, 2.8331, 18.7366



4.0459, 4.3901, 5.0773



8.3902, 10.8629, 21.0398



39.4380, 50.6486, 100.1673

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.2785, 5.0389, 12.2355



18.0357, 8.8454, 21.2794



11.1481, 10.3813, 1.4167



4.1236, 4.0652, 4.8487



10.8183, 5.3035, 12.8661



51.3096, 25.1802, 59.8197

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

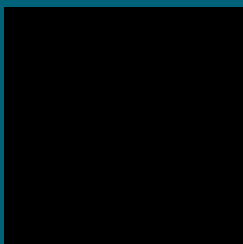
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857.

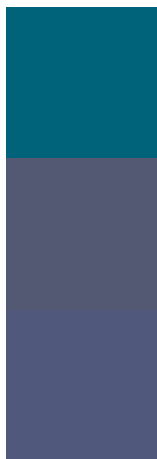


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.9747, 10.3288,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857

Protanopia

10.3230, 10.2674, 17.6574

Deuteranopia

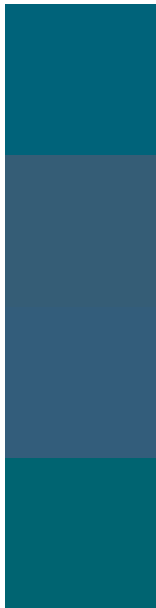
10.5187, 10.3055, 20.5035



Tritanopia

7.3605, 10.3901, 15.8049

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857

Protanomaly

8.6526, 9.8936, 18.5932

Deuteranomaly

8.8547, 9.9626, 20.1952

Tritanomaly

7.5378, 10.3066, 17.2149

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857

Achromatopsia

6.1596, 6.4803, 7.0571

Achromatomaly

5.9895, 7.3536, 10.7766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 99, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 99, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 99, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 99, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 99, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 99, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 99, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 99, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 122)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.9747, 10.3288, 19.9857 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 99, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 99,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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