

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.0129, 10.8600, 18.5961)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.0129, 10.8600, 18.5961)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.9623, 10.7871,
18.4921)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006675
RGB	0, 102, 117
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 46%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6000, 0.5412
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	188°, 100%, 23%
HSV	188°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921
YIQ	73.2120, -65.6070, -16.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

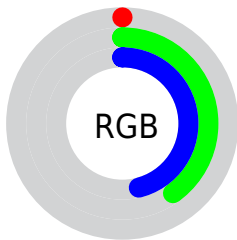
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 117
Decimal	26229
CIELab	39.22, -19.24, -15.55
CIELCh	39, 24.737, 218.951
Yxy	10.7871, 0.2138, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216309 (0xFF006675)
YUV	73.2120, 21.5875, -64.2069
Hunter-Lab	32.8437, -14.2028, -10.3916

Details

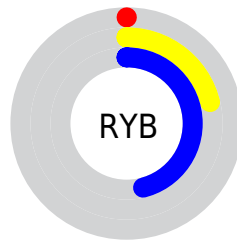
The XYZ color **7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.5074, 4.1241, 0.4009**, and the grayscale version is **6.3426, 6.6729, 7.2668**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.5332, 27.1835, 41.6481**, and **2.4404, 3.1620, 6.1119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.9622, 10.7869, 18.4923**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.2589, 11.1611, 18.5489**.

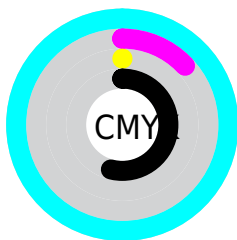
Distribution



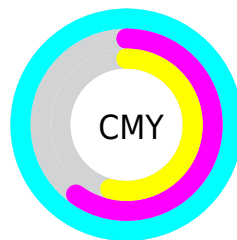
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.9623, 10.7871,
18.4921

7.9623, 10.7871,
18.4921

169.8124,
196.2010, 255.9589

4.1224, 5.9239,
11.1308

21.5706, 27.2658,
41.6993

1.7716, 2.7988,
6.0396

32.0698, 39.6501,
58.3822

0.5005, 1.0276,
2.8000

45.5195, 55.3101,
79.0095

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9934

62.2850, 74.6303,
103.9995

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

82.7317, 97.9952,
133.7710

107.2249,

125.7889, 168.7423

136.1300,
158.3961, 209.3321

7.9623, 10.7871,
18.4921

7.9623, 10.7871,
18.4921

7.9622, 10.7869,
18.4923

8.2589, 11.1611,
18.5489

8.6257, 11.5750,
18.6094

9.1140, 12.0556,
18.6764

9.7376, 12.6099,
18.7506

10.5085, 13.2442,
18.8324

■ 11.4372, 13.9640,
18.9224

■ 12.5333, 14.7741,
19.0210

■ 13.8056, 15.6792,
19.1286

■ 15.2623, 16.6834,
19.2457

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4081, 10.7871, 13.2282



7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921



9.1470, 10.7871, 22.5290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921



13.5350, 10.7871, 15.3499



9.7634, 10.7871, 4.8242

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921



7.5074, 4.1241, 0.4009

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.4443, 10.7871, 5.1054



7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921



13.7459, 10.7871, 10.3776

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921



12.3966, 10.7871, 20.4007



12.9452, 10.7871, 6.8788



8.3716, 10.7871, 5.9672

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921



10.1944, 10.7871, 23.4828



12.9452, 10.7871, 6.8788



10.3114, 10.7871, 4.7637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.9627, 10.7875, 18.4924



22.2768, 26.3351, 34.0461



6.4386, 12.7537, 2.5260



4.9672, 5.9418, 7.8140



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.9627, 10.7875, 18.4924



14.1898, 19.1799, 33.0912



4.1443, 3.1507, 17.2196



3.7452, 4.0791, 4.6802



8.7648, 11.8693, 20.3716



42.2743, 56.9651, 99.1276

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.7347, 4.7417, 12.9729



17.3970, 8.4764, 23.0483



9.6639, 8.4371, 1.1197



3.8074, 3.7502, 4.5126



10.7212, 5.2222, 14.2719



52.0248, 25.3601, 68.3853

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

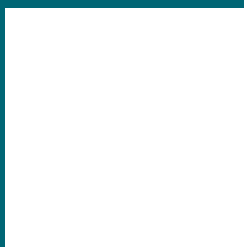
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.9623, 10.7871,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921

Protanopia

10.7614, 10.9039, 16.2893

Deuteranopia

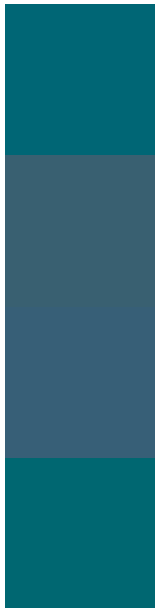
11.0617, 10.8645, 19.2833



Tritanopia

7.7195, 10.8482, 16.7260

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921

Protanomaly

8.8508, 10.4279, 17.1691

Deuteranomaly

8.9975, 10.3286, 18.9722

Tritanomaly

7.8309, 10.8928, 17.3126

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921

Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556

Achromatomaly

6.1002, 7.6428, 10.6049

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 102, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.9623, 10.7871, 18.4921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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