

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.0757, 5.3695, 4.8682)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.0757, 5.3695, 4.8682)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E2B3C
RGB	110, 43, 60
RGB Percent	43%, 17%, 24%
CMY	0.5686, 0.8314, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.45, 0.57
HSL	345°, 44%, 30%
HSV	345°, 61%, 43%
XYZ	8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838
YIQ	64.9710, 34.4750, 19.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

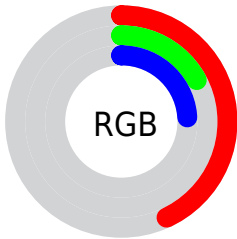
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 43, 60
Decimal	7220028
CIE _{Lab}	27.76, 31.50, 4.39
CIE _{LCh}	28, 31.800, 7.934
Yxy	5.3690, 0.4417, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285410108 (0xFF6E2B3C)
YUV	64.9710, -2.4507, 39.4904
Hunter-Lab	23.1711, 21.9257, 3.7232

Details

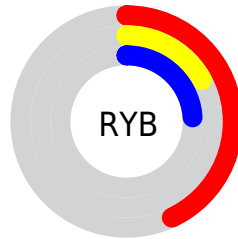
The XYZ color **8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **8.5483, 12.4559, 12.3105**, and the grayscale version is **5.0202, 5.2816, 5.7517**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.7908, 16.6083, 15.9671**, and **1.8541, 0.9432, 0.6566** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.5622, 4.5943, 3.7124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.7996, 6.3736, 6.2689**.

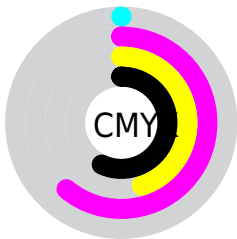
Distribution



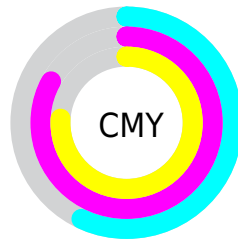
- Red (43%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (57%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.1099, 5.3690,
4.8838


 8.1099, 5.3690,
4.8838


170.9431,
153.3262, 157.5935


 4.2177, 2.4654,
2.1217

 21.8570, 16.6072,
16.0016


 1.8260, 0.8592,
0.6286

 32.4426, 25.7105,
25.1944

 0.5333, 0.0000,
0.0000

 45.9901, 37.6491,
37.3678

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 62.8648, 52.8075,
52.9404

 83.4321, 71.5700,
72.3308

 108.0574, 94.3210,

95.9574

137.1059,
121.4450, 124.2388

■ 8.1099, 5.3690,
4.8838

■ 8.1099, 5.3690,
4.8838

■ 7.5622, 4.5943,
3.7124

■ 8.7996, 6.3736,
6.2689

■ 7.1454, 4.0302,
2.7431

■ 9.6401, 7.6237,
7.8775

■ 6.8479, 3.6557,
1.9639

■ 10.6401, 9.1344,
9.7194

■ 6.6389, 3.3984,
1.3987

■ 11.8075, 10.9195,
11.8036

■ 13.1497, 12.9916,
14.1386

■ 14.6736, 15.3628,
16.7325

■ 16.3857, 18.0442,
19.5929

■ 18.2922, 21.0467,
22.7274

■ 20.3991, 24.3802,
26.1429

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.8882, 5.3690, 9.0856



8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838



7.4214, 5.3690, 2.3775

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838



3.6752, 5.3690, 1.7393



4.1936, 5.3690, 15.7203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838



8.5483, 12.4559, 12.3105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.3261, 5.3690, 11.6691



8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838



3.0654, 5.3690, 3.4856

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838



4.7550, 5.3690, 1.1558



2.9499, 5.3690, 6.9268



5.4677, 5.3690, 16.6480

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838



6.5996, 5.3690, 1.5529



2.9499, 5.3690, 6.9268



3.8518, 5.3690, 14.6136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.1100, 5.3693, 4.8839



21.2795, 20.0123, 21.6832



8.1056, 5.1361, 15.3160



4.8344, 4.4762, 4.8395



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.1100, 5.3693, 4.8839



12.9583, 7.6255, 5.7901



8.4119, 6.5801, 3.1126



3.4160, 3.4141, 3.7175



7.9645, 4.0782, 1.6229



39.3715, 20.1939, 6.4887

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1100, 5.3693, 4.8839



12.9583, 7.6255, 5.7901



7.8464, 9.7104, 16.2126



3.4160, 3.4141, 3.7175



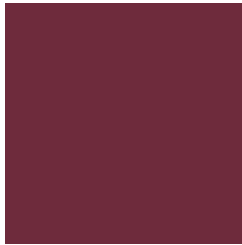
7.9645, 4.0782, 1.6229



39.3715, 20.1939, 6.4887

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

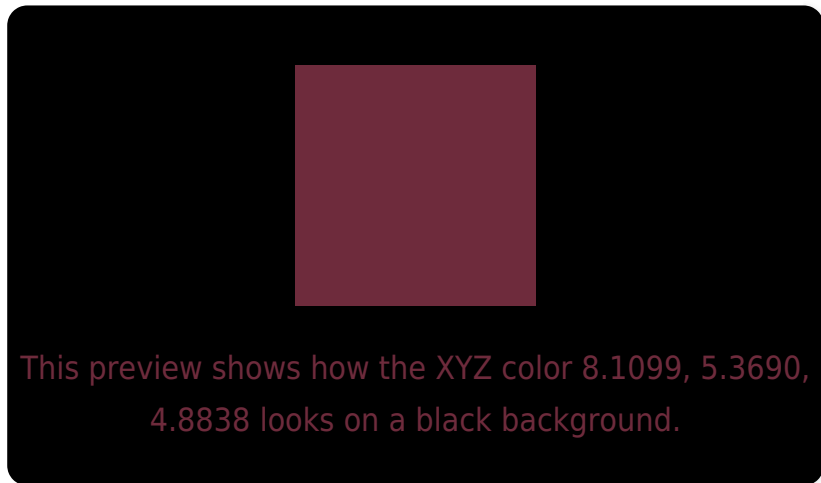
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838

Protanopia

5.3976, 5.5357, 7.0873

Deuteranopia

5.5524, 5.4987, 4.6396



Tritanopia

7.7786, 5.3414, 3.4173

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838

Protanomaly

6.0361, 5.2373, 6.1616

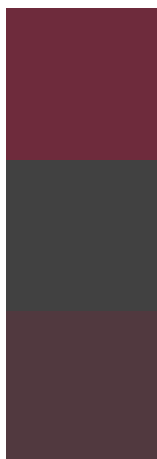
Deuteranomaly

6.2024, 5.2085, 4.6814

Tritanomaly

7.8272, 5.3005, 3.8594

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

5.7537, 5.0345, 5.3711

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 43, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 43, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 43, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 43, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 43, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 43, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 43, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 43, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 43, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 43,  
60) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.1099, 5.3690, 4.8838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 43, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 43,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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