

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.1492, 9.7662, 5.5596)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.1492, 9.7662, 5.5596)
contains.

XYZ(8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	535C3B
RGB	83, 92, 59
RGB Percent	33%, 36%, 23%
CMY	0.6745, 0.6392, 0.7686
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.36, 0.64
HSL	76°, 22%, 30%
HSV	76°, 36%, 36%
XYZ	8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997
YIQ	85.5470, 5.2290, -12.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

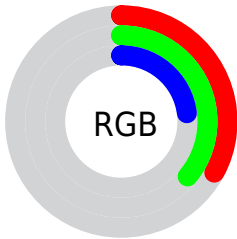
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 92, 68
Decimal	5463099
CIE Lab	37.50, -9.81, 17.86
CIE LCh	37, 20.376, 118.765
Yxy	9.8091, 0.3469, 0.4158
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283653179 (0xFF535C3B)
YUV	85.5470, -13.0877, -2.2337
Hunter-Lab	31.3195, -8.1669, 11.3230

Details

The XYZ color **8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **5.8802, 5.1299, 10.8061**, and the grayscale version is **8.7757, 9.2327, 10.0544**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.9997, 25.3941, 17.6520**, and **1.8335, 2.3847, 0.8539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7485, 9.6102, 4.4417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.6697, 10.0298, 6.9801**.

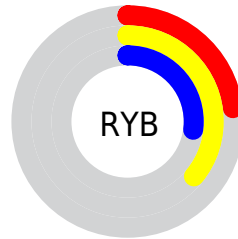
Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (36%)

 Blue (23%)




 Red (23%)

 Yellow (36%)

 Blue (27%)

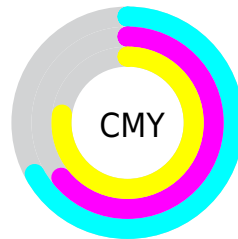



 Cyan (10%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (36%)

 Black (64%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (64%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.1838, 9.8091,
5.5997

8.1838, 9.8091,
5.5997

171.5059,
189.3041, 164.6235

4.2656, 5.2726,
2.5384

22.0000, 25.4358,
17.5573

1.8535, 2.4081,
0.8604

32.6286, 37.2948,
27.2907

0.5496, 0.8300,
0.0000

46.2248, 52.3634,
40.0852

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

63.1538, 71.0259,
56.3594

83.7811, 93.6669,
76.5318

108.4720,

120.6707, 101.0209

137.5918,
152.4216, 130.2453

■ 8.1838, 9.8091,
5.5997

■ 8.1838, 9.8091,
5.5997

■ 7.7485, 9.6102,
4.4417

■ 8.6697, 10.0298,
6.9801

■ 7.3609, 9.4309,
3.4938

■ 9.2075, 10.2720,
8.5932

■ 7.0185, 9.2707,
2.7437

■ 9.7996, 10.5367,
10.4491

■ 6.7187, 9.1284,
2.1770

■ 10.4478, 10.8249,
12.5574

■ 6.4583, 9.0027,
1.7781

■ 11.1539, 11.1372,
14.9271

■ 6.2278, 8.8899,
1.4968

■ 11.9197, 11.4743,
17.5667

■ 6.1354, 8.8446,
1.3838

■ 12.7466, 11.8369,
20.4844

■ 13.6364, 12.2256,
23.6880

■ 14.5904, 12.6410,
27.1850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.3766, 9.8091, 5.0518



8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997



7.3657, 9.8091, 7.4144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997



8.0995, 9.8091, 17.9477



12.0189, 9.8091, 10.8338

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997



5.8802, 5.1299, 10.8061

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6002, 9.8091, 14.7873



8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997



9.2701, 9.8091, 19.4349

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997



7.3202, 9.8091, 14.4614



10.5639, 9.8091, 18.1642



11.6619, 9.8091, 7.6236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997



7.1032, 9.8091, 9.3599



10.5639, 9.8091, 18.1642



11.9635, 9.8091, 12.1197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.1840, 9.8095, 5.5999



16.5709, 18.1818, 16.4542



7.2585, 6.7015, 5.0488



4.1330, 4.5489, 4.0578



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.1840, 9.8095, 5.5999



13.6704, 16.8694, 8.0549



6.9112, 9.1533, 5.5403



2.4455, 2.6584, 2.5105



8.8241, 12.7704, 1.9999



47.4397, 69.4768, 10.9100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.8802, 5.1299, 10.8061



8.9796, 7.3355, 18.6642



7.1792, 5.7996, 10.8669



2.2729, 2.3081, 2.9002



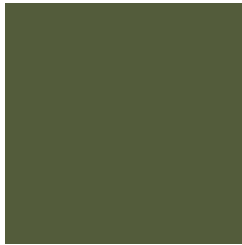
3.3284, 1.3929, 14.7456



17.4682, 7.2368, 80.7119

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

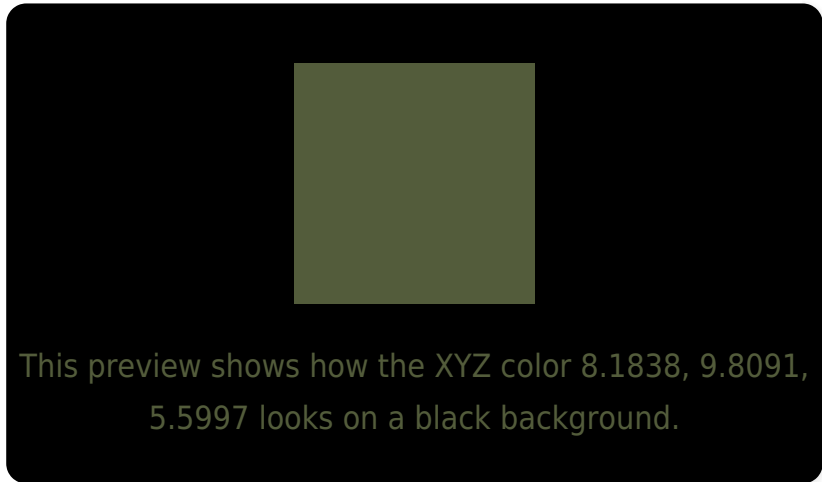
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

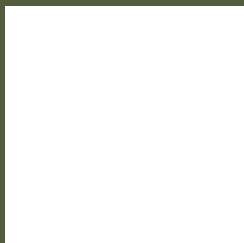
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997

Protanopia

9.0521, 9.7617, 5.2780

Deuteranopia

9.8383, 9.6808, 5.7649



Tritanopia

9.5798, 9.8804, 12.2287

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997

Protanomaly

8.6505, 9.6744, 5.4144

Deuteranomaly

9.1536, 9.6840, 5.6617

Tritanomaly

8.9331, 9.7324, 9.3904

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997

Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341

Achromatomaly

8.5405, 9.4325, 8.2080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(83, 92, 59) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 92, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 92, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 92, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 92, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 92, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 92, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 92, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 92, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 92, 59)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.1838, 9.8091, 5.5997 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 92, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 92,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor