

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.1714, 12.5000, 14.6334)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.1714, 12.5000, 14.6334)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.1924, 12.5477,
14.5605)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007066
RGB	0, 112, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 44%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5608, 0.6000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.56
HSL	175°, 100%, 22%
HSV	175°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605
YIQ	77.3720, -63.5420, -26.8540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

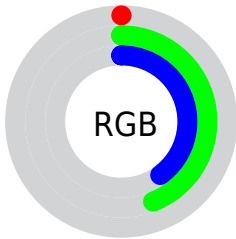
Format	Color
RYB	0, 59, 112
Decimal	28774
CIELab	42.07, -29.45, -2.15
CIElCh	42, 29.530, 184.171
Yxy	12.5477, 0.2321, 0.3555
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218854 (0xFF007066)
YUV	77.3720, 12.1416, -67.8552
Hunter-Lab	35.4227, -20.7072, 0.4248

Details

The XYZ color **8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.7372, 3.4669, 0.6014**, and the grayscale version is **7.1104, 7.4807, 8.1464**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.9269, 30.3467, 34.8388**, and **2.4671, 3.8308, 4.2238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.1927, 12.5481, 14.5607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.3834, 12.6407, 14.8302**.

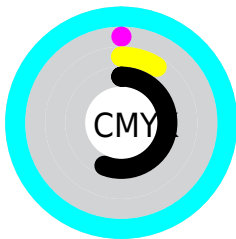
Distribution



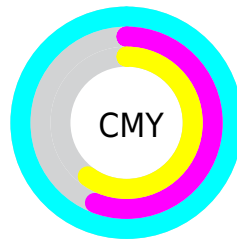
- Red (0%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.1924, 12.5477,
14.5605

8.1924, 12.5477,
14.5605

171.5713,
207.9982, 232.2388

4.2711, 7.1178,
8.3683

22.0166, 30.4888,
34.8116

1.8566, 3.5359,
4.2404

32.6502, 43.7688,
49.7077

0.5514, 1.4175,
1.7581

46.2521, 60.4343,
68.3421

0.0000, 0.2296,
0.4001


63.1874, 80.8697,
91.1334


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


83.8217, 105.4594,
118.5002


108.5202,


134.5878, 150.8610


 137.6482,
168.6393, 188.6344


 8.1924, 12.5477,
14.5605


 8.1924, 12.5477,
14.5605


 8.1927, 12.5481,
14.5607

 8.3834, 12.6407,
14.8302

 8.6330, 12.7635,
15.1056

 8.9910, 12.9422,
15.3892

 9.4696, 13.1829,
15.6815

 10.0795, 13.4913,
15.9832

■ 10.8301, 13.8721,
16.2946

■ 11.7300, 14.3299,
16.6163

■ 12.7871, 14.8686,
16.9484

■ 14.0088, 15.4921,
17.2915

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.5162, 12.5477, 9.0434



8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605



8.7638, 12.5477, 21.6386

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605



14.4575, 12.5477, 26.3027



13.8613, 12.5477, 5.4145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605



6.7372, 3.4669, 0.6014

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7704, 12.5477, 7.9354



8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605



16.1431, 12.5477, 19.6348

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605



12.2358, 12.5477, 29.6126



16.6506, 12.5477, 12.8018



11.6218, 12.5477, 4.8047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605



9.6221, 12.5477, 25.9934



16.6506, 12.5477, 12.8018



14.5715, 12.5477, 6.0183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.1928, 12.5482, 14.5608



20.4713, 25.1045, 29.1443



5.9351, 11.6614, 1.9382



4.7887, 5.9654, 6.9571



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.1928, 12.5482, 14.5608



14.3692, 22.0340, 25.4585



4.9440, 5.2084, 16.0746



3.4627, 3.8103, 4.2431



9.4667, 14.5042, 16.8103



46.9942, 72.1863, 82.8780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7372, 3.4669, 0.6014



11.8113, 6.0806, 0.9312



7.6133, 5.3067, 0.6231



3.3955, 3.4059, 3.6094



7.7836, 4.0058, 0.6706



38.6270, 19.8961, 2.5680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1924, 12.5477,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605

Protanopia

11.9617, 12.5566, 12.3829

Deuteranopia

12.6765, 12.4498, 15.0995



Tritanopia

9.3846, 12.7306, 19.4154

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605

Protanomaly

9.2880, 11.8875, 13.1143

Deuteranomaly

9.5648, 11.6955, 14.8500

Tritanomaly

8.9145, 12.6897, 17.6023

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

6.6025, 8.6372, 10.1233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 112, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 112, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 112, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 112, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 112, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 112, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 112, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 112, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 112, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 112,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.1924, 12.5477, 14.5605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 112, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 112,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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