

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.1750, 8.3548, 8.3951)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.1750, 8.3548, 8.3951)
contains.

XYZ(8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57504E
RGB	87, 80, 78
RGB Percent	34%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6863, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.10, 0.66
HSL	13°, 5%, 32%
HSV	13°, 10%, 34%
XYZ	8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816
YIQ	81.8650, 4.8140, 0.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

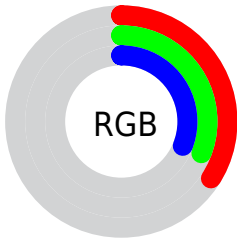
Format	Color
RYB	87, 81, 78
Decimal	5722190
CIELab	34.63, 2.48, 2.21
CIELCh	35, 3.322, 41.715
Yxy	8.3136, 0.3287, 0.3343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283912270 (0xFF57504E)
YUV	81.8650, -1.9054, 4.5034
Hunter-Lab	28.8333, 0.1468, 2.9482




Details

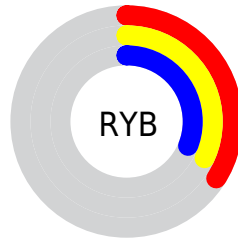
The XYZ color **8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **8.1107, 8.8048, 10.2890**, and the grayscale version is **7.9962, 8.4127, 9.1614**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.9975, 22.5512, 23.2721**, and **1.8745, 1.8695, 1.7754** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.4122, 7.2559, 6.6892**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.0280, 9.4883, 10.3085**.

Distribution







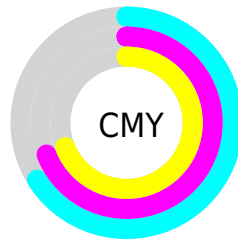
-  Red (34%)
-  Green (31%)
-  Blue (31%)






-  Red (34%)
-  Yellow (32%)
-  Blue (31%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (8%)
-  Yellow (10%)
-  Black (66%)



-  Cyan (66%)
-  Magenta (69%)
-  Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.1743, 8.3136,
8.3816

■ 8.1743, 8.3136,
8.3816

171.4337,
178.1714, 188.7402

■ 4.2594, 4.2963,
4.2488

■ 21.9816, 22.5710,
23.2616

■ 1.8499, 1.8406,
1.7628

■ 32.6047, 33.5798,
34.8459

■ 0.5475, 0.5123,
0.4033

■ 46.1947, 47.6879,
49.7512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 63.1167, 65.2797,
68.3959

■ 83.7363, 86.7395,
91.1986

108.4188,

112.4518, 118.5778

137.5294,
142.8010, 150.9522

■ 8.1743, 8.3136,
8.3816

■ 8.1743, 8.3136,
8.3816

■ 7.4122, 7.2559,
6.6892

■ 9.0280, 9.4883,
10.3085

■ 6.7380, 6.3106,
5.2216

■ 9.9757, 10.7824,
12.4777

■ 6.1486, 5.4743,
3.9697

■ 11.0202, 12.1995,
14.8975

■ 5.6407, 4.7429,
2.9230

■ 12.1643, 13.7427,
17.5756

■ 5.2104, 4.1124,
2.0706

■ 13.4106, 15.4152,
20.5193

■ 4.8538, 3.5780,
1.4004

■ 14.7615, 17.2198,
23.7357

■ 4.5665, 3.1351,
0.8989

■ 16.2195, 19.1594,
27.2315

■ 4.3433, 2.7781,
0.5485

■ 17.7868, 21.2367,
31.0134

■ 4.1693, 2.5038,
0.2635

■ 19.4656, 23.4544,
35.0877

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2605, 8.3136, 8.8439



8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816



8.0156, 8.3136, 8.1057

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816



7.5641, 8.3136, 8.7317



7.9753, 8.3136, 10.1023

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816



8.1107, 8.8048, 10.2890

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.7891, 8.3136, 10.0694



8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816



7.5537, 8.3136, 9.2636

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816



7.6641, 8.3136, 8.3023



7.6355, 8.3136, 9.7574



8.1444, 8.3136, 9.8458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816



7.8910, 8.3136, 8.0578



7.6355, 8.3136, 9.7574



7.9126, 8.3136, 10.1250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.1745, 8.3140, 8.3818



14.9899, 15.6204, 16.6462



8.2967, 8.1318, 9.7372



3.6347, 3.7801, 4.0104



45.3388, 47.7000, 51.9453



3.7718, 3.9682, 4.3214

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.1745, 8.3140, 8.3818



13.6720, 13.8034, 13.6821



8.5111, 8.9872, 8.4940



2.1355, 2.1839, 2.2297



6.3983, 3.7777, 0.3919



35.3645, 20.0652, 2.0091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1107, 8.8048, 10.2890



13.5432, 14.7934, 17.5293



7.7714, 8.1262, 10.1759



2.1215, 2.2921, 2.6499



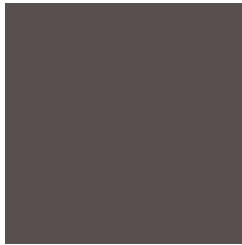
5.7741, 7.2937, 15.0410



31.7541, 39.6080, 84.2661

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

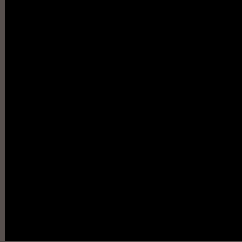
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816

Protanopia

8.0099, 8.3342, 8.5836

Deuteranopia

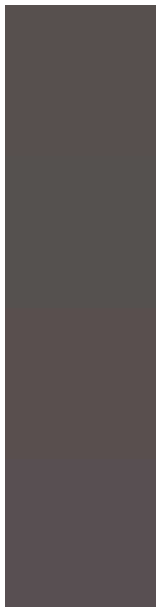
8.3876, 8.3157, 8.3707



Tritanopia

8.4602, 8.3225, 9.7548

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816

Protanomaly

8.1000, 8.3807, 8.5878

Deuteranomaly

8.2910, 8.2659, 8.3662

Tritanomaly

8.3435, 8.2759, 9.1403

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

8.0838, 8.3638, 8.9729

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(87, 80, 78) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 80, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 80, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 80, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 80, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 80, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 80, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 80, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 80, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 80, 78)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.1743, 8.3136, 8.3816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 80, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 80,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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