

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.2025, 13.3664, 4.5633)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.2025, 13.3664, 4.5633)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.2756, 13.4849,
4.5495)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37742C
RGB	55, 116, 44
RGB Percent	22%, 45%, 17%
CMY	0.7843, 0.5451, 0.8274
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.62, 0.55
HSL	111°, 45%, 31%
HSV	111°, 62%, 45%
XYZ	8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495
YIQ	89.5530, -13.2440, -35.3240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

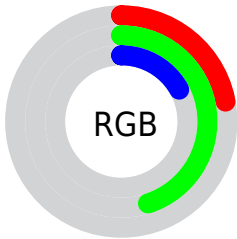
Format	Color
R_YB	44, 116, 105
Decimal	3634220
CIE Lab	43.48, -34.79, 33.16
CIE LCh	43, 48.062, 136.375
Yxy	13.4849, 0.3145, 0.5125
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281824300 (0xFF37742C)
YUV	89.5530, -22.4576, -30.3030
Hunter-Lab	36.7218, -24.0365, 18.3598

Details

The XYZ color **8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **9.8794, 6.0660, 17.1739**, and the grayscale version is **9.6692, 10.1728, 11.0782**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.1831, 32.2744, 15.1856**, and **2.0072, 4.0143, 0.6691** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.6017, 13.1597, 3.5347**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.1185, 13.8910, 5.8912**.

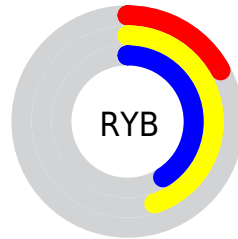
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (45%)

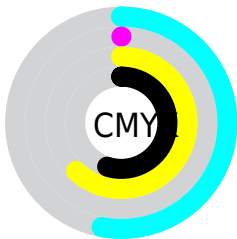
Blue (17%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (41%)

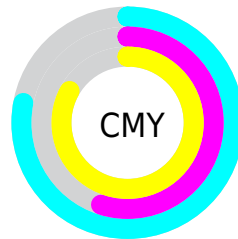


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.2756, 13.4849,
4.5495

■ 8.2756, 13.4849,
4.5495

172.2021,
214.0024, 154.1502

■ 4.3251, 7.7633,
1.9314

■ 22.1773, 32.1722,
15.2585

■ 1.8876, 3.9439,
0.5126

■ 32.8591, 45.9067,
24.1864

■ 0.5696, 1.6422,
0.0000

■ 46.5155, 63.0810,
36.0547

■ 0.0000, 0.3858,
0.0000

■ 63.5117, 84.0794,
51.2818

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.2131, 109.2863,
70.2864

■ 108.9850,

139.0862, 93.4870

138.1929,
173.8634, 121.3020

■ 8.2756, 13.4849,
4.5495

■ 8.2756, 13.4849,
4.5495

■ 7.6017, 13.1597,
3.5347

■ 9.1185, 13.8910,
5.8912

■ 7.0841, 12.9082,
2.8180

■ 10.1398, 14.3811,
7.5834

■ 6.7098, 12.7248,
2.3667

■ 11.3495, 14.9603,
9.6489

■ 6.4900, 12.6173,
2.0933

■ 12.7566, 15.6327,
12.1080

■ 14.3695, 16.4023,
14.9797

■ 16.1959, 17.2726,
18.2817

■ 18.2433, 18.2473,
22.0308

■ 20.5190, 19.3295,
26.2426

■ 23.0295, 20.5225,
30.9323

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8905, 13.4849, 2.4481



8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495



7.0109, 13.4849, 10.3372

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495



11.1930, 13.4849, 45.2669



21.0504, 13.4849, 9.5984

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495



9.8794, 6.0660, 17.1739

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.1752, 13.4849, 20.1019



8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495



14.9582, 13.4849, 44.7261

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495



8.4596, 13.4849, 35.2664



18.7742, 13.4849, 34.0251



18.4606, 13.4849, 4.2363

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495



6.9056, 13.4849, 17.0960



18.7742, 13.4849, 34.0251



21.3972, 13.4849, 12.5081

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.2759, 13.4855, 4.5498



23.1211, 27.8116, 22.5179



12.6080, 13.7961, 4.3814



5.3671, 6.5639, 5.1088



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.2759, 13.4855, 4.5498



12.9843, 22.9482, 5.6747



8.3279, 13.4442, 7.6252



3.6880, 4.1226, 3.9437



7.2715, 14.1529, 2.3485



34.9604, 68.7245, 11.4226

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8794, 6.0660, 17.1739



16.0136, 8.6979, 29.8794



10.0354, 6.2874, 10.8104



3.7743, 3.7310, 4.6115



9.2120, 4.3403, 18.8948



44.3116, 20.8519, 92.0496

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

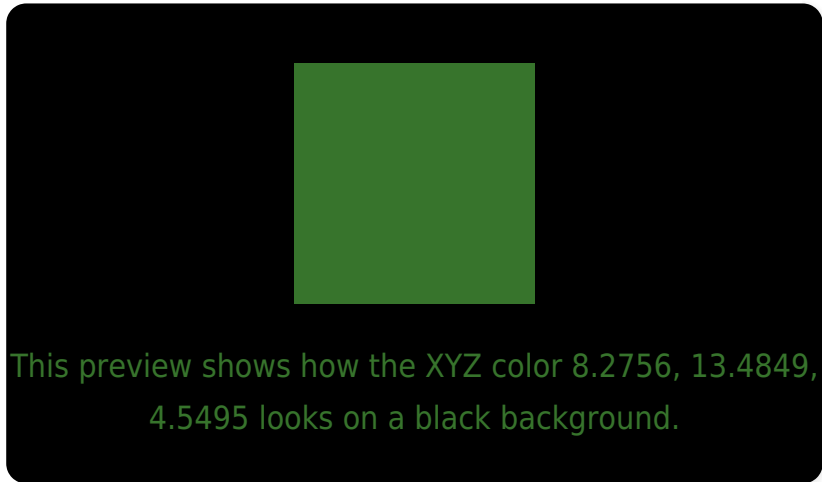
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2756, 13.4849,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495

Protanopia

12.0738, 13.2334, 3.9254

Deuteranopia

13.4546, 13.2153, 4.8593



Tritanopia

11.2053, 13.5237, 18.8494

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495

Protanomaly

10.1721, 13.0026, 4.0715

Deuteranomaly

10.7393, 12.8234, 4.7054

Tritanomaly

9.8196, 13.4503, 11.7515

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

8.7250, 10.9825, 7.9633

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 116, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 116, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 116, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 116, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 116, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 116, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 116, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 116, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 116, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 116,  
44) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.2756, 13.4849, 4.5495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 116, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 116,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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