

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.2405, 9.2004,
17.2611)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	385972
RGB	56, 89, 114
RGB Percent	22%, 35%, 45%
CMY	0.7804, 0.6510, 0.5529
CMYK	0.51, 0.22, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	206°, 34%, 33%
HSV	206°, 51%, 45%
XYZ	8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611
YIQ	81.9830, -27.6930, 0.7790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

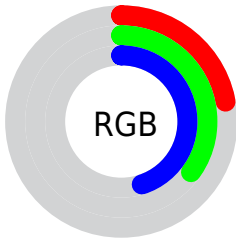
Format	Color
RYB	56, 77, 114
Decimal	3692914
CIELab	36.37, -4.42, -17.95
CIElCh	36, 18.492, 256.157
Yxy	9.2004, 0.2375, 0.2651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281882994 (0xFF385972)
YUV	81.9830, 15.7844, -22.7871
Hunter-Lab	30.3322, -4.5872, -12.5076




Details

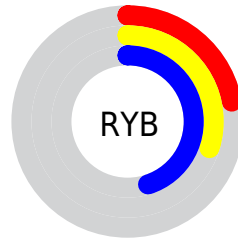
The XYZ color **8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **10.5959, 9.7480, 5.0648**, and the grayscale version is **7.9902, 8.4064, 9.1545**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.1790, 24.3442, 39.6063**, and **1.8841, 2.1947, 5.4786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.2792, 8.1181, 17.1030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.3749, 10.4128, 17.4355**.

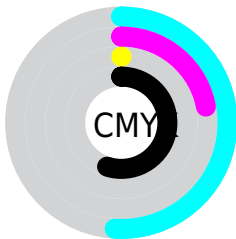
Distribution







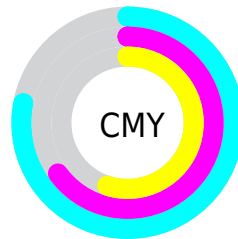
-  Red (22%)
-  Green (35%)
-  Blue (45%)






-  Red (22%)
-  Yellow (30%)
-  Blue (45%)



-  Cyan (51%)
-  Magenta (22%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (55%)



-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (65%)
-  Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.2405, 9.2004,
17.2611

■ 8.2405, 9.2004,
17.2611

171.9363,
184.8659, 248.7672

■ 4.3023, 4.8721,
10.2569

■ 22.1095, 24.2803,
39.5709

■ 1.8745, 2.1724,
5.4618

■ 32.7711, 35.8006,
55.7137

■ 0.5620, 0.7049,
2.4572

■ 46.4044, 50.4871,
75.7396

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8174

■ 63.3750, 68.7242,
100.0674

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.0481, 90.8962,
129.1155

■ 108.7891,

117.3876, 163.3025

137.9634,
148.5827, 203.0469

■ 8.2405, 9.2004,
17.2611

■ 8.2405, 9.2004,
17.2611

■ 7.2792, 8.1181,
17.1030

■ 9.3749, 10.4128,
17.4355

■ 6.4795, 7.1587,
16.9600

■ 10.6910, 11.7600,
17.6262

■ 5.8300, 6.3156,
16.8315

■ 12.1979, 13.2477,
17.8339

■ 5.3170, 5.5810,
16.7167

■ 13.9039, 14.8807,
18.0592

■ 4.9197, 4.9798,
16.6216

■ 15.8166, 16.6637,
18.3025

■ 17.9434, 18.6012,
18.5644

■ 20.2910, 20.6975,
18.8453

■ 22.8662, 22.9565,
19.1456

■ 25.6751, 25.3821,
19.4658

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.3389, 9.2004, 15.1449



8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611



9.3565, 9.2004, 17.1688

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611



10.9757, 9.2004, 8.4007



7.2844, 9.2004, 6.3304

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611



10.5959, 9.7480, 5.0648

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.1602, 9.2004, 5.1925



8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611



10.3195, 9.2004, 6.2019

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611



11.0018, 9.2004, 11.5637



9.2691, 9.2004, 5.1511



6.8196, 9.2004, 8.6160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611



10.0750, 9.2004, 15.8543



9.2691, 9.2004, 5.1511



7.5370, 9.2004, 5.8246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.2408, 9.2007, 17.2613



23.0366, 24.8229, 31.5526



9.1026, 13.4572, 9.7398



5.2167, 5.6344, 7.2823



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.2408, 9.2007, 17.2613



12.5338, 13.9650, 30.0104



6.3283, 5.3757, 16.6238



3.3604, 3.5860, 4.2693



5.4598, 5.5098, 18.4973



26.3284, 25.7087, 91.8537

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1570, 7.1273, 10.2919



16.4527, 10.3850, 15.6090



13.1399, 14.8360, 5.9128



3.4566, 3.4303, 3.9309



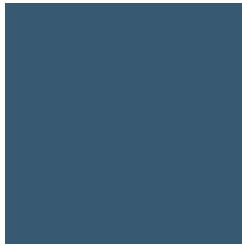
8.7742, 4.4020, 5.8867



43.2693, 21.7531, 27.0142

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

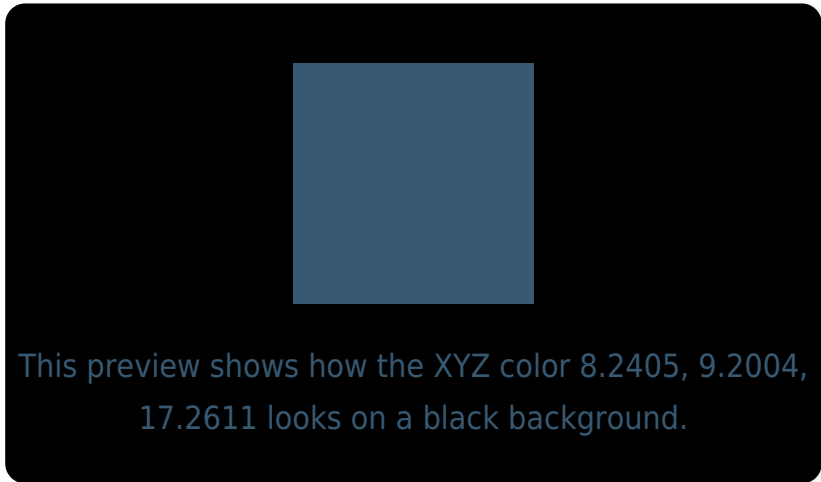
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

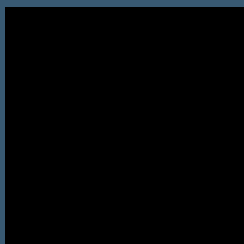
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

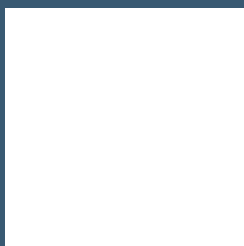
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611.

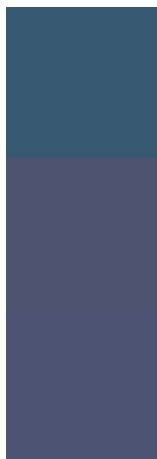


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2405, 9.2004,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611

Protanopia

9.1815, 9.1080, 16.3130

Deuteranopia

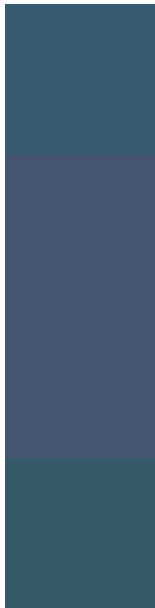
9.3254, 9.1562, 17.4955



Tritanopia

7.4445, 9.2590, 13.1992

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611

Protanomaly

8.7782, 9.1275, 16.6284

Deuteranomaly

8.8765, 9.1586, 17.5196

Tritanomaly

7.7080, 9.2385, 14.4737

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

8.0165, 8.7216, 11.8506

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(56, 89, 114) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 89, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 89, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 89, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 89, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 89, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 89, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 89, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 89, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 89,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.2405, 9.2004, 17.2611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 89, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 89,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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