

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.2735, 15.6601,
5.4924)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008031
RGB	0, 128, 49
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4980, 0.8078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.62, 0.50
HSL	143°, 100%, 25%
HSV	143°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924
YIQ	80.7220, -50.9290, -51.7050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

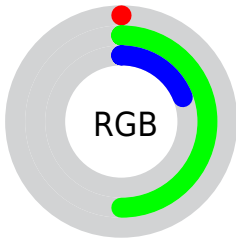
Format	Color
RYB	0, 93, 128
Decimal	32817
CIELab	46.53, -47.91, 33.90
CIELCh	47, 58.697, 144.716
Yxy	15.6601, 0.2812, 0.5322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222897 (0xFF008031)
YUV	80.7220, -15.6389, -70.7932
Hunter-Lab	39.5728, -31.9335, 19.4720

Details

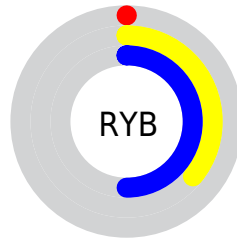
The XYZ color **8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **10.3137, 5.1539, 7.8483**, and the grayscale version is **7.8035, 8.2099, 8.9406**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.1570, 36.0000, 17.3362**, and **2.6539, 5.3078, 0.8846** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2739, 15.6608, 5.4928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.6186, 15.8175, 6.4570**.

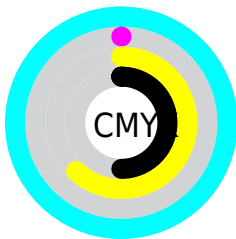
Distribution



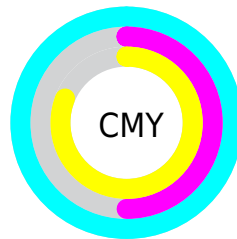
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.2735, 15.6601,
5.4924

■ 8.2735, 15.6601,
5.4924

172.1862,
227.3276, 163.5969

■ 4.3237, 9.2840,
2.4752

■ 22.1732, 36.0071,
17.3270

■ 1.8869, 4.9269,
0.8270

■ 32.8539, 50.7468,
26.9814

■ 0.5692, 2.2044,
0.0000

■ 46.5088, 69.0430,
39.6854

■ 0.0000, 0.7224,
0.0000

■ 63.5035, 91.2803,
55.8575

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.2032, 117.8430,
75.9161

■ 108.9733,

149.1156, 100.2798

138.1792,
185.4823, 129.3673

■ 8.2735, 15.6601,
5.4924

■ 8.2735, 15.6601,
5.4924

■ 8.2739, 15.6608,
5.4928

■ 8.6186, 15.8175,
6.4570

■ 9.0838, 16.0327,
7.5870

■ 9.7264, 16.3358,
8.8922

■ 10.5652, 16.7362,
10.3802

■ 11.6163, 17.2420,
12.0578

■ 12.8940, 17.8605,
13.9316

■ 14.4114, 18.5984,
16.0077

■ 16.1806, 19.4617,
18.2921

■ 18.2127, 20.4561,
20.7904

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1772, 15.6601, 2.2012



8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



7.1489, 15.6601, 14.6128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



14.0067, 15.6601, 62.5390



25.5818, 15.6601, 7.8556

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



10.3137, 5.1539, 7.8483

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.8203, 15.6601, 19.7468



8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



19.3323, 15.6601, 56.9288

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



9.9440, 15.6601, 51.3894



24.3182, 15.6601, 38.7297



21.2383, 15.6601, 2.9234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



7.3206, 15.6601, 25.1503



24.3182, 15.6601, 38.7297



26.4112, 15.6601, 10.9093

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.2739, 15.6608, 5.4928



25.1741, 32.6473, 27.9189



11.1187, 17.1913, 2.7322



5.6629, 7.5312, 6.2253



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.2739, 15.6608, 5.4928



14.5007, 27.5456, 9.3219



10.5852, 16.5853, 17.6637



4.3389, 4.8439, 4.9557



8.2045, 15.5284, 5.4496



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3137, 5.1539, 7.8483



18.0865, 9.0452, 13.4403



9.0042, 4.6301, 0.9522



4.4305, 4.3854, 5.0717



10.2271, 5.1105, 7.7855



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

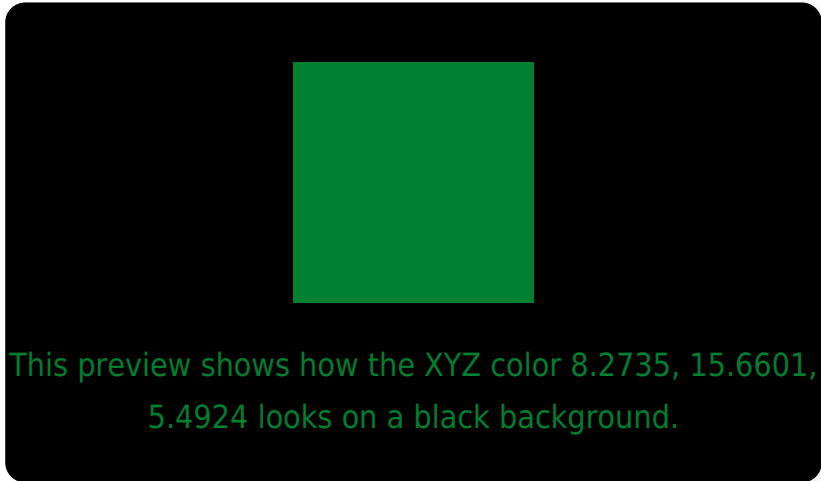
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2735, 15.6601,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924

Protanopia

14.0566, 15.4713, 4.6283

Deuteranopia

15.7571, 15.5396, 5.9103



Tritanopia

12.1110, 15.7485, 23.5205

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



Protanomaly

9.9963, 14.5395, 4.8643



Deuteranomaly

10.3855, 14.0457, 5.5319



Tritanomaly

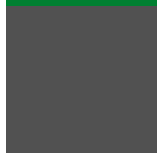
10.0276, 15.4126, 14.7583

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924



Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606



Achromatomaly

6.8580, 9.8951, 7.1787

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 128, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 128, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 128, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 128, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 128, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 128, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 128, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.2735, 15.6601, 5.4924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 128, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 128,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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