

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3106, 13.4883, 15.7417)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3106, 13.4883, 15.7417)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.9628, 13.7632,
15.8198)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00756A
RGB	0, 117, 106
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 42%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5412, 0.5843
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.54
HSL	174°, 100%, 23%
HSV	174°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198
YIQ	80.7630, -66.2010, -28.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

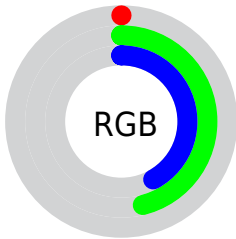
Format	Color
RYB	0, 61, 117
Decimal	30058
CIELab	43.89, -30.57, -1.88
CIELCh	44, 30.628, 183.521
Yxy	13.7632, 0.2325, 0.3571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220138 (0xFF00756A)
YUV	80.7630, 12.4418, -70.8292
Hunter-Lab	37.0988, -21.7986, 0.6865

Details

The XYZ color **8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.3970, 3.8064, 0.6618**, and the grayscale version is **7.7607, 8.1649, 8.8915**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.5211, 32.7616, 36.9822**, and **2.8565, 4.4500, 4.8461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9630, 13.7636, 15.8199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.1683, 13.8628, 16.1304**.

Distribution



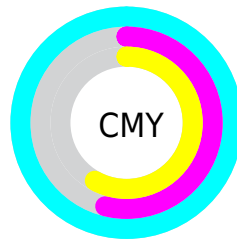
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.9628, 13.7632,
15.8198

■ 8.9628, 13.7632,
15.8198

177.3131,
215.7527, 240.0853

■ 4.7738, 7.9562,
9.2438

■ 23.4932, 32.6683,
37.0475

■ 2.1486, 4.0669,
4.8015

■ 34.5654, 46.5351,
52.5363

■ 0.7154, 1.7111,
2.0746

■ 48.6626, 63.8573,
71.8330

■ 0.0000, 0.4308,
0.6006

■ 66.1504, 85.0192,
95.3563

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 87.3939, 110.4054,
123.5246

■ 112.7587,

140.4000, 156.7565

142.6099,
175.3877, 195.4706

8.9628, 13.7632,
15.8198

8.9628, 13.7632,
15.8198

8.9630, 13.7636,
15.8199

9.1683, 13.8628,
16.1304

9.4418, 13.9971,
16.4476

9.8350, 14.1929,
16.7744

10.3615, 14.4574,
17.1112

11.0333, 14.7968,
17.4587

■ 11.8608, 15.2163,
17.8175

■ 12.8538, 15.7210,
18.1879

■ 14.0210, 16.3155,
18.5703

■ 15.3706, 17.0039,
18.9653

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.3408, 13.7632, 9.7919



8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198



9.5711, 13.7632, 23.6220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198



15.8250, 13.7632, 29.0783



15.2693, 13.7632, 5.9383

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198



7.3970, 3.8064, 0.6618

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3598, 13.7632, 8.7621



8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198



17.7075, 13.7632, 21.7522

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198



13.3696, 13.7632, 32.6245



18.3009, 13.7632, 14.1816



12.7976, 13.7632, 5.2277

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198



10.5040, 13.7632, 28.4684



18.3009, 13.7632, 14.1816



16.0495, 13.7632, 6.6175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.9632, 13.7637, 15.8201



22.8663, 28.0743, 32.5153



6.5092, 12.7991, 2.1277



5.1167, 6.3832, 7.4251



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.9632, 13.7637, 15.8201



16.0232, 24.6352, 28.1886



5.4141, 5.6905, 17.6432



3.7692, 4.1496, 4.6184



9.8720, 15.1628, 17.4137



47.9371, 73.8221, 83.9628

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.3970, 3.8064, 0.6618



13.2188, 6.8051, 1.0462



8.3452, 5.7997, 0.6799



3.6967, 3.7059, 3.9294



8.1462, 4.1922, 0.7121



39.5482, 20.3694, 2.6843

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9628, 13.7632,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198

Protanopia

13.1183, 13.7081, 13.5098

Deuteranopia

13.9272, 13.6196, 16.6467



Tritanopia

10.1621, 13.7511, 21.1874

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198

Protanomaly

10.0954, 12.8937, 14.2686

Deuteranomaly

10.5129, 12.7518, 16.3753

Tritanomaly

9.5911, 13.6744, 18.9635

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

7.2643, 9.4737, 11.1186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 117, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 117, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 117, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 117, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 117, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 117, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 117, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.9628, 13.7632, 15.8198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 117, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 117,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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