

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3272, 12.1921, 16.5325)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3272, 12.1921, 16.5325)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.3904, 12.2776,
16.6795)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006E6E
RGB	0, 110, 110
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5686, 0.5686
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	180°, 100%, 22%
HSV	180°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795
YIQ	77.1100, -65.5600, -23.3200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

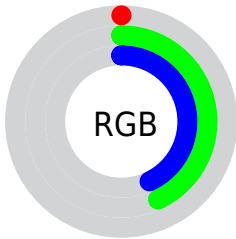
Format	Color
RYB	0, 55, 110
Decimal	28270
CIELab	41.65, -25.88, -7.61
CIELCh	42, 26.974, 196.387
Yxy	12.2776, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218350 (0xFF006E6E)
YUV	77.1100, 16.2148, -67.6255
Hunter-Lab	35.0394, -18.5760, -3.6957

Details

The XYZ color **8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.4308, 3.3154, 0.3014**, and the grayscale version is **7.0549, 7.4223, 8.0829**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.3338, 29.9504, 38.3221**, and **2.6198, 3.8041, 5.2988** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.3906, 12.2780, 16.6798**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.5288, 12.3492, 16.6863**.

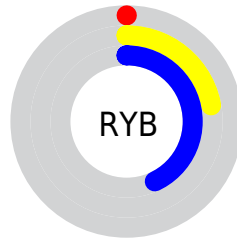
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (43%)

Blue (43%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (43%)

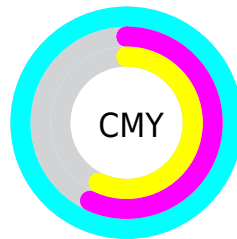


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.3904, 12.2776,
16.6795

8.3904, 12.2776,
16.6795

173.0680,
206.2345, 245.2997

4.3997, 6.9330,
9.8467

22.3985, 29.9997,
38.5570

1.9306, 3.4203,
5.1932

33.1465, 43.1460,
54.4387

0.5945, 1.3549,
2.3003

46.8777, 59.6617,
74.1739

0.0000, 0.1831,
0.7314


63.9573, 79.9312,
98.1810


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


84.7508, 104.3388,
126.8786


109.6235,


133.2689, 160.6852


 138.9408,
167.1060, 200.0194


 8.3904, 12.2776,
16.6795


 8.3904, 12.2776,
16.6795


 8.3906, 12.2780,
16.6798

 8.5288, 12.3492,
16.6863

 8.7218, 12.4487,
16.6953

 9.0183, 12.6015,
16.7092

 9.4299, 12.8138,
16.7285

 9.9669, 13.0906,
16.7536

■ 10.6383, 13.4367,
16.7850

■ 11.4523, 13.8564,
16.8232

■ 12.4165, 14.3534,
16.8683

■ 13.5378, 14.9314,
16.9208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.3522, 12.2776, 10.9670



8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795



9.2397, 12.2776, 22.8968

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795



14.6425, 12.2776, 22.3676



12.5869, 12.2776, 5.3356

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795



6.4308, 3.3154, 0.3014

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4917, 12.2776, 6.9357



8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795



15.7659, 12.2776, 16.0967

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795



12.7747, 12.2776, 26.7626



15.7078, 12.2776, 10.5270



10.6299, 12.2776, 5.4098

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795



10.2126, 12.2776, 26.0244



15.7078, 12.2776, 10.5270



13.2587, 12.2776, 5.6706

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.3908, 12.2781, 16.6798



19.9863, 24.2691, 29.5382



5.5993, 11.1641, 1.8602



4.5420, 5.5914, 6.8686



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.3908, 12.2781, 16.6798



14.7352, 21.5620, 29.2923



4.2700, 4.0364, 15.3063



3.4750, 3.8152, 4.3075



10.0795, 14.7493, 20.0371



50.2103, 73.4728, 99.8137

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.4308, 3.3154, 0.3014



11.2931, 5.8218, 0.5285



7.7117, 5.8772, 0.7284



3.3845, 3.4015, 3.5515



7.7249, 3.9824, 0.3615



38.4813, 19.8379, 1.8009

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

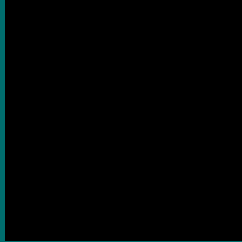
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3904, 12.2776,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795

Protanopia

11.9115, 12.3473, 14.3258

Deuteranopia

12.4190, 12.2673, 17.3361



Tritanopia

9.0271, 12.3940, 19.0560

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795

Protanomaly

9.3511, 11.5794, 15.1068

Deuteranomaly

9.6927, 11.5672, 17.0511

Tritanomaly

8.7291, 12.2606, 18.1261

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

6.6422, 8.5190, 10.7454

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 110, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 110, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 110, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 110, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 110, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 110, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 110, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 110, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 110, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 110,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.3904, 12.2776, 16.6795 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 110, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 110,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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