

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3405, 14.6549, 7.1335)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3405, 14.6549, 7.1335)
contains.

XYZ(8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(8.3811, 14.7315,
7.1044)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	197B3F
RGB	25, 123, 63
RGB Percent	10%, 48%, 25%
CMY	0.9020, 0.5176, 0.7529
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.49, 0.52
HSL	143°, 66%, 29%
HSV	143°, 80%, 48%
XYZ	8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044
YIQ	86.8580, -39.1480, -39.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

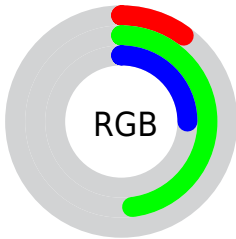
Format	Color
RYB	25, 96, 123
Decimal	1669951
CIELab	45.26, -41.52, 25.11
CIELCh	45, 48.525, 148.835
Yxy	14.7315, 0.2774, 0.4875
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279860031 (0xFF197B3F)
YUV	86.8580, -11.7620, -54.2495
Hunter-Lab	38.3816, -28.1902, 15.8926

Details

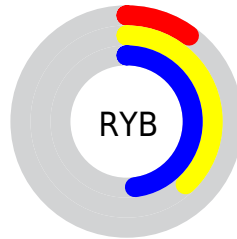
The XYZ color **8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **10.1562, 5.5624, 9.1333**, and the grayscale version is **9.0595, 9.5313, 10.3796**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.2877, 34.1990, 20.7556**, and **2.4917, 4.8088, 1.3691** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.9458, 14.5302, 6.0597**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.9795, 15.0144, 8.3077**.

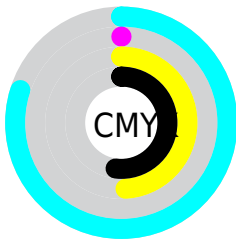
Distribution



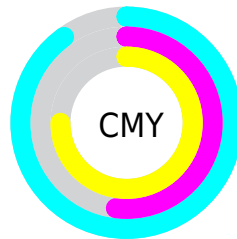
- Red (10%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.3811, 14.7315,
7.1044

■ 8.3811, 14.7315,
7.1044

172.9981,
221.7353, 178.1921

■ 4.3936, 8.6312,
3.4480

■ 22.3806, 34.3815,
20.6994

■ 1.9271, 4.5014,
1.3277

■ 33.1232, 48.6999,
31.4751

■ 0.5925, 1.9578,
0.0843

■ 46.8484, 66.5264,
45.4609

■ 0.0000, 0.5828,
0.0000

■ 63.9213, 88.2455,
63.0755

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.7074, 114.2416,
84.7374

■ 109.5719,

144.8989, 110.8651

138.8804,
180.6020, 141.8772

■ 8.3811, 14.7315,
7.1044

■ 8.3811, 14.7315,
7.1044

■ 7.9458, 14.5302,
6.0597

■ 8.9795, 15.0144,
8.3077

■ 7.6205, 14.3820,
5.1642

■ 9.7566, 15.3855,
9.6752

■ 7.6105, 14.3774,
5.1373

■ 10.7272, 15.8529,
11.2132

■ 11.9043, 16.4230,
12.9276

■ 13.2997, 17.1018,
14.8237

■ 14.9242, 17.8948,
16.9070

■ 16.7879, 18.8072,
19.1824

■ 18.9003, 19.8436,
21.6546

■ 21.2705, 21.0088,
24.3284

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5993, 14.7315, 3.4227



8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044



7.6156, 14.7315, 15.5950

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044



13.8456, 14.7315, 49.8468



21.9104, 14.7315, 7.5662

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044



10.1562, 5.5624, 9.1333

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.2237, 14.7315, 16.4936



8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044



18.0643, 14.7315, 44.2436

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044



10.3752, 14.7315, 43.3659



21.6997, 14.7315, 30.4151



18.3882, 14.7315, 3.5857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044



7.8933, 14.7315, 24.2879



21.6997, 14.7315, 30.4151



22.6515, 14.7315, 9.9093

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.3815, 14.7321, 7.1047



25.2417, 31.3194, 28.3984



11.0447, 16.1884, 3.4624



5.7449, 7.2786, 6.4299



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.3815, 14.7321, 7.1047



13.7543, 25.8051, 9.4452



10.3849, 15.5335, 17.6546



4.0092, 4.4733, 4.5825



7.8701, 14.8717, 5.3009



37.1512, 70.7835, 23.2319

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1562, 5.5624, 9.1333



17.0389, 8.6169, 13.0385



8.8415, 5.0366, 2.2103



4.0917, 4.0524, 4.6807



9.7721, 4.8850, 7.3570



46.1878, 23.1315, 32.8486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

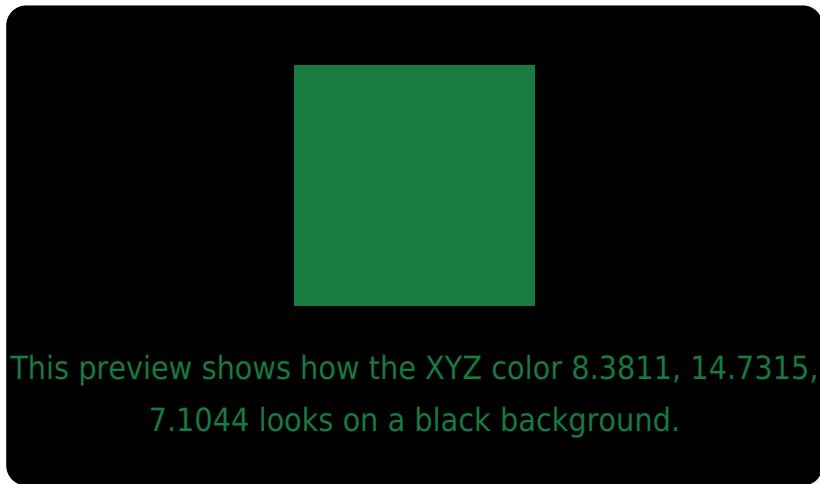
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3811, 14.7315,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044

Protanopia

13.3323, 14.5927, 5.9849

Deuteranopia

14.6968, 14.5093, 7.4948



Tritanopia

11.3632, 14.7015, 21.6408

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044

Protanomaly

10.3507, 14.0108, 6.2965

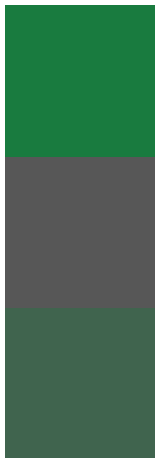
Deuteranomaly

10.8737, 13.7694, 7.2389

Tritanomaly

9.9499, 14.6452, 14.8728

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.0467, 10.7544, 8.8594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 123, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 123, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 123, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 123, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 123, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 123, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 123, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 123, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 123, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 123,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.3811, 14.7315, 7.1044 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 123, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 123,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor