

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3740, 13.4678, 19.4977)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3740, 13.4678, 19.4977)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.8082, 14.2888,
19.6938)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007677
RGB	0, 118, 119
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 47%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5372, 0.5333
CMYK	1.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	181°, 100%, 23%
HSV	181°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938
YIQ	82.8320, -70.6490, -24.7050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

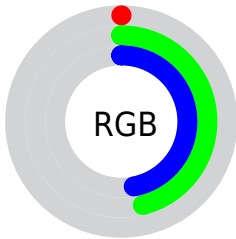
Format	Color
RYB	0, 59, 119
Decimal	30327
CIELab	44.64, -26.87, -8.55
CIELCh	45, 28.200, 197.643
Yxy	14.2888, 0.2240, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220407 (0xFF007677)
YUV	82.8320, 17.8308, -72.6437
Hunter-Lab	37.8005, -19.8351, -4.4293

Details

The XYZ color **9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.6189, 3.9440, 0.3601**, and the grayscale version is **8.1640, 8.5892, 9.3536**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1380, 33.7284, 43.7134**, and **3.2655, 4.7112, 6.6985** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8085, 14.2892, 19.6941**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9706, 14.3903, 19.7051**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.8082, 14.2888,
19.6938

■ 9.8082, 14.2888,
19.6938

■ 183.3800,
219.0201, 262.8018

■ 5.3333, 8.3218,
11.9908

■ 25.0871, 33.6006,
43.7554

■ 2.4809, 4.3015,
6.6149

■ 36.6217, 47.7142,
60.9511

■ 0.8856, 1.8436,
3.1477

■ 51.2403, 65.3121,
82.1481

■ 0.0000, 0.5142,
1.1705

■ 69.3082, 86.7787,
107.7650

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 91.1908, 112.4984,
138.2203

■ 117.2534,

142.8556, 173.9324

147.8613,
178.2347, 215.3201

■ 9.8082, 14.2888,
19.6938

■ 9.8082, 14.2888,
19.6938

■ 9.8085, 14.2892,
19.6941

■ 9.9706, 14.3903,
19.7051

■ 10.2043, 14.5283,
19.7194

■ 10.5614, 14.7299,
19.7395

■ 11.0564, 15.0026,
19.7661

■ 11.7016, 15.3528,
19.7996

■ 12.5082, 15.7861,
19.8408

■ 13.4861, 16.3078,
19.8899

■ 14.6445, 16.9226,
19.9475

■ 15.9919, 17.6348,
20.0140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.7240, 14.2888, 13.0166



9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938



10.8297, 14.2888, 26.8376

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938



17.0950, 14.2888, 25.6741



14.5436, 14.2888, 6.2165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938



7.6189, 3.9440, 0.3601

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7630, 14.2888, 7.9866



9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938



18.3431, 14.2888, 18.4105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938



14.9573, 14.2888, 30.9018



18.2152, 14.2888, 12.0461



12.2920, 14.2888, 6.3809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938



11.9768, 14.2888, 30.3456



18.2152, 14.2888, 12.0461



15.3226, 14.2888, 6.5784

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8086, 14.2893, 19.6941



24.0029, 29.1244, 35.6096



6.5971, 13.1939, 2.1993



5.5403, 6.8232, 8.4317



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8086, 14.2893, 19.6941



17.5587, 25.5770, 35.2645



4.9201, 4.5123, 18.0646



3.7808, 4.1503, 4.6920



10.4204, 15.1805, 20.9235



50.7463, 73.9091, 101.9516

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8781, 5.2303, 17.5764



19.4765, 9.3643, 31.4596



9.1981, 7.1023, 0.8864



3.8254, 3.7574, 4.6072



11.5569, 5.5565, 18.6726



56.3011, 27.0706, 90.9039

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

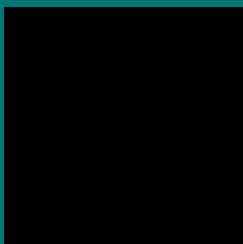
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8082, 14.2888,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938

Protanopia

13.8647, 14.3150, 17.0713

Deuteranopia

14.4265, 14.2314, 20.3989



Tritanopia

10.4157, 14.3777, 21.9649

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938

Protanomaly

10.9279, 13.5601, 17.9610

Deuteranomaly

11.1976, 13.3345, 20.0728

Tritanomaly

10.1024, 14.2382, 20.9547

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938

Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199

Achromatomaly

7.7624, 9.9672, 12.5811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 118, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 118, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 118, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 118, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 118, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 118, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 118, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 118, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 118, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 118,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8082, 14.2888, 19.6938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 118, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 118,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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