

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3815, 12.6393, 14.8480)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3815, 12.6393, 14.8480)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.3804, 12.6388,
14.8298)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B7067
RGB	11, 112, 103
RGB Percent	4%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.9568, 0.5608, 0.5961
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.08, 0.56
HSL	175°, 82%, 24%
HSV	175°, 90%, 44%
XYZ	8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298
YIQ	80.7750, -57.3070, -24.2110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

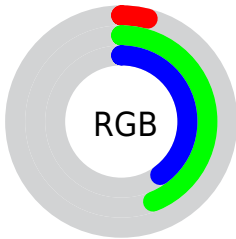
Format	Color
RYB	11, 64, 112
Decimal	749671
CIELab	42.21, -28.38, -2.53
CIELCh	42, 28.493, 185.100
Yxy	12.6388, 0.2338, 0.3526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278939751 (0xFF0B7067)
YUV	80.7750, 10.9569, -61.1927
Hunter-Lab	35.5511, -20.1369, 0.1535

Details

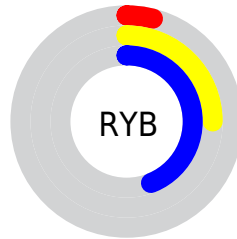
The XYZ color **8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.9285, 3.7350, 1.0182**, and the grayscale version is **7.7647, 8.1691, 8.8961**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.3326, 30.5463, 35.2908**, and **2.4913, 3.8405, 4.3514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.1936, 12.5485, 14.5657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.6286, 12.7612, 15.1049**.

Distribution



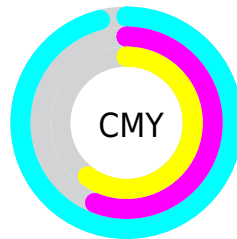
- Red (4%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.3804, 12.6388,
14.8298

8.3804, 12.6388,
14.8298

172.9928,
208.5896, 233.9389

4.3932, 7.1803,
8.5547

22.3792, 30.6533,
35.2924

1.9269, 3.5751,
4.3591

33.1215, 43.9781,
50.3170

0.5924, 1.4388,
1.8243

46.8462, 60.6939,
69.0952

0.0000, 0.2451,
0.4439

63.9186, 81.1849,
92.0455

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

84.7041, 105.8355,
119.5865

109.5681,

135.0303, 152.1367

138.8758,
169.1535, 190.1147

■ 8.3804, 12.6388,
14.8298

■ 8.3804, 12.6388,
14.8298

■ 8.1936, 12.5485,
14.5657

■ 8.6286, 12.7612,
15.1049

■ 8.9845, 12.9388,
15.3878

■ 9.4609, 13.1784,
15.6795

■ 10.0683, 13.4855,
15.9805

■ 10.8163, 13.8650,
16.2913

■ 11.7135, 14.3214,
16.6122

■ 12.7678, 14.8586,
16.9437

■ 13.9865, 15.4806,
17.2860

■ 15.3765, 16.1908,
17.6396

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6702, 12.6388, 9.3933



8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298



8.9661, 12.6388, 21.6603

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298



14.5228, 12.6388, 25.7495



13.8195, 12.6388, 5.6334

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298



6.9285, 3.7350, 1.0182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.6815, 12.6388, 8.0627



8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298



16.1201, 12.6388, 19.3093

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298



12.3802, 12.6388, 29.0468



16.5672, 12.6388, 12.7458



11.6527, 12.6388, 5.0777

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298



9.8203, 12.6388, 25.7851



16.5672, 12.6388, 12.7458



14.5096, 12.6388, 6.2137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.3808, 12.6393, 14.8301



21.0068, 25.3771, 29.3242



6.1665, 11.7736, 2.2645



4.9395, 6.0421, 7.0096



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.3808, 12.6393, 14.8301



14.3709, 22.0347, 25.4676



5.3549, 5.8250, 16.1719



3.4628, 3.8103, 4.2432



9.4678, 14.5046, 16.8161



47.0001, 72.1887, 82.9086

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9285, 3.7350, 1.0182



11.8112, 6.0805, 0.9304



7.9445, 5.8725, 1.0317



3.3955, 3.4059, 3.6093



7.7835, 4.0058, 0.6700



38.6266, 19.8960, 2.5658

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3804, 12.6388,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298

Protanopia

12.0069, 12.5747, 12.6208

Deuteranopia

12.7282, 12.4705, 15.3719



Tritanopia

9.4124, 12.7450, 19.4167

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298

Protanomaly

9.6092, 12.0477, 13.3743

Deuteranomaly

9.8997, 11.8623, 15.1325

Tritanomaly

8.9960, 12.7317, 17.6061

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

7.2612, 9.2163, 10.8474

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 112, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 112, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 112, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 112, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 112, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 112, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 112, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 112, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 112, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 112,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.3804, 12.6388, 14.8298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 112, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 112,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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