

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3881, 7.0884, 0.2995)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3881, 7.0884, 0.2995)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	704000
RGB	112, 64, 0
RGB Percent	44%, 25%, 0%
CMY	0.5608, 0.7490, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 1.00, 0.56
HSL	34°, 100%, 22%
HSV	34°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238
YIQ	71.0560, 49.1520, -9.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

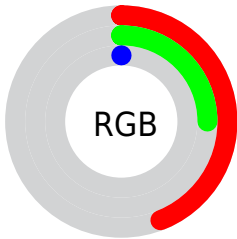
Format	Color
RYB	84, 112, 0
Decimal	7356416
CIELab	32.06, 16.58, 42.06
CIELCh	32, 45.211, 68.488
Yxy	7.1115, 0.5145, 0.4297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285546496 (0xFF704000)
YUV	71.0560, -35.0306, 35.9079
Hunter-Lab	26.6674, 10.3311, 16.6133

Details

The XYZ color **8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **3.9815, 3.2836, 15.7532**, and the grayscale version is **6.0505, 6.3656, 6.9321**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.7539, 20.2624, 5.8437**, and **2.0131, 1.4359, 0.1710** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5156, 7.1118, 0.9239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.8597, 7.7014, 1.3423**.

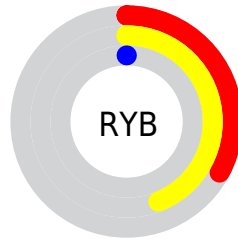
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (25%)

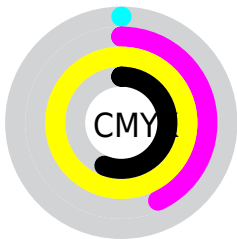
Blue (0%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (0%)

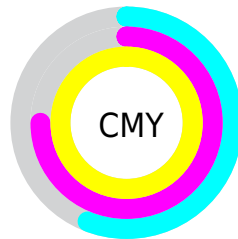


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (75%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 8.5155, 7.1115,
0.9238


 8.5155, 7.1115,
0.9238


 174.0060,
168.5870, 102.4361


 4.4811, 3.5319,
0.0000

 22.6389, 20.1972,
5.8070


 1.9777, 1.4153,
0.0000


 33.4586, 30.4721,
10.7803

 0.6214, 0.2280,
0.0000

 47.2707, 43.7475,
17.9997

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 64.4407, 60.4079,
27.8836


 85.3338, 80.8377,
40.8507


 110.3155,


105.4212, 57.3194


 139.7511,
134.5428, 77.7084


 8.5155, 7.1115,
0.9238


 8.5155, 7.1115,
0.9238


 8.5156, 7.1118,
0.9239

 8.8597, 7.7014,
1.3423

 9.2531, 8.3489,
1.9033

 9.7181, 9.0641,
2.7207

 10.2606, 9.8501,
3.8230

 10.8858, 10.7100,
5.2350

■ 11.5982, 11.6463,
6.9785

■ 12.4021, 12.6615,
9.0735

■ 13.3015, 13.7579,
11.5385

■ 14.2999, 14.9377,
14.3904

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8489, 7.1115, 2.2305



8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238



6.1269, 7.1115, 0.7382

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238



3.2590, 7.1115, 9.7686



9.9046, 7.1115, 22.5044

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238



3.9815, 3.2836, 15.7532

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.4337, 7.1115, 28.2608



8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238



3.8532, 7.1115, 18.6128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238



3.4214, 7.1115, 3.9633



5.2628, 7.1115, 26.5333



11.7692, 7.1115, 13.3830

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238



4.8605, 7.1115, 1.0915



5.2628, 7.1115, 26.5333



9.0975, 7.1115, 25.0794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5157, 7.1119, 0.9239



21.6704, 22.0977, 15.6273



7.2267, 3.6626, 3.1805



5.0921, 5.1662, 3.4529



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5157, 7.1119, 0.9239



14.8367, 12.2474, 1.5820



11.5652, 14.5634, 2.2015



3.5279, 3.6883, 3.5993



9.8217, 8.1759, 1.0605



48.0577, 38.9906, 4.9930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.9815, 3.2836, 15.7532



6.8763, 5.5320, 27.6351



3.0181, 1.2181, 15.4053



3.3242, 3.5137, 4.2572



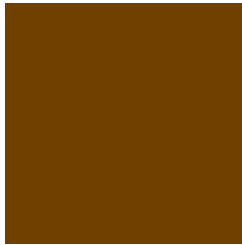
4.5807, 3.7518, 18.2043



21.9967, 17.0453, 90.4099

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

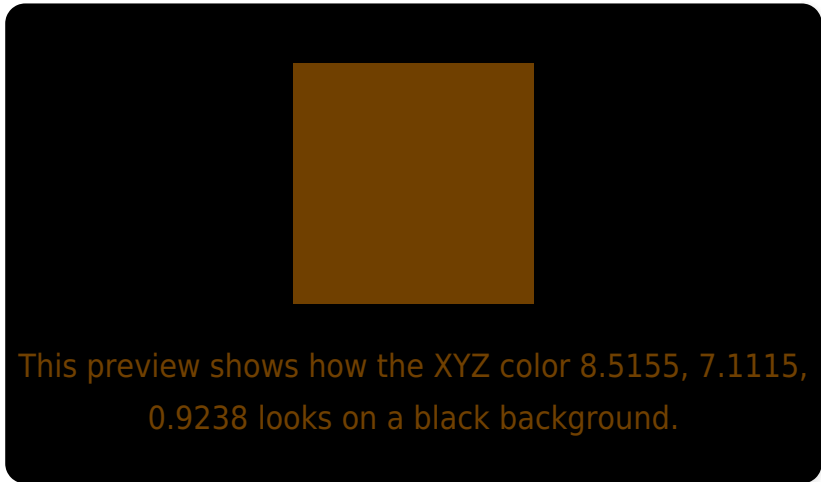
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238

Protanopia

6.4715, 7.1670, 1.3007

Deuteranopia

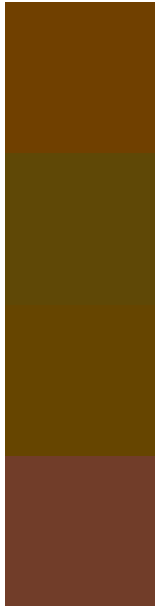
7.1412, 7.1215, 0.9982



Tritanopia

9.4807, 7.1793, 5.7365

Trichromacy



Original Color
8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238

Protanomaly
7.0696, 7.0808, 1.1664

Deuteranomaly
7.6076, 7.0810, 0.9658

Tritanomaly
8.8790, 7.0083, 2.9826

Monochromacy



Original Color
8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238

Achromatopsia
5.9891, 6.3010, 6.8618

Achromatomaly
6.3785, 6.3021, 3.3629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 64, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 64, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 64, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 64, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 64, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 64, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 64, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 64, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 64, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 64, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5155, 7.1115, 0.9238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 64, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 64,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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