

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.3938, 10.9897, 12.7132)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.3938, 10.9897, 12.7132)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.3959, 10.9926,
12.7456)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	386560
RGB	56, 101, 96
RGB Percent	22%, 40%, 38%
CMY	0.7804, 0.6039, 0.6235
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.05, 0.60
HSL	173°, 29%, 31%
HSV	173°, 45%, 40%
XYZ	8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456
YIQ	86.9750, -25.2150, -11.0950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

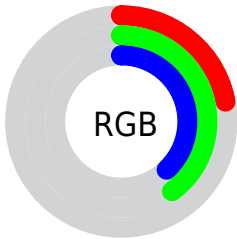
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 80, 101
Decimal	3695968
CIE _{Lab}	39.57, -16.84, -2.03
CIE _{LCh}	40, 16.960, 186.870
Yxy	10.9926, 0.2613, 0.3421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281886048 (0xFF386560)
YUV	86.9750, 4.4493, -27.1651
Hunter-Lab	33.1551, -12.8197, 0.4161

Details

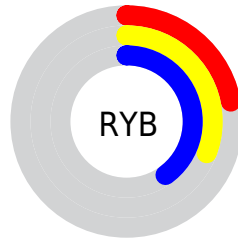
The XYZ color **8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.6237, 5.9323, 5.1586**, and the grayscale version is **9.0486, 9.5198, 10.3671**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.3604, 27.5960, 31.3422**, and **1.9324, 2.8880, 3.4732** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.8362, 10.7103, 12.4518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.0709, 11.3349, 13.0492**.

Distribution



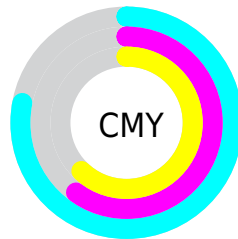
- Red (22%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.3959, 10.9926,
12.7456

8.3959, 10.9926,
12.7456

173.1094,
197.6168, 220.4310

4.4032, 6.0619,
7.1249

22.4090, 27.6465,
31.5304

1.9327, 2.8827,
3.4607

33.1602, 40.1384,
45.5317

0.5957, 1.0708,
1.3344

46.8950, 55.9195,
63.1636

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0898

63.9786, 75.3742,
84.8446

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

84.7765, 98.8869,
110.9933

109.6541,

126.8420, 142.0283

138.9766,
159.6238, 178.3680

■ 8.3959, 10.9926,
12.7456

■ 8.3959, 10.9926,
12.7456

■ 7.8362, 10.7103,
12.4518

■ 9.0709, 11.3349,
13.0492

■ 7.3839, 10.4830,
12.1666

■ 9.8667, 11.7390,
13.3620

■ 7.0318, 10.3072,
11.8899

■ 10.7893, 12.2084,
13.6847

■ 6.7712, 10.1785,
11.6213

■ 11.8443, 12.7460,
14.0174

■ 6.5848, 10.0880,
11.3599

■ 13.0368, 13.3544,
14.3605

■ 6.4898, 10.0421,
11.2195

■ 14.3717, 14.0361,
14.7142

■ 15.8536, 14.7936,
15.0788

■ 17.4870, 15.6290,
15.4543

■ 19.2761, 16.5446,
15.8412

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.5371, 10.9926, 9.6418



8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456



8.7713, 10.9926, 16.2023

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456



11.8372, 10.9926, 17.8083



11.3445, 10.9926, 7.0236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456



7.6237, 5.9323, 5.1586

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3262, 10.9926, 8.5460



8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456



12.6250, 10.9926, 14.6436

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456



10.7159, 10.9926, 19.4539



12.8102, 10.9926, 11.2247



10.1849, 10.9926, 6.7025

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456



9.2815, 10.9926, 18.1202



12.8102, 10.9926, 11.2247



11.7087, 10.9926, 7.3962

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.3962, 10.9930, 12.7459



18.7254, 21.0618, 23.5596



7.3078, 10.5933, 5.4013



4.5372, 5.1465, 5.7737



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.3962, 10.9930, 12.7459



13.4584, 18.3894, 21.3795



7.1312, 8.0827, 13.4966



2.8912, 3.1802, 3.5283



8.5004, 13.1638, 14.6626



44.1346, 68.5764, 75.4219

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.6237, 5.9323, 5.1586



11.9564, 8.5275, 6.6108



8.4800, 7.8506, 4.8101



2.8407, 2.8510, 3.0338



7.1085, 3.6563, 0.7035



36.9007, 19.0003, 2.7547

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

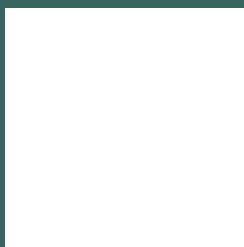
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3959, 10.9926,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456

Protanopia

10.4348, 10.8425, 11.4404

Deuteranopia

11.0064, 10.8468, 13.0688



Tritanopia

8.9193, 10.9150, 15.5466

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456

Protanomaly

9.4613, 10.7241, 11.9272

Deuteranomaly

9.7277, 10.7075, 12.8633

Tritanomaly

8.7503, 10.9932, 14.4927

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.6531, 9.9290, 11.1333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(56, 101, 96) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 101, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 101, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 101, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 101, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 101, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 101, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 101, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 101, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 101,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.3959, 10.9926, 12.7456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 101, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 101,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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