

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.4161, 14.6098, 18.0700)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.4161, 14.6098, 18.0700)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.1883, 15.6076,
18.0984)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007C71
RGB	0, 124, 113
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 44%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5137, 0.5569
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.51
HSL	175°, 100%, 24%
HSV	175°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984
YIQ	85.6700, -70.3730, -29.7090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

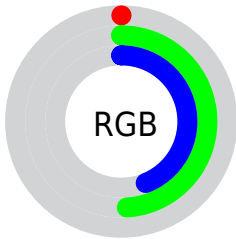
Format	Color
RYB	0, 65, 124
Decimal	31857
CIELab	46.46, -31.69, -2.28
CIELCh	46, 31.771, 184.122
Yxy	15.6076, 0.2321, 0.3556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221937 (0xFF007C71)
YUV	85.6700, 13.4737, -75.1326
Hunter-Lab	39.5065, -23.1030, 0.4930

Details

The XYZ color **10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.3731, 4.3097, 0.7075**, and the grayscale version is **8.7595, 9.2157, 10.0359**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.8219, 35.8664, 41.1593**, and **3.4029, 5.2792, 5.8407** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1886, 15.6081, 18.0985**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4084, 15.7142, 18.4344**.

Distribution



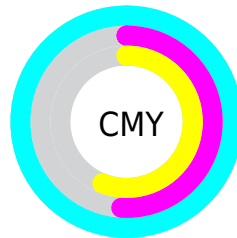
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.1883, 15.6076,
18.0984

10.1883, 15.6076,
18.0984

186.0364,
227.0150, 253.6798

5.5872, 9.2469,
10.8505

25.7955, 35.9156,
41.0211

2.6340, 4.9026,
5.8535

37.5324, 50.6318,
57.5330

0.9633, 2.1902,
2.6888

52.3786, 68.9018,
77.9700

0.0000, 0.7147,
0.9378

70.6994, 91.1102,
102.7506

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

92.8603, 117.6413,
132.2933

119.2265,

148.8796, 167.0167

150.1634,
185.2093, 207.3394

■ 10.1883, 15.6076,
18.0984

■ 10.1883, 15.6076,
18.0984

■ 10.1886, 15.6081,
18.0985

■ 10.4084, 15.7142,
18.4344

■ 10.7103, 15.8626,
18.7778

■ 11.1485, 16.0811,
19.1315

■ 11.7388, 16.3780,
19.4963

■ 12.4952, 16.7603,
19.8729

■ 13.4299, 17.2345,
20.2618

■ 14.5539, 17.8063,
20.6635

■ 15.8774, 18.4808,
21.0786

■ 17.4100, 19.2629,
21.5076

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5929, 15.6076, 11.2379



10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984



10.8974, 15.6076, 26.9058

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984



17.9803, 15.6076, 32.7359



17.2471, 15.6076, 6.7350

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984



8.3731, 4.3097, 0.7075

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.6213, 15.6076, 9.8755



10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984



20.0798, 15.6076, 24.4410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984



15.2153, 15.6076, 36.8458



20.7142, 15.6076, 15.9355



14.4602, 15.6076, 5.9728

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984



11.9644, 15.6076, 32.3283



20.7142, 15.6076, 15.9355



18.1305, 15.6076, 7.4874

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1888, 15.6082, 18.0988



25.4564, 31.2552, 36.3099



7.3654, 14.4970, 2.4103



5.8260, 7.2749, 8.4930



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1888, 15.6082, 18.0988



17.9030, 27.4553, 31.7119



6.1143, 6.4073, 19.9840



4.0925, 4.5066, 5.0208



10.3568, 15.8664, 18.3956



49.2420, 75.6198, 86.9015

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3731, 4.3097, 0.7075



14.7085, 7.5732, 1.1111



9.4364, 6.5331, 0.7640



4.0114, 4.0203, 4.2578



8.5111, 4.3806, 0.7162



40.4568, 20.8390, 2.6694

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

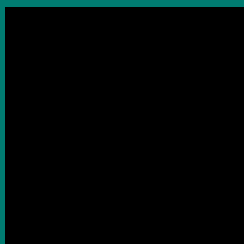
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984.

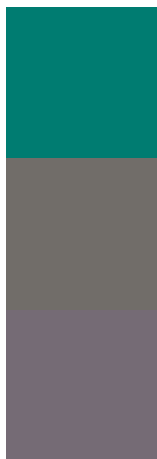


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.1883, 15.6076,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984

Protanopia

14.8285, 15.4679, 15.5687

Deuteranopia

15.8047, 15.5817, 19.0042



Tritanopia

11.4992, 15.6047, 23.8787

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984

Protanomaly

11.3966, 14.4951, 16.3845

Deuteranomaly

11.8816, 14.5271, 18.7008

Tritanomaly

10.8861, 15.5230, 21.4913

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984

Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341

Achromatomaly

8.2440, 10.7711, 12.7109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 124, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.1883, 15.6076, 18.0984 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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