

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.4527, 11.0007, 4.6733)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.4527, 11.0007, 4.6733)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.5262, 11.0940,
4.7096)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	516432
RGB	81, 100, 50
RGB Percent	32%, 39%, 20%
CMY	0.6824, 0.6078, 0.8039
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.50, 0.61
HSL	83°, 33%, 29%
HSV	83°, 50%, 39%
XYZ	8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096
YIQ	88.6190, 4.7260, -19.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

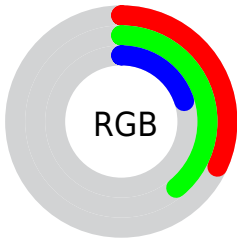
Format	Color
RYB	50, 100, 69
Decimal	5334066
CIELab	39.74, -16.43, 25.90
CIELCh	40, 30.666, 122.389
Yxy	11.0940, 0.3504, 0.4560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283524146 (0xFF516432)
YUV	88.6190, -19.0392, -6.6819
Hunter-Lab	33.3077, -12.5954, 14.9319

Details

The XYZ color **8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **5.8957, 4.4669, 12.6088**, and the grayscale version is **9.4516, 9.9438, 10.8288**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.6313, 27.8404, 15.7362**, and **1.9882, 2.9123, 0.5722** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.0171, 10.8542, 3.6801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.1013, 11.3631, 5.9888**.

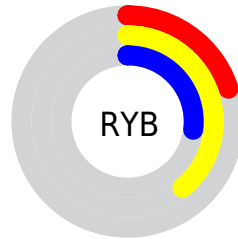
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (39%)

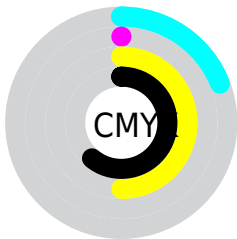
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (27%)

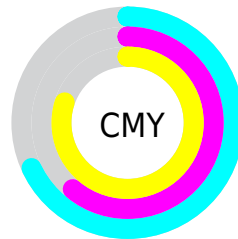


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.5262, 11.0940,
4.7096

8.5262, 11.0940,
4.7096

174.0859,
198.3113, 155.8132

4.4881, 6.1301,
2.0222

22.6594, 27.8339,
15.6158

1.9818, 2.9243,
0.5689

33.4852, 40.3786,
24.6717

0.6237, 1.0924,
0.0000

47.3042, 56.2191,
36.6874

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

64.4819, 75.7397,
52.0815

85.3836, 99.3248,
71.2727

110.3746,

127.3589, 94.6793

139.8202,
160.2262, 122.7200

■ 8.5262, 11.0940,
4.7096

■ 8.5262, 11.0940,
4.7096

■ 8.0171, 10.8542,
3.6801

■ 9.1013, 11.3631,
5.9888

■ 7.5697, 10.6407,
2.8833

■ 9.7446, 11.6613,
7.5319

■ 7.1805, 10.4526,
2.3009

■ 10.4593, 11.9902,
9.3529

■ 6.8453, 10.2880,
1.9122

■ 11.2482, 12.3509,
11.4646

■ 6.5438, 10.1389,
1.6121

■ 12.1137, 12.7445,
13.8788

■ 6.5438, 10.1389,
1.6121

■ 13.0582, 13.1721,
16.6070

■ 14.0842, 13.6344,
19.6598

■ 15.1936, 14.1325,
23.0475

■ 16.3887, 14.6673,
26.7798

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3771, 11.0940, 3.8180



8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096



7.3561, 11.0940, 7.4736

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096



8.7817, 11.0940, 25.4965



15.1150, 11.0940, 11.6039

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096



5.8957, 4.4669, 12.6088

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.5423, 11.0940, 18.2706



8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096



10.7137, 11.0940, 27.7081

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096



7.4892, 11.0940, 19.3927



12.8586, 11.0940, 24.7117



14.3348, 11.0940, 6.8838

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096



7.0274, 11.0940, 10.6116



12.8586, 11.0940, 24.7117



15.0743, 11.0940, 13.6768

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5265, 11.0945, 4.7098



18.9498, 21.3004, 18.0198



7.9191, 7.1147, 3.9737



4.6121, 5.2179, 4.2993



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5265, 11.0945, 4.7098



13.9088, 18.9585, 6.1775



6.8017, 10.2053, 4.6291



2.9446, 3.2186, 3.0405



8.7109, 13.5493, 2.1562



44.4374, 70.1543, 11.1990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.8957, 4.4669, 12.6088



8.7131, 5.8502, 21.8067



7.9893, 5.5462, 12.7068



2.7819, 2.8097, 3.5277



4.1023, 1.7590, 16.2676



20.4853, 8.7048, 84.8019

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

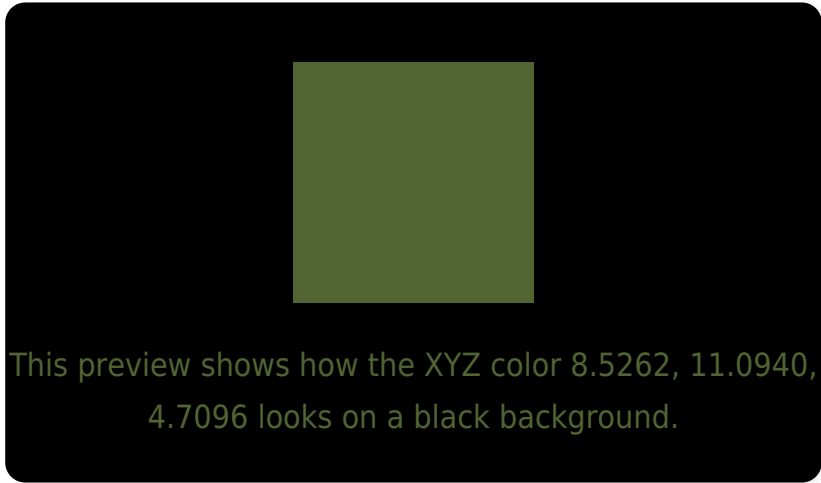
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5262, 11.0940,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096

Protanopia

10.1297, 11.1024, 4.4054

Deuteranopia

11.1544, 10.9792, 4.8995



Tritanopia

10.4255, 11.0394, 14.1517

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096

Protanomaly

9.4566, 11.0204, 4.5345

Deuteranomaly

10.0137, 10.9014, 4.8252

Tritanomaly

9.4905, 10.9216, 9.7915

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

9.0221, 10.3151, 8.1721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 100, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 100, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 100, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 100, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 100, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 100, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 100, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 100, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 100, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 100,  
50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5262, 11.0940, 4.7096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 100, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 100,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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