

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.5406, 14.7151,
3.2543)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	347A18
RGB	52, 122, 24
RGB Percent	20%, 48%, 9%
CMY	0.7961, 0.5216, 0.9059
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.80, 0.52
HSL	103°, 67%, 29%
HSV	103°, 80%, 48%
XYZ	8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543
YIQ	89.8980, -10.2620, -45.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

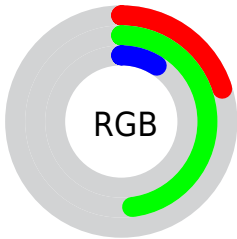
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 122, 94
Decimal	3439128
CIE _{Lab}	45.24, -40.02, 43.52
CIE _{LCh}	45, 59.125, 132.600
Yxy	14.7151, 0.3222, 0.5551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281629208 (0xFF347A18)
YUV	89.8980, -32.4877, -33.2365
Hunter-Lab	38.3603, -27.3889, 21.8223

Details

The XYZ color **8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **8.4564, 4.4386, 18.8242**, and the grayscale version is **9.7679, 10.2766, 11.1912**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.6979, 34.3075, 12.2632**, and **2.3174, 4.6347, 0.7725** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.0333, 14.4655, 2.7103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.1884, 15.0314, 4.1025**.

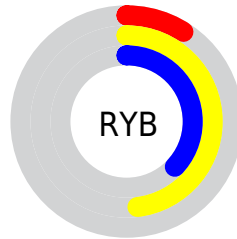
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (48%)

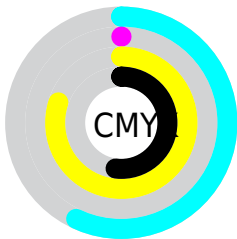
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (37%)

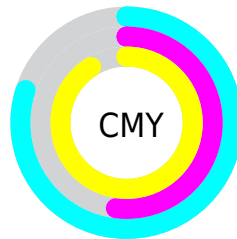


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.5406, 14.7151,
3.2543

■ 8.5406, 14.7151,
3.2543

174.1935,
221.6353, 139.5364

■ 4.4975, 8.6197,
1.2259

■ 22.6870, 34.3526,
12.2497

■ 1.9872, 4.4940,
0.0000

■ 33.5210, 48.6635,
20.0539

■ 0.6268, 1.9535,
0.0000

■ 47.3494, 66.4816,
30.6203

■ 0.0000, 0.5803,
0.0000


■ 64.5374, 88.1914,
44.3676


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 85.4505, 114.1773,
61.7144


■ 110.4539,


144.8236, 83.0790


 139.9131,
180.5148, 108.8802


 8.5406, 14.7151,
3.2543


 8.5406, 14.7151,
3.2543


 8.0333, 14.4655,
2.7103


 9.1884, 15.0314,
4.1025

 7.6480, 14.2745,
2.3522

 9.9866, 15.4174,
5.2898

 10.9453, 15.8782,
6.8472

 12.0734, 16.4176,
8.8020

 13.3790, 17.0394,
11.1792

■ 14.8697, 17.7470,
14.0013

■ 16.5527, 18.5436,
17.2896

■ 18.4346, 19.4322,
21.0637

■ 20.5220, 20.4157,
25.3424

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0346, 14.7151, 1.4947



8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543



6.7985, 14.7151, 9.2462

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543



11.3600, 14.7151, 57.8740



25.3089, 14.7151, 10.8387

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543



8.4564, 4.4386, 18.8242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.0076, 14.7151, 25.4937



8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543



16.1383, 14.7151, 59.2581

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543



8.1463, 14.7151, 42.0184



21.3608, 14.7151, 45.1225



22.1073, 14.7151, 3.8366

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543



6.5419, 14.7151, 17.2747



21.3608, 14.7151, 45.1225



25.6320, 14.7151, 14.8318

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5409, 14.7157, 3.2546



25.0030, 30.6727, 22.4216



12.0709, 11.9629, 2.5372



5.5457, 6.9320, 4.8032



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5409, 14.7157, 3.2546



13.5784, 25.1718, 4.3246



7.7838, 14.2928, 4.6925



4.0485, 4.5003, 4.2798



8.0443, 15.0242, 2.4760



37.6334, 71.2861, 11.7761

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.4564, 4.4386, 18.8242



13.2849, 6.2366, 32.8965



10.7714, 5.7585, 13.2191



4.0482, 4.0227, 5.0063



7.8427, 3.6158, 19.6699



36.5413, 16.7997, 93.7865

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

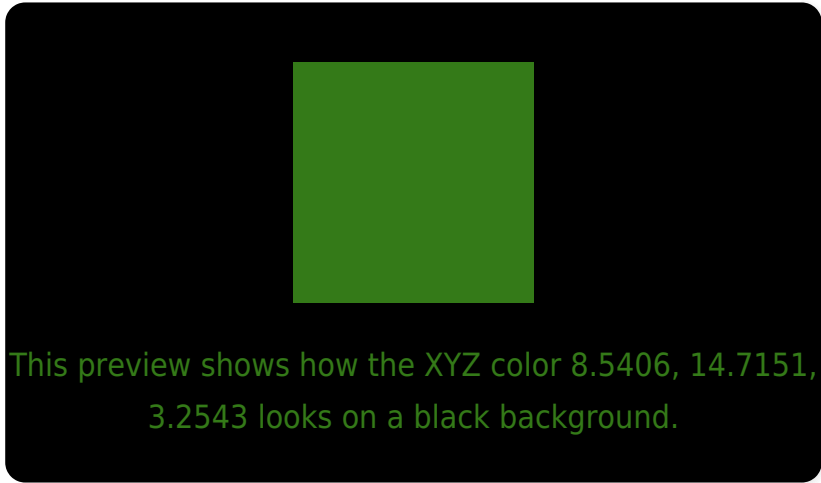
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5406, 14.7151,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543

Protanopia

13.1297, 14.5590, 2.7800

Deuteranopia

14.6153, 14.4094, 3.5244



Tritanopia

12.1183, 14.7668, 20.9505

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543

Protanomaly

10.6488, 14.0754, 2.8650

Deuteranomaly

11.4119, 13.9741, 3.3241

Tritanomaly

10.1315, 14.4675, 11.2753

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

8.7152, 11.4326, 6.9016

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 122, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 122, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 122, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 122, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 122, 24) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 122, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 122, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 122, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 122, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 122,  
24) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5406, 14.7151, 3.2543 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 122, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 122,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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