

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297)
contains.

XYZ(8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(8.5422, 10.6887,
10.6297)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	456257
RGB	69, 98, 87
RGB Percent	27%, 38%, 34%
CMY	0.7294, 0.6157, 0.6588
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.11, 0.62
HSL	157°, 17%, 33%
HSV	157°, 30%, 38%
XYZ	8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297
YIQ	88.0750, -13.7530, -9.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

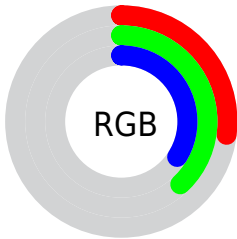
Format	Color
RYB	69, 87, 98
Decimal	4547159
CIELab	39.05, -13.32, 2.82
CIELCh	39, 13.620, 168.030
Yxy	10.6887, 0.2861, 0.3580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282737239 (0xFF456257)
YUV	88.0750, -0.5300, -16.7288
Hunter-Lab	32.6936, -10.5752, 3.6085

Details

The XYZ color **8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **8.6134, 7.4323, 8.5704**, and the grayscale version is **9.2957, 9.7798, 10.6502**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.7340, 27.1526, 27.7097**, and **1.9784, 2.7290, 2.6130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7557, 10.3006, 9.8205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.4520, 11.1400, 11.4860**.

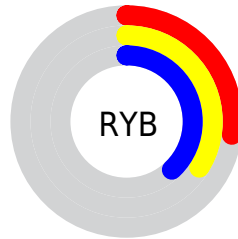
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (38%)

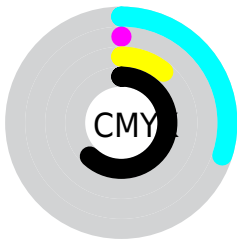
Blue (34%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (38%)

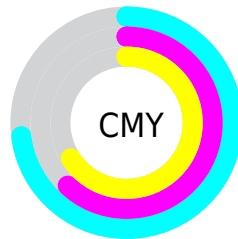


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.5422, 10.6887,
10.6297

8.5422, 10.6887,
10.6297

174.2054,
195.5192, 205.7545

4.4985, 5.8579,
5.7074

22.6901, 27.0831,
27.5995

1.9878, 2.7589,
2.6021

33.5250, 39.4154,
40.4840

0.6271, 1.0072,
0.8935

47.3544, 55.0171,
56.8597

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

64.5435, 74.2725,
77.1451

85.4579, 97.5661,
101.7588

110.4627,

125.2821, 131.1192

139.9235,
157.8050, 165.6449

■ 8.5422, 10.6887,
10.6297

■ 8.5422, 10.6887,
10.6297

■ 7.7557, 10.3006,
9.8205

■ 9.4520, 11.1400,
11.4860

■ 7.0859, 9.9715,
9.0567

■ 10.4895, 11.6559,
12.3895

■ 6.5267, 9.6986,
8.3378

■ 11.6602, 12.2396,
13.3412

■ 6.0714, 9.4784,
7.6627

■ 12.9686, 12.8933,
14.3420

■ 5.7124, 9.3069,
7.0304

■ 14.4195, 13.6195,
15.3927

■ 5.4409, 9.1797,
6.4399

■ 16.0170, 14.4204,
16.4939

■ 5.2146, 9.0750,
5.8885

■ 17.7654, 15.2980,
17.6464

■ 5.2055, 9.0708,
5.8668

■ 19.6685, 16.2544,
18.8509

■ 21.7302, 17.2915,
20.1081

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.9133, 10.6887, 8.5989



8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297



8.5849, 10.6887, 13.2588

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297



10.7104, 10.6887, 17.0820



11.3747, 10.6887, 8.2964

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297



8.6134, 7.4323, 8.5704

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9153, 10.6887, 10.1553



8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297



11.5163, 10.6887, 15.3205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297



9.8008, 10.6887, 17.2597



11.9686, 10.6887, 12.7085



10.5264, 10.6887, 7.3927

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297



8.8427, 10.6887, 15.0058



11.9686, 10.6887, 12.7085



11.6005, 10.6887, 8.8163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5425, 10.6891, 10.6299



18.4443, 20.4567, 21.7636



8.7603, 10.8761, 7.2679



4.3365, 4.8387, 5.1330



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5425, 10.6891, 10.6299



13.9184, 18.2119, 17.5587



8.7169, 10.2630, 13.0773



2.6026, 2.8798, 3.0672



6.9104, 12.0702, 7.7002



36.4785, 64.3063, 38.8281

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.6134, 7.4323, 8.5704



14.0670, 11.4260, 13.2714



8.4537, 7.7110, 6.6731



2.6085, 2.6043, 2.8928



7.1356, 3.6291, 2.5680



37.7186, 19.2269, 11.6045

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

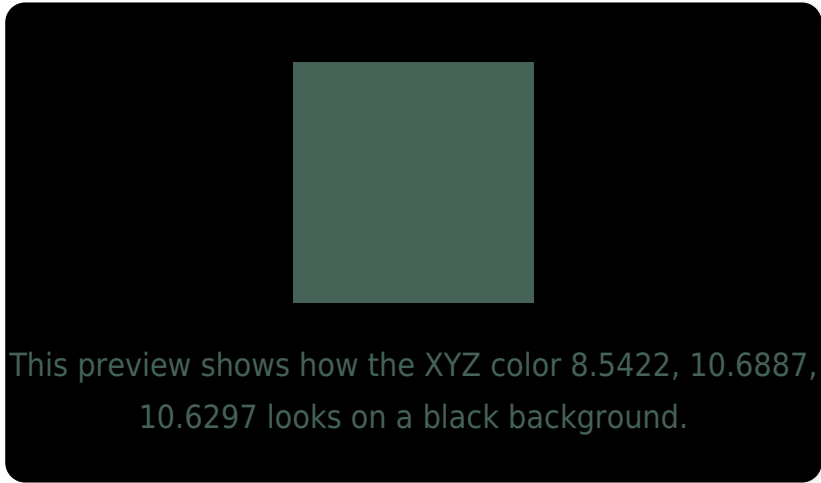
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5422, 10.6887,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297

Protanopia

10.0217, 10.5396, 9.6898

Deuteranopia

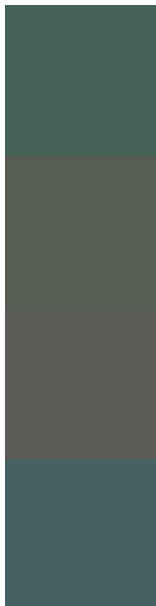
10.8550, 10.6908, 10.9426



Tritanopia

9.3035, 10.7227, 14.4113

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297

Protanomaly

9.4407, 10.6239, 9.9406

Deuteranomaly

9.8050, 10.5325, 10.7487

Tritanomaly

9.0309, 10.7520, 12.9086

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

8.9819, 10.1082, 10.7102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(69, 98, 87) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 98, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 98, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 98, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 98, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 98, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 98, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 98, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 98, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 98, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5422, 10.6887, 10.6297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 98, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 98,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor