

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.5524, 13.1846, 14.9365)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.5524, 13.1846, 14.9365)
contains.

XYZ(8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(8.5789, 13.2407,
14.9355)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007367
RGB	0, 115, 103
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5490, 0.5961
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.55
HSL	174°, 100%, 23%
HSV	174°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355
YIQ	79.2470, -64.6880, -28.1120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

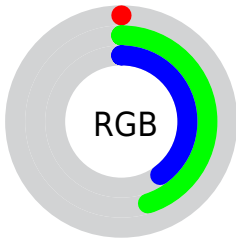
Format	Color
RYB	0, 61, 115
Decimal	29543
CIELab	43.12, -30.56, -1.21
CIELCh	43, 30.582, 182.264
Yxy	13.2407, 0.2334, 0.3602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219623 (0xFF007367)
YUV	79.2470, 11.7102, -69.4996
Hunter-Lab	36.3878, -21.5949, 1.1356

Details

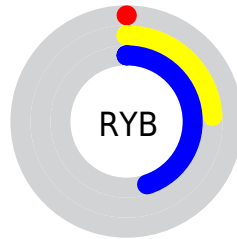
The XYZ color **8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.1370, 3.6718, 0.6808**, and the grayscale version is **7.4671, 7.8560, 8.5552**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.8159, 31.8749, 35.5218**, and **2.6620, 4.1820, 4.4083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5791, 13.2411, 14.9355**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.7847, 13.3401, 15.2622**.

Distribution



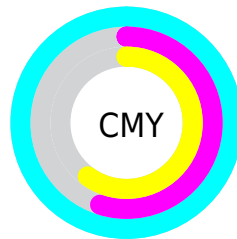
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.5789, 13.2407,
14.9355

8.5789, 13.2407,
14.9355

174.4791,
212.4546, 234.6028

4.5224, 7.5945,
8.6280

22.7605, 31.7355,
35.4807

2.0017, 3.8366,
4.4059

33.6163, 45.3530,
50.5555

0.6349, 1.5826,
1.8505

47.4693, 62.3963,
69.3898

0.0000, 0.3458,
0.4610

64.6848, 83.2498,
92.4021

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

85.6281, 108.2980,
120.0110

110.6648,

137.9253, 152.6351

140.1600,
172.5160, 190.6928

8.5789, 13.2407,
14.9355

8.5789, 13.2407,
14.9355

8.5791, 13.2411,
14.9355

8.7847, 13.3401,
15.2622

9.0550, 13.4723,
15.5962

9.4405, 13.6638,
15.9400

9.9544, 13.9214,
16.2945

10.6080, 14.2510,
16.6601

■ 11.4115, 14.6577,
17.0374

■ 12.3741, 15.1463,
17.4266

■ 13.5041, 15.7211,
17.8284

■ 14.8095, 16.3862,
18.2431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.9856, 13.2407, 9.1820



8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355



9.1294, 13.2407, 22.5119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355



15.1617, 13.2407, 28.4078



14.8134, 13.2407, 5.7119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355



7.1370, 3.6718, 0.6808

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8179, 13.2407, 8.5404



8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355



17.0360, 13.2407, 21.3381

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355



12.7647, 13.2407, 31.6573



17.6766, 13.2407, 13.9104



12.4068, 13.2407, 4.9498

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355



10.0107, 13.2407, 27.3055



17.6766, 13.2407, 13.9104



15.5664, 13.2407, 6.3974

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5793, 13.2412, 14.9358



22.0091, 27.0462, 31.1485



6.3033, 12.3507, 2.0520



5.1072, 6.3794, 7.3748



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5793, 13.2412, 14.9358



15.3338, 23.6988, 26.5951



5.3430, 5.7345, 17.0454



3.7676, 4.1490, 4.6103



9.8029, 15.1352, 17.0500



47.5846, 73.6811, 82.1067

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1370, 3.6718, 0.6808



12.7520, 6.5633, 1.0733



7.9746, 5.4531, 0.6326



3.6981, 3.7065, 3.9368



8.1540, 4.1953, 0.7532



39.5759, 20.3805, 2.8299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5789, 13.2407,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355

Protanopia

12.5449, 13.1368, 12.7009

Deuteranopia

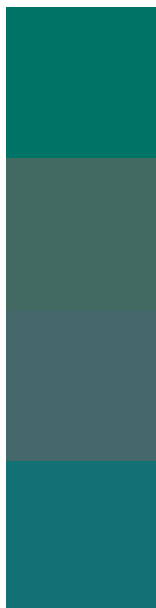
13.4224, 13.2364, 15.7574



Tritanopia

9.7521, 13.2300, 20.1288

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355

Protanomaly

9.6734, 12.3832, 13.4356

Deuteranomaly

10.1073, 12.4090, 15.4981

Tritanomaly

9.1918, 13.1538, 17.9741

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

6.9040, 9.0370, 10.6130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5789, 13.2407, 14.9355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor