

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.5613, 10.7020, 13.6207)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.5613, 10.7020, 13.6207)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.5314, 10.6161,
13.6561)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C6264
RGB	60, 98, 100
RGB Percent	24%, 38%, 39%
CMY	0.7647, 0.6157, 0.6078
CMYK	0.40, 0.02, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	183°, 25%, 31%
HSV	183°, 40%, 39%
XYZ	8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561
YIQ	86.8660, -23.2900, -7.4340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

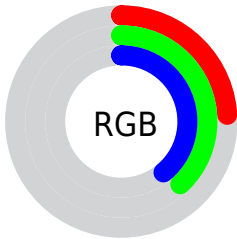
Format	Color
RYB	60, 79, 100
Decimal	3957348
CIELab	38.93, -12.88, -5.41
CIELCh	39, 13.971, 202.789
Yxy	10.6161, 0.2601, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282147428 (0xFF3C6264)
YUV	86.8660, 6.4751, -23.5615
Hunter-Lab	32.5824, -10.2805, -2.0423

Details

The XYZ color **8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.7939, 6.4810, 5.1154**, and the grayscale version is **9.0206, 9.4904, 10.3351**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.7638, 27.0443, 33.2984**, and **1.9516, 2.6892, 3.7844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.9370, 10.2407, 13.6152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2410, 11.0518, 13.7030**.

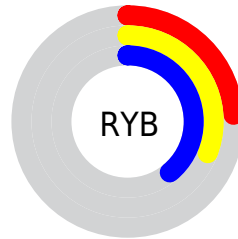
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (38%)

Blue (39%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (39%)

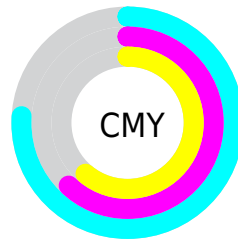


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.5314, 10.6161,
13.6561

8.5314, 10.6161,
13.6561

174.1248,
195.0145, 226.4343

4.4915, 5.8093,
7.7459

22.6694, 26.9481,
33.1859

1.9838, 2.7295,
3.8473

33.4981, 39.2420,
47.6425

0.6248, 0.9922,
1.5420

47.3205, 54.8005,
65.7850

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2489

64.5020, 74.0079,
88.0318

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

85.4077, 97.2486,
114.8017

110.4032,

124.9070, 146.5130

139.8538,
157.3675, 183.5844

■ 8.5314, 10.6161,
13.6561

■ 8.5314, 10.6161,
13.6561

■ 7.9370, 10.2407,
13.6152

■ 9.2410, 11.0518,
13.7030

■ 7.4503, 9.9210,
13.5791

■ 10.0707, 11.5496,
13.7553

■ 7.0646, 9.6539,
13.5479

■ 11.0264, 12.1128,
13.8137

■ 6.7719, 9.4351,
13.5211

■ 12.1133, 12.7441,
13.8782

■ 6.5631, 9.2599,
13.4983

■ 13.3363, 13.4460,
13.9493

■ 6.3928, 9.1051,
13.4773

■ 14.7001, 14.2208,
14.0269

■ 6.3928, 9.1051,
13.4773

■ 16.2090, 15.0709,
14.1115

■ 17.8673, 15.9985,
14.2031

■ 19.6791, 17.0057,
14.3020

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.4198, 10.6161, 10.9288



8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561



9.0481, 10.6161, 16.1309

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561



11.5808, 10.6161, 14.9371



10.3162, 10.6161, 7.1903

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561



7.7939, 6.4810, 5.1154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2096, 10.6161, 7.9447



8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561



11.9682, 10.6161, 12.2132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561



10.7981, 10.6161, 16.9462



11.8284, 10.6161, 9.6886



9.4141, 10.6161, 7.4551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561



9.5709, 10.6161, 17.1669



11.8284, 10.6161, 9.6886



10.6281, 10.6161, 7.3287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5317, 10.6165, 13.6563



18.9158, 20.9921, 24.1916



7.2722, 10.4158, 6.0895



4.6193, 5.1446, 5.9503



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5317, 10.6165, 13.6563



13.9709, 17.9893, 23.8726



6.9360, 7.4250, 13.1244



2.8925, 3.1630, 3.5900



8.5504, 12.1725, 18.0432



44.4011, 63.0987, 94.0405

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.0763, 6.8231, 12.3943



15.0844, 10.3694, 21.2612



9.0386, 8.9703, 5.5302



2.9303, 2.8868, 3.5053



9.7985, 4.7324, 14.8692



51.0068, 24.6427, 77.0359

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

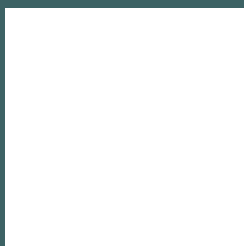
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561

Protanopia

10.2660, 10.6020, 12.5716

Deuteranopia

10.6900, 10.5370, 14.0408



Tritanopia

8.7490, 10.5614, 14.9420

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561

Protanomaly

9.4686, 10.5739, 12.8512

Deuteranomaly

9.6558, 10.3877, 13.8080

Tritanomaly

8.6473, 10.5208, 14.4069

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.7334, 9.8327, 11.5628

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(60, 98, 100) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 98, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 98, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 98, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 98, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 98, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 98, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 98, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 98, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 98,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5314, 10.6161, 13.6561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 98, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 98,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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