

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.6678, 8.5158, 1.3694)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.6678, 8.5158, 1.3694)
contains.

XYZ(8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A4E06
RGB	106, 78, 6
RGB Percent	42%, 31%, 2%
CMY	0.5843, 0.6941, 0.9765
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.94, 0.58
HSL	43°, 89%, 22%
HSV	43°, 94%, 42%
XYZ	8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594
YIQ	78.1640, 39.8000, -16.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

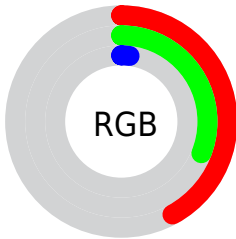
Format	Color
RYB	45, 106, 6
Decimal	6966790
CIELab	35.06, 5.28, 41.63
CIELCh	35, 41.963, 82.773
Yxy	8.5261, 0.4681, 0.4587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285156870 (0xFF6A4E06)
YUV	78.1640, -35.5769, 24.4122
Hunter-Lab	29.1995, 2.0918, 17.6794

Details

The XYZ color **8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **3.2486, 2.2233, 13.8934**, and the grayscale version is **7.3328, 7.7147, 8.4013**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.0510, 23.0613, 7.2393**, and **2.0933, 1.9283, 0.2619** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5505, 8.2776, 1.1471**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.9822, 8.9839, 1.7748**.

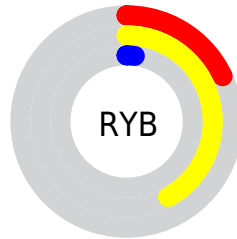
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (31%)

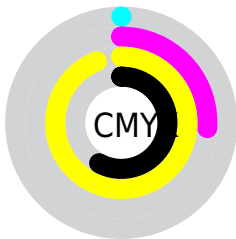
Blue (2%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (2%)

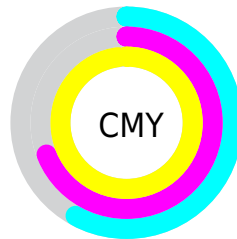


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.7011, 8.5261,
1.3594

8.7011, 8.5261,
1.3594

175.3869,
179.8022, 111.4668

4.6023, 4.4334,
0.1097

22.9943, 22.9835,
7.2010

2.0482, 1.9188,
0.0000

33.9195, 34.1171,
12.8576

0.6608, 0.5597,
0.0000

47.8508, 48.3663,
20.8962

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


65.1536, 66.1157,
31.7352


86.1932, 87.7495,
45.7933


111.3351,


113.6523, 63.4889


 140.9445,
144.2084, 85.2405


 8.7011, 8.5261,
1.3594


 8.7011, 8.5261,
1.3594


 8.5505, 8.2776,
1.1471

 8.9822, 8.9839,
1.7748

 9.3095, 9.4753,
2.3875

 9.6911, 10.0040,
3.2373

 10.1312, 10.5720,
4.3467

 10.6337, 11.1809,
5.7357

■ 11.2023, 11.8323,
7.4223

■ 11.8400, 12.5278,
9.4228

■ 12.5499, 13.2687,
11.7526

■ 13.3349, 14.0563,
14.4259

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2443, 8.5261, 2.2171



8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594



6.4386, 8.5261, 1.6343

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594



4.5369, 8.5261, 15.4291



12.3838, 8.5261, 19.8545

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594



3.2486, 2.2233, 13.8934

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0339, 8.5261, 27.6940



8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594



5.6104, 8.5261, 24.3750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594



4.3200, 8.5261, 7.7114



7.5345, 8.5261, 29.6651



13.6275, 8.5261, 11.0559

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594



5.3458, 8.5261, 2.5503



7.5345, 8.5261, 29.6651



11.6771, 8.5261, 22.8371

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.7013, 8.5265, 1.3596



20.2678, 21.4356, 14.9098



6.3025, 3.3119, 1.8459



4.6646, 4.9302, 3.2331



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.7013, 8.5265, 1.3596



14.9075, 14.3294, 1.9801



8.8729, 12.2213, 2.0637



3.2651, 3.4474, 3.3108



10.5826, 10.2149, 1.4139



53.1634, 50.5304, 6.9513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.2486, 2.2233, 13.8934



5.2766, 3.2481, 24.2799



3.1365, 1.4131, 13.7429



3.0110, 3.1504, 3.8843



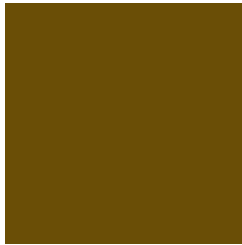
3.7680, 2.3703, 17.1812



18.5507, 10.7799, 87.3292

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594

Protanopia

7.6513, 8.5312, 1.4731

Deuteranopia

8.6491, 8.6062, 1.3489



Tritanopia

10.1881, 8.6301, 8.3365

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594

Protanomaly

8.0178, 8.4969, 1.4185

Deuteranomaly

8.6491, 8.6062, 1.3489

Tritanomaly

9.4426, 8.5313, 4.3978

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594

Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

Achromatomaly

7.3687, 7.7714, 4.3605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 78, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 78, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 78, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 78, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 78, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 78, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 78, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 78, 6); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 78, 6);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 78, 6)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.7011, 8.5261, 1.3594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 78, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 78,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor