

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.6907, 11.4872, 15.2318)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.6907, 11.4872, 15.2318)
contains.

XYZ(8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(8.7190, 11.5489,
15.1342)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	306869
RGB	48, 104, 105
RGB Percent	19%, 41%, 41%
CMY	0.8118, 0.5921, 0.5882
CMYK	0.54, 0.01, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	181°, 37%, 30%
HSV	181°, 54%, 41%
XYZ	8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342
YIQ	87.3700, -33.6970, -11.5610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

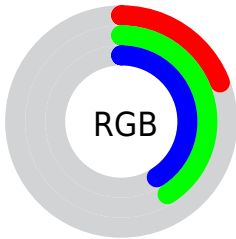
Format	Color
RYB	48, 76, 105
Decimal	3172457
CIELab	40.49, -17.99, -6.20
CIELCh	40, 19.031, 199.026
Yxy	11.5489, 0.2463, 0.3262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281362537 (0xFF306869)
YUV	87.3700, 8.6916, -34.5275
Hunter-Lab	33.9837, -13.6747, -2.6155

Details

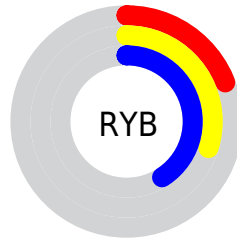
The XYZ color **8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.4577, 5.4134, 3.4484**, and the grayscale version is **9.1262, 9.6015, 10.4560**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.9776, 28.5523, 35.7526**, and **2.2268, 3.2317, 4.5094** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2629, 11.2866, 15.1078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2931, 11.8727, 15.1666**.

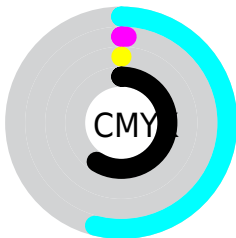
Distribution



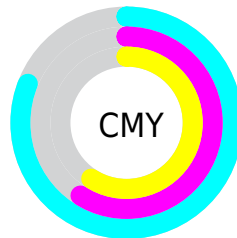
- Red (19%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.7190, 11.5489,
15.1342

8.7190, 11.5489,
15.1342

175.5194,
201.3956, 235.8458

4.6140, 6.4373,
8.7660

23.0286, 28.6708,
35.8341

2.0550, 3.1128,
4.4941

33.9638, 41.4499,
51.0028

0.6646, 1.1909,
1.9001

47.9065, 57.5537,
69.9420

0.0000, 0.0542,
0.4928

65.2220, 77.3664,
93.0704

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

86.2757, 101.2726,
120.8064

111.4330,

129.6566, 153.5686

141.0591,
162.9028, 191.7756

■ 8.7190, 11.5489,
15.1342

■ 8.7190, 11.5489,
15.1342

■ 8.2629, 11.2866,
15.1078

■ 9.2931, 11.8727,
15.1666

■ 7.9154, 11.0800,
15.0863

■ 9.9919, 12.2605,
15.2047

■ 7.6673, 10.9248,
15.0694

■ 10.8225, 12.7163,
15.2489

■ 7.5017, 10.8121,
15.0563

■ 11.7914, 13.2435,
15.2996

■ 7.4161, 10.7524,
15.0493

■ 12.9047, 13.8452,
15.3570

■ 14.1680, 14.5243,
15.4215

■ 15.5868, 15.2836,
15.4933

■ 17.1659, 16.1256,
15.5726

■ 18.9105, 17.0530,
15.6596

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6390, 11.5489, 11.2231



8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342



9.3742, 11.5489, 19.0017

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342



13.0371, 11.5489, 18.0540



11.4742, 11.5489, 6.6376

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342



7.4577, 5.4134, 3.4484

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.7526, 11.5489, 7.7900



8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342



13.7025, 11.5489, 14.0308

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342



11.8375, 11.5489, 20.9100



13.5944, 11.5489, 10.3215



10.1590, 11.5489, 6.8142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342



10.0811, 11.5489, 20.7899



13.5944, 11.5489, 10.3215



11.9242, 11.5489, 6.8713

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.7193, 11.5493, 15.1345



20.7145, 23.4973, 27.3747



6.8240, 10.9531, 4.6549



4.7924, 5.4716, 6.4094



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.7193, 11.5493, 15.1345



14.6166, 20.1048, 27.0413



6.3225, 6.7556, 14.3355



3.1775, 3.4833, 3.9397



9.3872, 13.6087, 19.0542



47.7613, 69.2011, 97.0661

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.3816, 6.1169, 13.7834



15.9499, 9.2889, 24.2938



9.0449, 8.5878, 3.9774



3.2154, 3.1630, 3.8645



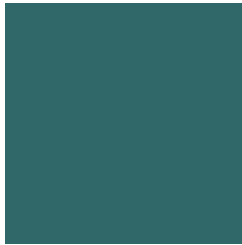
10.4851, 5.0462, 16.7148



53.3905, 25.6981, 84.9820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

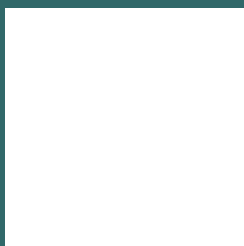
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7190, 11.5489,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342

Protanopia

10.9741, 11.3392, 13.4147

Deuteranopia

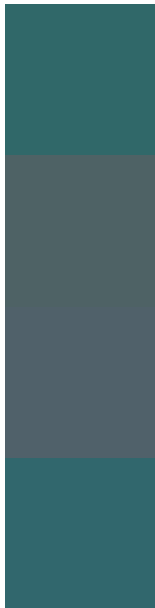
11.6052, 11.4869, 15.5155



Tritanopia

9.0349, 11.5263, 16.7875

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342

Protanomaly

9.8585, 11.2947, 13.9724

Deuteranomaly

10.1845, 11.2955, 15.2791

Tritanomaly

8.8772, 11.4576, 16.2117

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.6824, 10.0533, 12.0725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 104, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 104, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 104, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 104, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 104, 105) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 104, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 104, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 104, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 104, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 104,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.7190, 11.5489, 15.1342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 104, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 104,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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