

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.6972, 11.5180, 14.8140)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.6972, 11.5180, 14.8140)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.7156, 11.5531,
14.8673)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	316868
RGB	49, 104, 104
RGB Percent	19%, 41%, 41%
CMY	0.8078, 0.5921, 0.5922
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	180°, 36%, 30%
HSV	180°, 53%, 41%
XYZ	8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673
YIQ	87.5550, -32.7800, -11.6600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

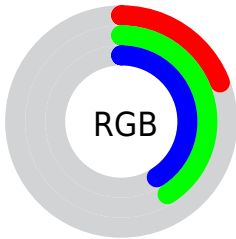
Format	Color
RYB	49, 77, 104
Decimal	3237992
CIELab	40.50, -18.05, -5.58
CIELCh	40, 18.893, 197.178
Yxy	11.5531, 0.2481, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281428072 (0xFF316868)
YUV	87.5550, 8.1074, -33.8127
Hunter-Lab	33.9899, -13.7117, -2.1408

Details

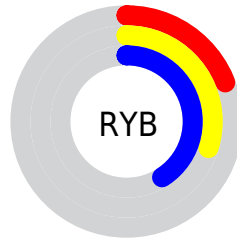
The XYZ color **8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.3620, 5.3617, 3.5529**, and the grayscale version is **9.1673, 9.6447, 10.5031**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.0046, 28.5759, 35.3136**, and **2.2016, 3.2217, 4.3767** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2709, 11.3241, 14.8467**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2768, 11.8427, 14.8939**.

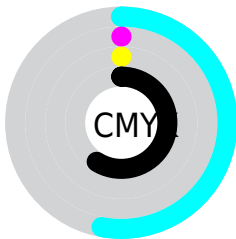
Distribution



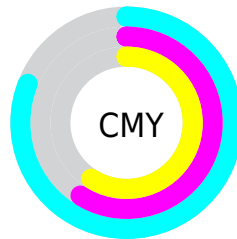
- Red (19%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.7156, 11.5531,
14.8673

8.7156, 11.5531,
14.8673

175.4942,
201.4238, 234.1747

4.6118, 6.4402,
8.5807

23.0221, 28.6785,
35.3592

2.0537, 3.1145,
4.3757

33.9554, 41.4598,
50.4016

0.6639, 1.1918,
1.8336

47.8959, 57.5659,
69.1998

0.0000, 0.0550,
0.4500

65.2090, 77.3813,
92.1721

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

86.2601, 101.2904,
119.7372

111.4144,

129.6776, 152.3137

141.0373,
162.9273, 190.3200

■ 8.7156, 11.5531,
14.8673

■ 8.7156, 11.5531,
14.8673

■ 8.2709, 11.3241,
14.8467

■ 9.2768, 11.8427,
14.8939

■ 7.9336, 11.1503,
14.8308

■ 9.9608, 12.1953,
14.9260

■ 7.6950, 11.0272,
14.8196

■ 10.7746, 12.6148,
14.9641

■ 7.5418, 10.9483,
14.8123

■ 11.7246, 13.1045,
15.0087

■ 7.4492, 10.9005,
14.8080

■ 12.8164, 13.6674,
15.0598

■ 14.0557, 14.3063,
15.1179

■ 15.4475, 15.0238,
15.1831

■ 16.9969, 15.8225,
15.2557

■ 18.7085, 16.7049,
15.3358

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6726, 11.5531, 11.0238



8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673



9.3336, 11.5531, 18.7480

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673



12.9642, 11.5531, 18.2395



11.5579, 11.5531, 6.7070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673



7.3620, 5.3617, 3.5529

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8113, 11.5531, 7.9382



8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673



13.6662, 11.5531, 14.2747

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673



11.7531, 11.5531, 20.9484



13.6081, 11.5531, 10.5391



10.2432, 11.5531, 6.8021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673



10.0191, 11.5531, 20.6039



13.6081, 11.5531, 10.5391



12.0023, 11.5531, 6.9670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.7159, 11.5535, 14.8676



19.9466, 22.6690, 26.3011



6.8163, 10.7988, 4.6310



4.8064, 5.4997, 6.4140



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.7159, 11.5535, 14.8676



14.3842, 19.8015, 26.0402



6.4487, 7.0190, 14.1122



2.9036, 3.1852, 3.5937



9.1822, 13.4365, 18.2530



47.8903, 70.0787, 95.1990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.3620, 5.3617, 3.5529



11.7326, 7.6754, 3.8816



8.8195, 8.2768, 4.0386



2.8295, 2.8465, 2.9747



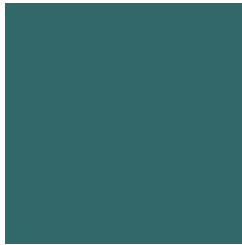
7.0374, 3.6279, 0.3294



36.7039, 18.9215, 1.7179

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7156, 11.5531,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673

Protanopia

11.0312, 11.3740, 13.1693

Deuteranopia

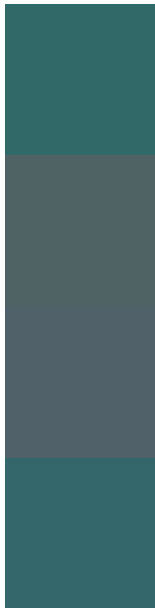
11.6615, 11.5220, 15.2450



Tritanopia

9.1357, 11.5783, 16.7923

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673

Protanomaly

9.8924, 11.3177, 13.7197

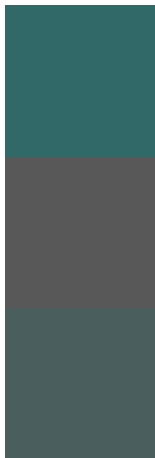
Deuteranomaly

10.2178, 11.3186, 15.0108

Tritanomaly

8.9223, 11.4870, 15.9343

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

8.8471, 10.2694, 12.1056

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 104, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(49, 104, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 104, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 104, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 104, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 104, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 104, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 104, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 104, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 104,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.7156, 11.5531, 14.8673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 104, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 104,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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