

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.7123, 16.1913, 3.6355)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.7123, 16.1913, 3.6355)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.6639, 16.0984,
3.6280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	21811A
RGB	33, 129, 26
RGB Percent	13%, 51%, 10%
CMY	0.8706, 0.4941, 0.8980
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.80, 0.49
HSL	116°, 66%, 30%
HSV	116°, 80%, 51%
XYZ	8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280
YIQ	88.5540, -24.1530, -52.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

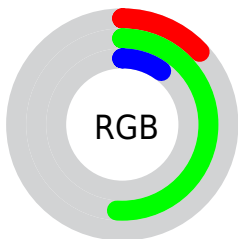
Format	Color
R _Y B	26, 129, 122
Decimal	2195738
CIE Lab	47.10, -46.97, 44.44
CIE LCh	47, 64.665, 136.587
Yxy	16.0984, 0.3052, 0.5670
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280385818 (0xFF21811A)
YUV	88.5540, -30.8391, -48.7209
Hunter-Lab	40.1228, -31.6706, 22.7248

Details

The XYZ color **8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **12.3592, 6.4622, 21.3656**, and the grayscale version is **9.4671, 9.9601, 10.8466**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.9247, 36.7967, 13.1019**, and **2.7244, 5.4488, 0.9081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2326, 15.8896, 3.0174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2985, 16.4054, 4.5877**.

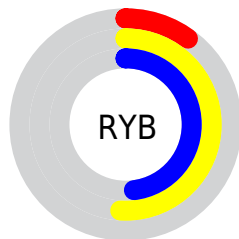
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (51%)

Blue (10%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (48%)

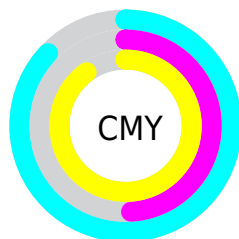


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.6639, 16.0984,
3.6280

■ 8.6639, 16.0984,
3.6280

175.1111,
229.9217, 143.9962

■ 4.5780, 9.5938,
1.4236

■ 22.9232, 36.7689,
13.1423

■ 2.0340, 5.1305,
0.1600

■ 33.8273, 51.7037,
21.2893

■ 0.6530, 2.3240,
0.0000

■ 47.7348, 70.2173,
32.2541

■ 0.0000, 0.7864,
0.0000


■ 65.0111, 92.6941,
46.4555


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 86.0215, 119.5186,
64.3118


■ 111.1314,


151.0750, 86.2417


 140.7062,
187.7479, 112.6636


 8.6639, 16.0984,
3.6280


 8.6639, 16.0984,
3.6280


 8.2326, 15.8896,
3.0174


 9.2985, 16.4054,
4.5877


 7.9637, 15.7593,
2.6280

 10.1561, 16.8186,
5.9369

 7.9602, 15.7577,
2.6220

 11.2556, 17.3472,
7.7116

 12.6133, 17.9992,
9.9433

 14.2441, 18.7814,
12.6607

■ 16.1619, 19.7006,
15.8900

■ 18.3797, 20.7629,
19.6556

■ 20.9094, 21.9739,
23.9804

■ 23.7626, 23.3391,
28.8859

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3924, 16.0984, 1.3973



8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



6.9513, 16.0984, 11.2319

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



12.9065, 16.0984, 68.8935



28.3240, 16.0984, 10.0346

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



12.3592, 6.4622, 21.3656

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.5605, 16.0984, 25.8242



8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



18.6325, 16.0984, 67.7839

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



8.9597, 16.0984, 51.4446



24.6763, 16.0984, 48.9765



24.0933, 16.0984, 3.2164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



6.8188, 16.0984, 21.3634



24.6763, 16.0984, 48.9765



28.9039, 16.0984, 14.1823

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.6643, 16.0991, 3.6284



27.2544, 34.4697, 25.6072



16.0071, 18.2759, 3.6615



5.9403, 7.6925, 5.4116



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.6643, 16.0991, 3.6284



14.3389, 28.2567, 4.8917



9.3484, 16.3495, 8.2804



4.3010, 4.8316, 4.6260



7.7625, 15.3641, 2.5564



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3592, 6.4622, 21.3656



21.1375, 10.1856, 38.0444



11.1063, 6.0796, 9.4106



4.4703, 4.3980, 5.4266



11.4494, 5.4561, 20.6996



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

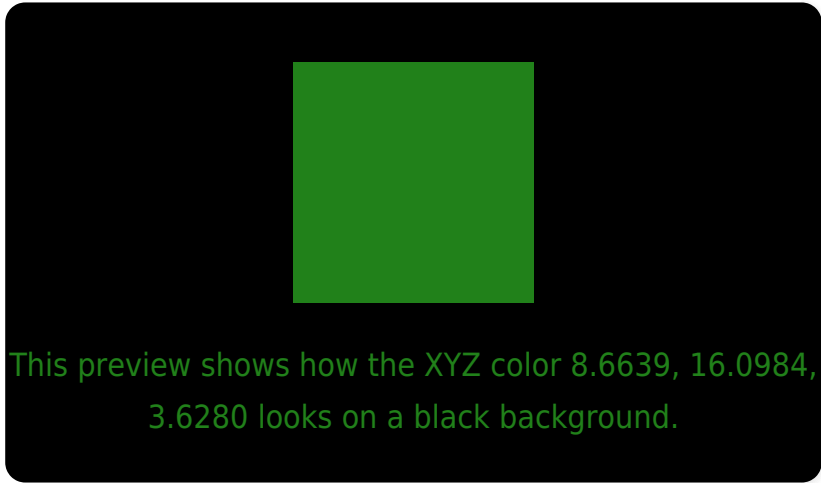
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

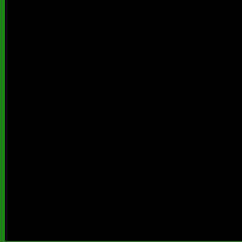
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.6639, 16.0984,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280

Protanopia

14.2772, 15.7830, 3.0034

Deuteranopia

16.0330, 15.7257, 3.9406



Tritanopia

12.6702, 16.0367, 23.5467

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



Protanomaly

11.0467, 15.2940, 3.1804



Deuteranomaly

11.5474, 14.8538, 3.6973



Tritanomaly

10.3800, 15.6424, 12.5974

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280



Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790



Achromatomaly

8.3879, 11.5592, 6.9433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 129, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 129, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 129, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 129, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 129, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 129, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 129, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 129, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 129, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 129,  
26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.6639, 16.0984, 3.6280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 129, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 129,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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