

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.7697, 9.9081, 9.4259)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.7697, 9.9081, 9.4259)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525B52
RGB	82, 91, 82
RGB Percent	32%, 36%, 32%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6431, 0.6784
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.64
HSL	120°, 5%, 34%
HSV	120°, 10%, 36%
XYZ	8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298
YIQ	87.2830, -2.4750, -4.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

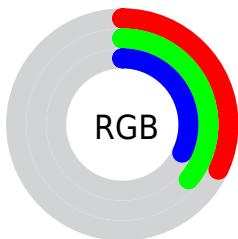
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 91, 91
Decimal	5397330
CIE Lab	37.64, -5.47, 3.99
CIE LCh	38, 6.773, 143.924
Yxy	9.8852, 0.3116, 0.3523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283587410 (0xFF525B52)
YUV	87.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332
Hunter-Lab	31.4407, -5.3797, 4.2261

Details

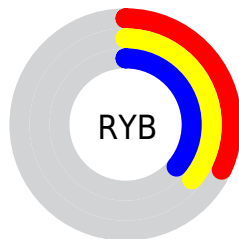
The XYZ color **8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **9.2202, 9.0142, 11.1519**, and the grayscale version is **9.1262, 9.6015, 10.4560**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.9817, 25.5137, 25.1861**, and **2.0353, 2.4037, 2.1069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.6808, 9.3749, 7.6907**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9583, 10.4689, 11.4162**.

Distribution



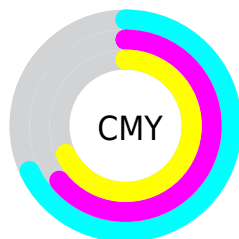
- Red (32%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.7438, 9.8852,
9.4298

■ 8.7438, 9.8852,
9.4298

175.7028,
189.8507, 196.8872

■ 4.6302, 5.3229,
4.9219

■ 23.0759, 25.5794,
25.3082

■ 2.0645, 2.4379,
2.1436

■ 34.0252, 37.4800,
37.5158

■ 0.6698, 0.8453,
0.6415

■ 47.9837, 52.5956,
53.1270

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 65.3169, 71.3104,
72.5605

■ 86.3900, 94.0090,
96.2347

111.5685,

121.0756, 124.5682

141.2176,
152.8947, 157.9795

■ 8.7438, 9.8852,
9.4298

■ 8.7438, 9.8852,
9.4298

■ 7.6808, 9.3749,
7.6907

■ 9.9583, 10.4689,
11.4162

■ 6.7625, 8.9338,
6.1887

■ 11.3289, 11.1273,
13.6583

■ 5.9830, 8.5594,
4.9136

■ 12.8614, 11.8634,
16.1651

■ 5.3355, 8.2483,
3.8545

■ 14.5607, 12.6796,
18.9448

■ 4.8127, 7.9972,
2.9993

■ 16.4316, 13.5783,
22.0053

■ 4.4065, 7.8021,
2.3350

■ 18.4787, 14.5617,
25.3542

■ 4.1081, 7.6587,
1.8469

■ 20.7066, 15.6318,
28.9986

■ 3.9069, 7.5621,
1.5179

■ 23.1195, 16.7908,
32.9457

■ 3.7431, 7.4834,
1.2500

■ 25.7215, 18.0407,
37.2023

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.0647, 9.8852, 8.7429



8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298



8.5981, 9.8852, 10.5149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298



9.3084, 9.8852, 13.2906



10.1709, 9.8852, 9.8324

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298



9.2202, 9.0142, 11.1519

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2409, 9.8852, 11.0156



8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298



9.7345, 9.8852, 13.0732

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298



8.9176, 9.8852, 12.7903



10.0790, 9.8852, 12.2169



9.8903, 9.8852, 8.9627

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298



8.6166, 9.8852, 11.3425



10.0790, 9.8852, 12.2169



10.2202, 9.8852, 10.2041

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.7441, 9.8856, 9.4300



16.3321, 17.5653, 18.3840



9.5660, 10.2903, 9.4648



3.9152, 4.2301, 4.3906



46.7556, 49.1905, 53.5685



4.1094, 4.3234, 4.7081

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.7441, 9.8856, 9.4300



14.4752, 16.6733, 15.3463



8.9149, 9.9539, 10.3299



2.3056, 2.5863, 2.5040



5.5384, 11.0765, 1.8461



30.3279, 60.6554, 10.1092

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.2202, 9.0142, 11.1519



15.4774, 14.8392, 18.9707



9.0380, 8.9414, 10.1918



2.4171, 2.3824, 2.9069



9.1811, 4.4101, 15.0195



50.2755, 24.1496, 82.2472

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

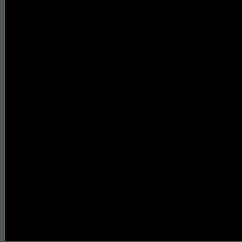
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

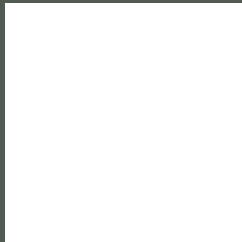
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298

Protanopia

9.3513, 9.8339, 8.9947

Deuteranopia

9.9554, 9.7742, 9.5455



Tritanopia

9.3399, 9.8741, 12.4800

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298

Protanomaly

9.0821, 9.8135, 9.2001

Deuteranomaly

9.4837, 9.7681, 9.5692

Tritanomaly

9.1118, 9.9067, 11.3295

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.8757, 9.5666, 9.9731

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(82, 91, 82) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 91, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 91, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 91, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 91, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 91, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 91, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 91, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 91, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 91, 82)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.7438, 9.8852, 9.4298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 91, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 91,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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