

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.8213, 2.0993, 1.7747)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.8213, 2.0993, 1.7747)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.5032, 5.3742,
2.3175)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	880026
RGB	136, 0, 38
RGB Percent	53%, 0%, 15%
CMY	0.4667, 0.9999, 0.8510
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.72, 0.47
HSL	343°, 100%, 27%
HSV	343°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175
YIQ	44.9960, 68.8580, 40.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

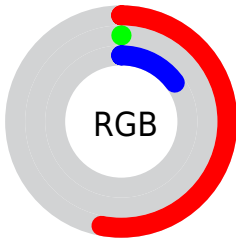
Format	Color
RYB	136, 0, 38
Decimal	8912934
CIELab	27.78, 51.25, 20.05
CIELCh	28, 55.032, 21.365
Yxy	5.3742, 0.5773, 0.2954
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287103014 (0xFF880026)
YUV	44.9960, -3.4490, 79.8105
Hunter-Lab	23.1823, 40.3038, 10.3005

Details

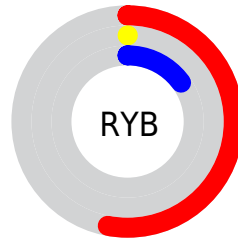
The XYZ color **10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **11.0097, 18.4905, 14.5482**, and the grayscale version is **2.4933, 2.6231, 2.8566**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4161, 16.6012, 9.7947**, and **3.1419, 1.6197, 0.1470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5029, 5.3741, 2.3164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8346, 5.7499, 3.3137**.

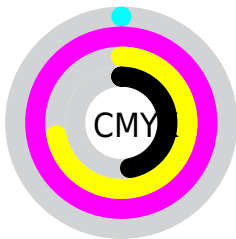
Distribution



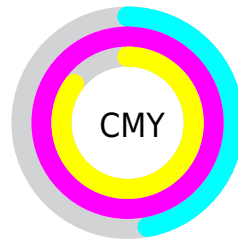
- Red (53%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.5032, 5.3742,
2.3175

10.5032, 5.3742,
2.3175

188.2063,
153.3748, 127.1270

5.7987, 2.4684,
0.7410

26.3789, 16.6182,
9.8919

2.7625, 0.8608,
0.0000

38.2808, 25.7252,
16.7438

1.0295, 0.0000,
0.0000

53.3126, 37.6681,
26.1967

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


71.8395, 52.8313,
38.6693


94.2270, 71.5992,
54.5801


120.8404, 94.3561,


74.3476


 152.0450,
121.4865, 98.3904


 10.5032, 5.3742,
2.3175

 10.5032, 5.3742,
2.3175


 10.5029, 5.3741,
2.3164

 10.8346, 5.7499,
3.3137

 11.3039, 6.3296,
4.5762

 11.9652, 7.2176,
6.1365

 12.8388, 8.4503,
8.0137

 13.9420, 10.0588,
10.2250

■ 15.2905, 12.0708,
12.7863

■ 16.8984, 14.5112,
15.7126

■ 18.7788, 17.4032,
19.0178

■ 20.9438, 20.7679,
22.7150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9234, 5.3742, 7.9916



10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175



8.4376, 5.3742, 0.3426

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175



2.3518, 5.3742, 0.9458



4.4659, 5.3742, 29.8214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175



11.0097, 18.4905, 14.5482

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7948, 5.3742, 22.6261



10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175



1.8410, 5.3742, 4.1324

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175



3.6467, 5.3742, 0.0000



1.9739, 5.3742, 11.8630



6.9153, 5.3742, 27.6987

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175



6.6734, 5.3742, 0.0000



1.9739, 5.3742, 11.8630



3.8088, 5.3742, 28.2907

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5033, 5.3745, 2.3176



29.5775, 25.2635, 27.3277



9.4243, 4.3453, 23.6344



6.5991, 5.4688, 5.8767



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5033, 5.3745, 2.3176



18.4507, 9.4473, 3.7730



10.6046, 6.1367, 0.6261



5.0866, 5.0701, 5.5443



9.9444, 5.0879, 2.2113



0.0716, 0.0360, 0.0441

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5033, 5.3745, 2.3176



18.4507, 9.4473, 3.7730



9.6537, 12.1968, 25.1378



5.0866, 5.0701, 5.5443



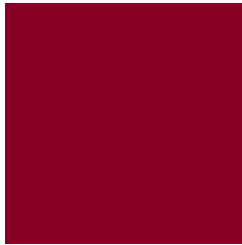
9.9444, 5.0879, 2.2113



0.0716, 0.0360, 0.0441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

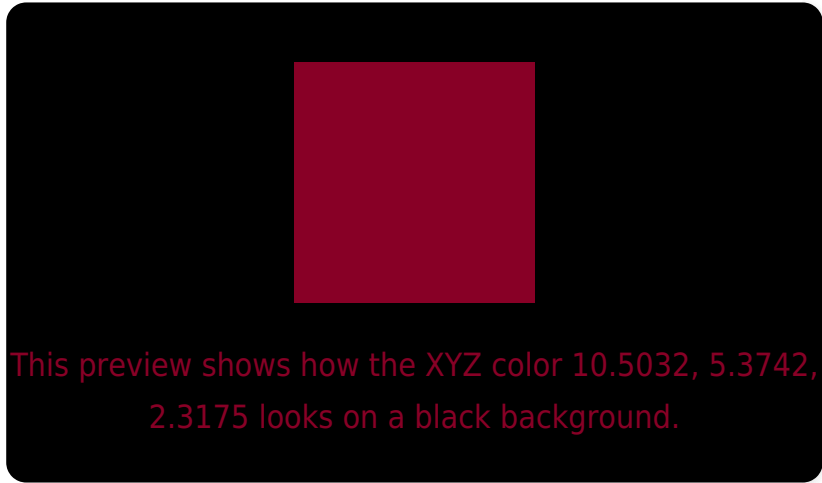
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

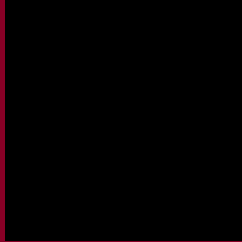
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5032, 5.3742,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175

Protanopia

5.6143, 5.9681, 4.7270

Deuteranopia

6.0333, 5.9738, 2.1314



Tritanopia

10.2433, 5.5480, 0.8788

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175

Protanomaly

6.3003, 4.5184, 3.5577

Deuteranomaly

6.8256, 4.7145, 2.0636

Tritanomaly

10.2356, 5.4221, 1.2166

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175

Achromatopsia

2.4942, 2.6241, 2.8577

Achromatomaly

3.9992, 2.6656, 2.4942

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 0, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 0, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 0, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 0, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 0, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 0, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 0, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 0, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 0, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 0, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.5032, 5.3742, 2.3175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 0, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 0,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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