

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.8224, 15.7091, 8.2520)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.8224, 15.7091, 8.2520)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.8016, 15.6796,
8.1928)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B7F45
RGB	11, 127, 69
RGB Percent	4%, 50%, 27%
CMY	0.9568, 0.5020, 0.7294
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.46, 0.50
HSL	150°, 84%, 27%
HSV	150°, 91%, 50%
XYZ	8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928
YIQ	85.7040, -50.5180, -42.6300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

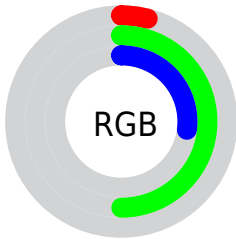
Format	Color
RYB	11, 88, 127
Decimal	753477
CIELab	46.55, -43.41, 23.41
CIELCh	47, 49.319, 151.660
Yxy	15.6796, 0.2694, 0.4799
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278943557 (0xFF0B7F45)
YUV	85.7040, -8.2351, -65.5154
Hunter-Lab	39.5975, -29.6192, 15.4510

Details

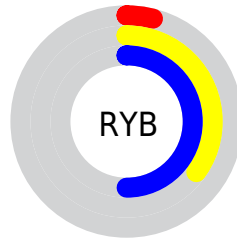
The XYZ color **8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **9.9469, 5.1815, 6.1072**, and the grayscale version is **8.8078, 9.2665, 10.0912**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.1872, 36.1051, 22.8864**, and **2.7493, 5.2348, 1.7297** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5009, 15.5438, 7.3282**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2415, 15.8828, 9.2986**.

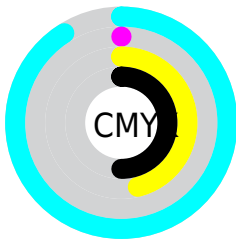
Distribution



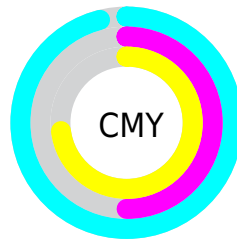
- Red (4%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.8016, 15.6796,
8.1928


 8.8016, 15.6796,
8.1928


176.1294,
227.4436, 187.2272


 4.6681, 9.2977,
4.1290


 23.1862, 36.0411,
22.8879


 2.0866, 4.9359,
1.6964

 34.1681, 50.7895,
34.3564


 0.6819, 2.2097,
0.3583


 48.1634, 69.0955,
49.1301

 0.0000, 0.7253,
0.0000

 65.5375, 91.3435,
67.6277

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 86.6558, 117.9179,
90.2676

 111.8837,

149.2031, 117.4685

141.5864,
185.5836, 149.6489

■ 8.8016, 15.6796,
8.1928

■ 8.8016, 15.6796,
8.1928

■ 8.5009, 15.5438,
7.3282

■ 9.2415, 15.8828,
9.2986

■ 9.8432, 16.1665,
10.5251

■ 10.6251, 16.5404,
11.8766

■ 11.6027, 17.0127,
13.3570

■ 12.7899, 17.5902,
14.9699

■ 14.1989, 18.2793,
16.7185

■ 15.8413, 19.0859,
18.6063

■ 17.7277, 20.0155,
20.6363

■ 19.8681, 21.0729,
22.8116

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.0094, 15.6796, 3.8894



8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928



8.1318, 15.6796, 17.7597

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928



15.1411, 15.6796, 52.8175



23.0043, 15.6796, 7.4936

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928



9.9469, 5.1815, 6.1072

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6637, 15.6796, 16.4031



8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928



19.6209, 15.6796, 45.7761

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928



11.3480, 15.6796, 47.0977



23.3221, 15.6796, 30.7795



19.1322, 15.6796, 3.6418

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928



8.5211, 15.6796, 27.2585



23.3221, 15.6796, 30.7795



23.8693, 15.6796, 9.8046

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.8020, 15.6802, 8.1932



26.4618, 33.2409, 31.1563



10.2441, 16.5408, 2.9696



6.0093, 7.6913, 7.0763



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.8020, 15.6802, 8.1932



15.1472, 27.8042, 12.7260



11.4339, 16.7330, 22.0523



4.3587, 4.8518, 5.0601



8.5723, 15.6755, 7.3867



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.9469, 5.1815, 6.1072



17.2302, 8.7027, 8.9308



8.9447, 4.7806, 0.8300



4.4104, 4.3773, 4.9658



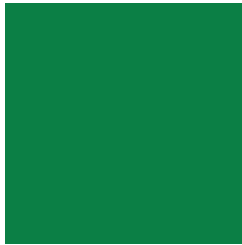
9.7455, 4.9179, 5.2493



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.8016, 15.6796,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928

Protanopia

14.2189, 15.5038, 6.9457

Deuteranopia

15.6477, 15.4229, 8.6308



Tritanopia

11.9647, 15.6730, 23.5137

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928

Protanomaly

10.5078, 14.5779, 7.2610

Deuteranomaly

11.0053, 14.3044, 8.3119

Tritanomaly

10.4829, 15.6060, 16.6471

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928

Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341

Achromatomaly

7.9053, 10.8164, 9.2605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 127, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 127, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 127, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 127, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 127, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 127, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 127, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 127, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 127, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 127,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.8016, 15.6796, 8.1928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 127, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 127,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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