

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.9158, 5.1711, 27.5825)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.9158, 5.1711, 27.5825)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.9617, 5.1977,
27.7250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C2992
RGB	76, 41, 146
RGB Percent	30%, 16%, 57%
CMY	0.7020, 0.8392, 0.4275
CMYK	0.48, 0.72, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	260°, 56%, 37%
HSV	260°, 72%, 57%
XYZ	8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250
YIQ	63.4350, -12.8450, 40.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

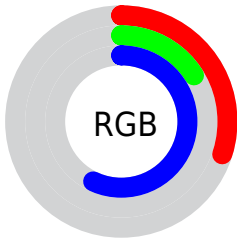
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 41, 146
Decimal	4991378
CIE _{Lab}	27.29, 40.97, -52.13
CIE _{LCh}	27, 66.303, 308.170
Yxy	5.1977, 0.2140, 0.1241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283181458 (0xFF4C2992)
YUV	63.4350, 40.7045, 11.0195
Hunter-Lab	22.7985, 30.2681, -56.1431

Details

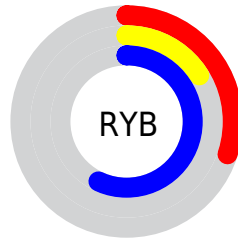
The XYZ color **8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **17.2345, 24.0973, 5.8408**, and the grayscale version is **4.7321, 4.9786, 5.4217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.4751, 16.1871, 57.1455**, and **2.1864, 0.8937, 10.6469** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.8316, 3.9996, 27.5534**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3967, 6.8310, 27.9648**.

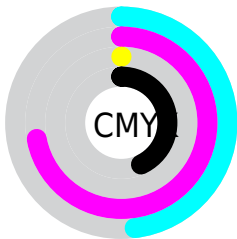
Distribution



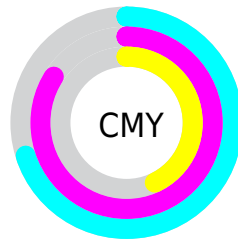
- Red (30%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.9617, 5.1977,
27.7250

8.9617, 5.1977,
27.7250

177.3050,
151.7141, 305.0210

4.7731, 2.3637,
17.8812

23.4911, 16.2423,
57.0629

2.1481, 0.8071,
10.6962

34.5627, 25.2216,
77.3941

0.7152, 0.0000,
5.7513

48.6592, 37.0183,
102.0582

0.0000, 0.0000,
2.6281

66.1462, 52.0166,
131.4737

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9069

87.3889, 70.6009,
166.0592

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

112.7527, 93.1557,

206.2333

142.6030,
120.0653, 252.4143

8.9617, 5.1977,
27.7250

8.9617, 5.1977,
27.7250

7.8316, 3.9996,
27.5534

10.3967, 6.8310,
27.9648

6.9784, 3.1898,
27.4421

12.1592, 8.9389,
28.2787

6.4391, 2.7201,
27.3799

14.2706, 11.5565,
28.6727

16.7499, 14.7155,
29.1518

19.6147, 18.4451,
29.7207

■ 22.8816, 22.7722,
30.3837

■ 26.5659, 27.7219,
31.1449

■ 30.6823, 33.3181,
32.0081

■ 35.2446, 39.5832,
32.9769

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.7271, 5.1977, 37.5627



8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250



11.6186, 5.1977, 13.3243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250



7.1687, 5.1977, 0.0000



1.3460, 5.1977, 8.0847

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250



17.2345, 24.0973, 5.8408

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.4869, 5.1977, 1.6997



8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250



4.2290, 5.1977, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250



10.3447, 5.1977, 0.4249



2.3481, 5.1977, 0.0000



1.8489, 5.1977, 21.0331

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250



12.2943, 5.1977, 6.1549



2.3481, 5.1977, 0.0000



1.3248, 5.1977, 5.1913

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.9620, 5.1979, 27.7251



34.3184, 32.1661, 52.3735



11.7873, 13.9157, 29.2589



7.3566, 6.7917, 11.5954



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.9620, 5.1979, 27.7251



12.8834, 6.1465, 48.4809



14.9588, 8.2893, 28.0058



5.6708, 5.7213, 7.2752



5.6881, 2.4049, 24.0954



0.0984, 0.0443, 0.2963

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5162, 8.8446, 15.9278



25.6359, 13.2760, 23.9866



12.4533, 21.6325, 5.6170



5.9539, 5.8766, 6.8636



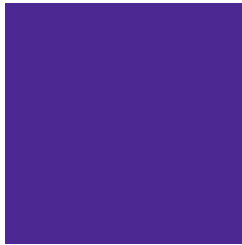
12.3546, 6.1469, 10.6141



0.1649, 0.0807, 0.2022

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

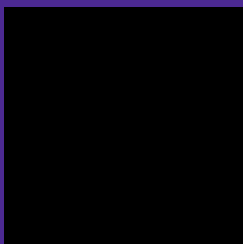
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9617, 5.1977,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250

Protanopia

5.9424, 5.2210, 22.5243

Deuteranopia

5.0444, 5.2292, 16.6631



Tritanopia

4.8077, 5.3229, 6.9049

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250

Protanomaly

6.3604, 4.7854, 24.2554

Deuteranomaly

5.7578, 4.7793, 20.3577

Tritanomaly

5.8151, 4.9837, 12.4598

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250

Achromatopsia

4.7246, 4.9707, 5.4130

Achromatomaly

5.7259, 4.7516, 10.9713

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 41, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 41, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 41, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 41, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 41, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 41, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 41, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 41, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 41, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 41,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.9617, 5.1977, 27.7250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 41, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 41,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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