

Converting Colors

XYZ(8.9177, 11.1510, 7.7458)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(8.9177, 11.1510, 7.7458)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.8560, 11.0538,
7.7977)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F6348
RGB	79, 99, 72
RGB Percent	31%, 39%, 28%
CMY	0.6902, 0.6118, 0.7176
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.27, 0.61
HSL	104°, 16%, 34%
HSV	104°, 27%, 39%
XYZ	8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977
YIQ	89.9420, -3.2530, -12.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

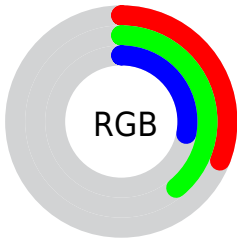
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 99, 92
Decimal	5202760
CIE Lab	39.67, -13.29, 12.93
CIE LCh	40, 18.539, 135.780
Yxy	11.0538, 0.3196, 0.3989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283392840 (0xFF4F6348)
YUV	89.9420, -8.8454, -9.5961
Hunter-Lab	33.2473, -10.6360, 9.3674

Details

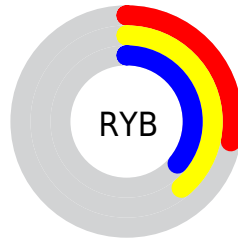
The XYZ color **8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **8.9835, 7.8111, 12.8391**, and the grayscale version is **9.7252, 10.2316, 11.1422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.4108, 27.8603, 22.2329**, and **2.0973, 2.8799, 1.5439** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.9821, 10.6380, 6.2045**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.8499, 11.5261, 9.6685**.

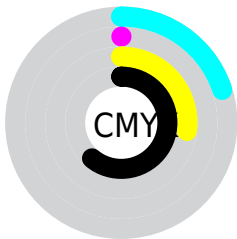
Distribution



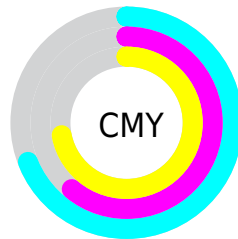
- Red (31%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.8560, 11.0538,
7.7977

■ 8.8560, 11.0538,
7.7977

176.5299,
198.0363, 184.0115

■ 4.7037, 6.1030,
3.8799

■ 23.2899, 27.7596,
22.1005

■ 2.1075, 2.9078,
1.5597

■ 34.3023, 40.2834,
33.3225

■ 0.6933, 1.0838,
0.2618

■ 48.3321, 56.1004,
47.8163

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 65.7447, 75.5949,
66.0005

■ 86.9054, 99.1514,
88.2936

112.1796,

127.1542, 115.1141

141.9327,
159.9877, 146.8805

■ 8.8560, 11.0538,
7.7977

■ 8.8560, 11.0538,
7.7977

■ 7.9821, 10.6380,
6.2045

■ 9.8499, 11.5261,
9.6685

■ 7.2225, 10.2750,
4.8751

■ 10.9673, 12.0555,
11.8286

■ 6.5727, 9.9633,
3.7954

■ 12.2125, 12.6443,
14.2898

■ 6.0272, 9.7002,
2.9498

■ 13.5897, 13.2943,
17.0630

■ 5.5802, 9.4832,
2.3209

■ 15.1026, 14.0073,
20.1586

■ 5.2252, 9.3094,
1.8889

■ 16.7548, 14.7848,
23.5866

■ 4.9466, 9.1722,
1.5872

■ 18.5498, 15.6286,
27.3563

■ 4.8796, 9.1393,
1.5069

■ 20.4911, 16.5402,
31.4770

■ 22.5817, 17.5209,
35.9574

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.8579, 11.0538, 6.4947



8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977



8.3182, 11.0538, 10.4026

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977



9.9194, 11.0538, 20.1407



13.0282, 11.0538, 10.2371

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977



8.9835, 7.8111, 12.8391

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.0480, 11.0538, 13.8314



8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977



11.1825, 11.0538, 20.0715

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977



8.8979, 11.0538, 17.7574



12.3499, 11.0538, 17.5840



12.2977, 11.0538, 7.6976

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977



8.2650, 11.0538, 12.7518



12.3499, 11.0538, 17.5840



13.1200, 11.0538, 11.3470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.8563, 11.0543, 7.7979



18.6207, 20.5887, 19.9149



10.1255, 10.7407, 7.6705



4.3725, 4.8685, 4.6294



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.8563, 11.0543, 7.7979



14.1697, 18.4758, 11.5025



8.5206, 10.8562, 8.9108



2.5988, 2.8845, 2.7639



6.3254, 11.8950, 1.9626



33.0674, 63.1724, 10.4507

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.9835, 7.8111, 12.8391



14.4269, 11.8632, 21.7794



9.4258, 8.0726, 11.3482



2.6101, 2.5982, 3.2092



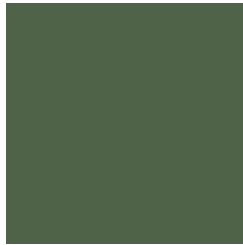
6.5130, 3.0184, 15.6270



33.9425, 15.6862, 83.4434

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

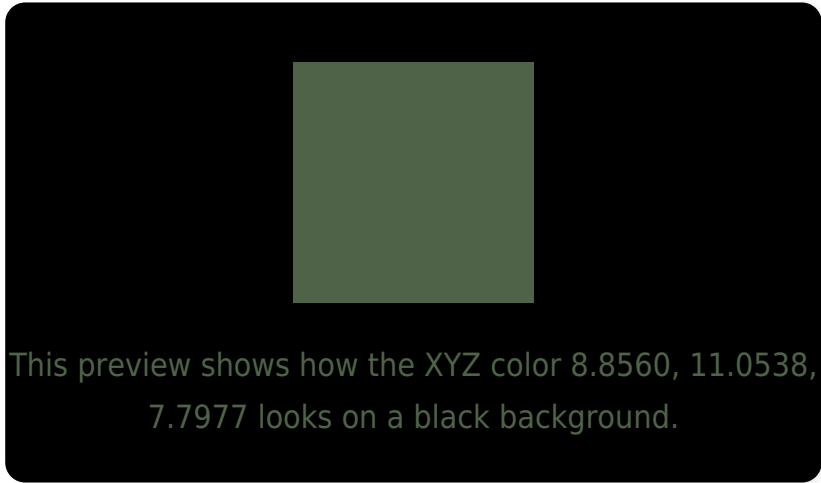
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977

Protanopia

10.2441, 10.9677, 7.2073

Deuteranopia

11.1989, 11.0580, 8.0227



Tritanopia

10.1965, 11.0485, 14.4271

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977

Protanomaly

9.6113, 10.9019, 7.3921

Deuteranomaly

10.1540, 10.9064, 7.8733

Tritanomaly

9.5943, 10.9323, 11.7297

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

9.3134, 10.4317, 9.7063

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 99, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 99, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 99, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 99, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 99, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 99, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 99, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 99, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 99, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 99, 72)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.8560, 11.0538, 7.7977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 99, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 99,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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