

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.1050, 81.5422, 79.4498)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.1050, 81.5422, 79.4498)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.0045, 81.3457,  
79.1947)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9E5DC
RGB	249, 229, 220
RGB Percent	98%, 90%, 86%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1019, 0.1372
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.12, 0.02
HSL	19°, 71%, 92%
HSV	19°, 12%, 98%
XYZ	80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947
YIQ	233.9540, 14.8090, 1.4410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

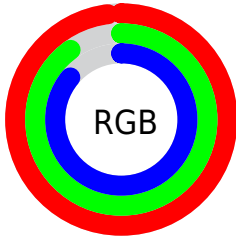
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	249, 233, 220
Decimal	16377308
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.29, 5.35, 6.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 8.679, 51.966
Yxy	81.3457, 0.3326, 0.3382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294567388 (0xFFFF9E5DC)
YUV	233.9540, -6.8793, 13.1953
Hunter-Lab	90.1919, 0.5023, 11.0736

# Details

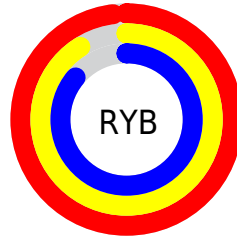
The XYZ color **80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **77.7738, 84.3736, 101.8099**, and the grayscale version is **78.2164, 82.2898, 89.6136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.6658, 44.1952, 41.8264** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.4320, 71.0905, 61.5942**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.5426, 92.7443, 99.5423**.

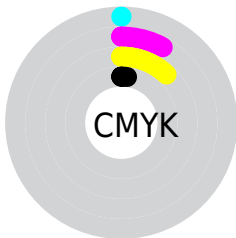
# Distribution



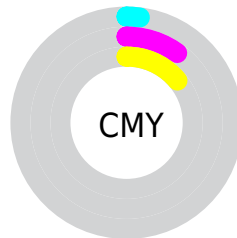
- Red (98%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.0045, 81.3457,  
79.1947

 80.0045, 81.3457,  
79.1947


483.6843,  
499.4564, 511.8498

 60.0305, 60.8264,  
58.5336


132.3225,  
135.2561, 134.0341

 43.6928, 44.0850,  
41.8203


165.3973,  
169.4159, 169.0495

 30.6259, 30.7374,  
28.6361


203.5698,  
208.8913, 209.6867

 20.4646, 20.3989,  
18.5625

247.2053,  
254.0667, 256.3644

 12.8434, 12.6854,  
11.1810

296.6691,  
305.3266, 309.5010

 7.3971, 7.2123,  
6.0730

352.3266,

 3.7602, 3.5952,

363.0552, 369.5150

2.8200

414.5432,  
427.6370, 436.8251

■ 1.5674, 1.4498,  
1.0035

■ 0.3710, 0.2530,  
0.0000

■ 80.0045, 81.3457,  
79.1947

■ 80.0045, 81.3457,  
79.1947

■ 72.4320, 71.0905,  
61.5942

■ 88.5426, 92.7443,  
99.5423

■ 65.7831, 61.9319,  
46.6171

■ 92.8773, 98.8799,  
108.7983

■ 60.0226, 53.8360,  
34.1379

■ 55.1103, 46.7627,  
24.0187

■ 51.0027, 40.6694,  
16.1081

■ 47.6521, 35.5102,  
10.2369

■ 45.0047, 31.2352,  
6.2109

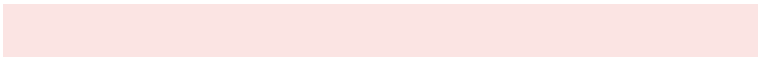
■ 42.9984, 27.7886,  
3.7973

■ 41.7433, 25.4920,  
2.7203

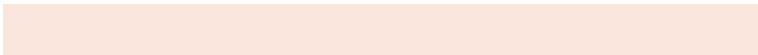
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.3858, 81.3457, 84.0313



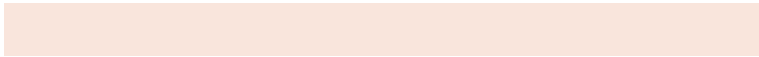
80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947



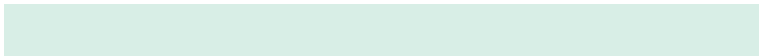
77.9210, 81.3457, 76.8954

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947



73.1242, 81.3457, 86.8565



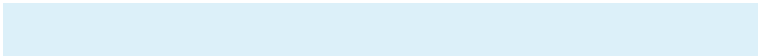
78.9411, 81.3457, 100.5277

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



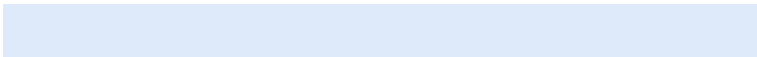
80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947



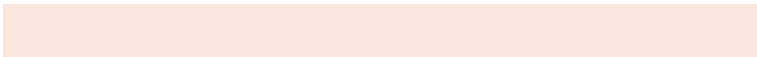
77.7738, 84.3736, 101.8099

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.7154, 81.3457, 101.3738



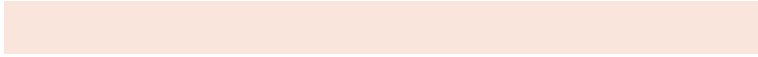
80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947



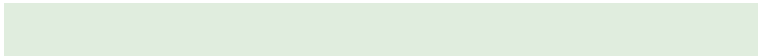
73.3854, 81.3457, 93.2727

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947



73.9691, 81.3457, 81.1772



74.6897, 81.3457, 98.6610

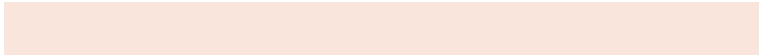


80.7637, 81.3457, 96.4020



# Rectangle

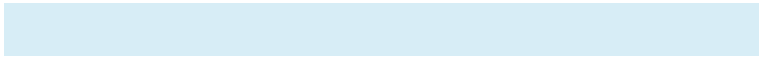
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947



76.4259, 81.3457, 77.0294



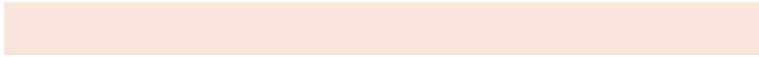
74.6897, 81.3457, 98.6610



78.2143, 81.3457, 101.2128

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.0067, 81.3493, 79.1964



92.1829, 96.1977, 101.9886



80.4339, 77.6363, 93.4188



19.5703, 20.3768, 21.4442



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

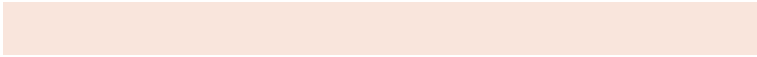


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

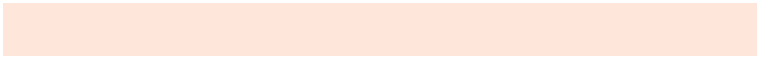


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.0067, 81.3493, 79.1964



82.4698, 83.1985, 78.9374



84.0966, 89.5289, 80.5597



17.6842, 18.1043, 18.0248



22.4550, 13.8667, 1.4930



2.1697, 1.4643, 0.1683

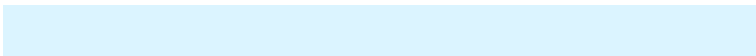


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.7738, 84.3736, 101.8099



79.6789, 86.9768, 107.1964



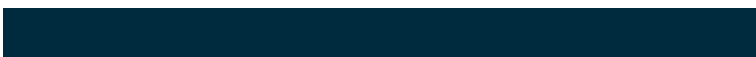
73.7571, 76.3403, 100.4711



17.2845, 18.6459, 22.0733



17.1497, 19.6550, 50.8635

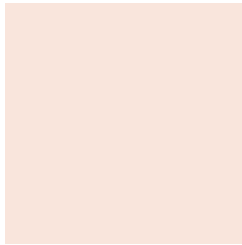


1.6827, 2.0090, 4.7423



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

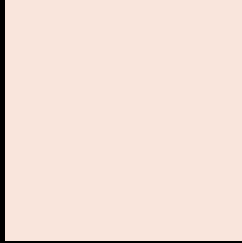
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

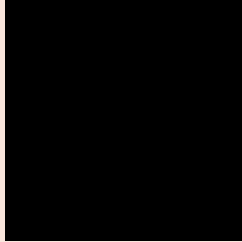
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

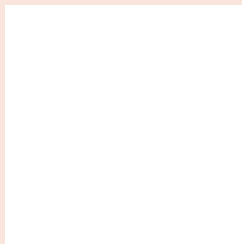
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947.



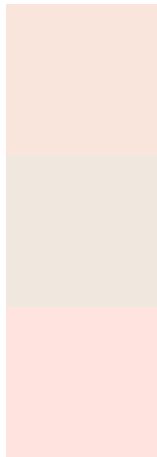
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.0045, 81.3457,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947

### Protanopia

77.9766, 81.5124, 80.7309

### Deuteranopia

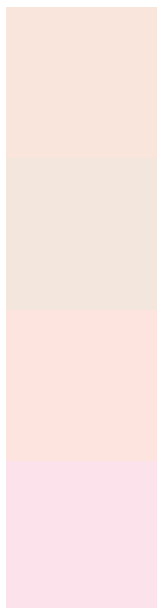
82.0284, 81.5259, 81.2247



## Tritanopia

83.2478, 81.0169, 96.0442

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947

## Protanomaly

78.5892, 81.4270, 79.9815

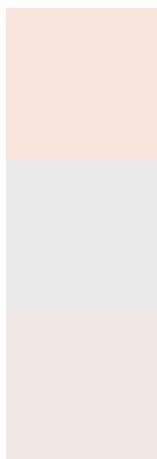
## Deuteranomaly

81.4362, 81.6434, 80.5738

## Tritanomaly

81.9754, 80.9001, 89.8920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947

## Achromatopsia

78.2058, 82.2786, 89.6014

## Achromatomaly

78.5961, 81.7211, 85.7600

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 229, 220) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 229, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 229, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 229, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 229, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 229, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 229, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 229, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 229, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 229,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.0045, 81.3457, 79.1947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 229, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
229, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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