

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.2224, 82.9670, 87.4245)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.2224, 82.9670, 87.4245)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.1807, 82.9246,  
87.3814)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2E9E7
RGB	242, 233, 231
RGB Percent	95%, 91%, 91%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0863, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.05, 0.05
HSL	11°, 30%, 93%
HSV	11°, 5%, 95%
XYZ	80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814
YIQ	235.4630, 6.0060, 1.2860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

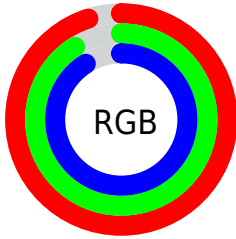
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 233, 231
Decimal	15919591
CIE Lab	92.98, 2.69, 2.04
CIE LCh	93, 3.379, 37.148
Yxy	82.9246, 0.3201, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294109671 (0xFF2E9E7)
YUV	235.4630, -2.2003, 5.7329
Hunter-Lab	91.0629, -2.1913, 6.8511

# Details

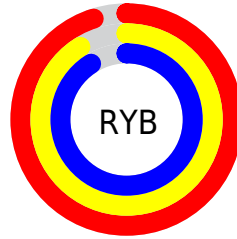
The XYZ color **80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **80.1421, 85.7187, 96.3270**, and the grayscale version is **79.3335, 83.4650, 90.8934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.7097, 44.9785, 46.9354** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.7050, 71.0694, 68.8428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.7296, 96.2198, 108.4508**.

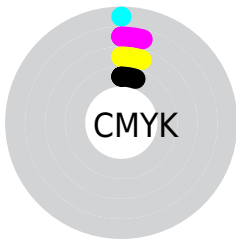
# Distribution



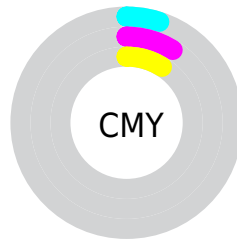
- Red (95%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80.1807, 82.9246,  
87.3814

80.1807, 82.9246,  
87.3814

484.2689,  
504.7352, 539.8240

60.1760, 62.1280,  
65.2495

132.5689,  
137.4699, 145.5992

43.8105, 45.1361,  
47.2108

165.6832,  
171.9872, 182.5221

30.7189, 31.5646,  
32.8468

203.8981,  
211.8470, 225.2124

20.5356, 21.0292,  
21.7389

247.5790,  
257.4335, 274.0887

12.8955, 13.1453,  
13.4687

297.0911,  
309.1312, 329.5695

7.4331, 7.5287,  
7.6176

352.7999,

3.7832, 3.7949,

367.3245, 392.0732

3.7670

415.0707,  
432.3977, 462.0186

■ 1.5802, 1.5595,  
1.4984

■ 0.3795, 0.3301,  
0.2167

■ 80.1807, 82.9246,  
87.3814

■ 80.1807, 82.9246,  
87.3814

■ 71.7050, 71.0694,  
68.8428

■ 89.7296, 96.2198,  
108.4508

■ 64.2880, 60.6073,  
52.8926

■ 90.4284, 97.6175,  
108.6837

■ 57.8898, 51.4903,  
39.4166

■ 52.4650, 43.6633,  
28.2905

■ 47.9650, 37.0675,  
19.3788

■ 44.3368, 31.6394,  
12.5323

■ 41.5215, 27.3099,  
7.5831

■ 39.4529, 24.0021,  
4.3369

■ 38.0532, 21.6287,  
2.5567

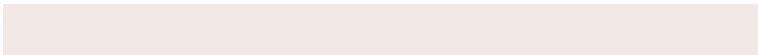
# Harmonies

## Analogous

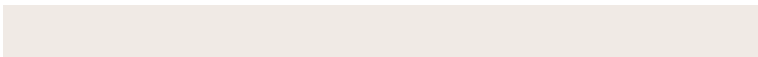
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.5169, 82.9246, 89.6861



80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814



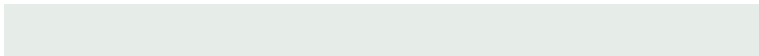
79.4797, 82.9246, 85.8765

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814



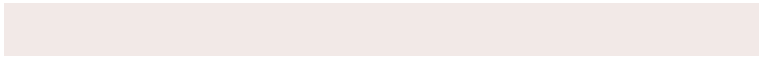
77.2605, 82.9246, 88.4125



79.0291, 82.9246, 95.2103

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814



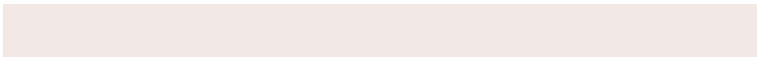
80.1421, 85.7187, 96.3270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.1587, 82.9246, 94.8539



80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814



77.1419, 82.9246, 90.8982

# Square

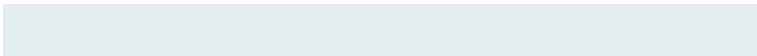
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814



77.7948, 82.9246, 86.4639



77.4695, 82.9246, 93.2641

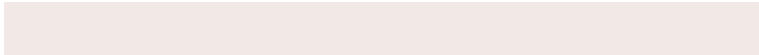


79.8488, 82.9246, 94.2289

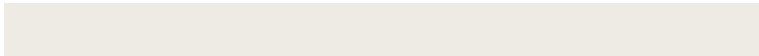


# Rectangle

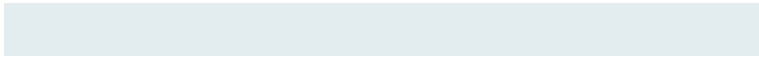
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



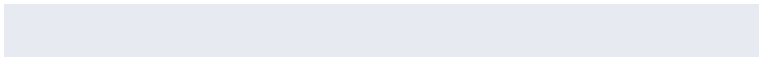
80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814



78.9020, 82.9246, 85.5131



77.4695, 82.9246, 93.2641



78.7327, 82.9246, 95.2432

# Sweetspot

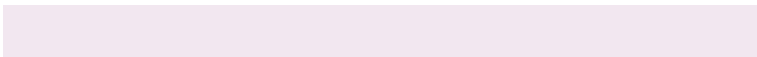
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.1830, 82.9282, 87.3832



93.9804, 98.5135, 106.5315



80.9480, 82.3315, 94.1943



20.1270, 21.1016, 22.8271



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

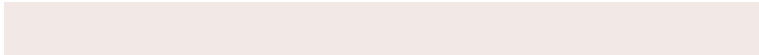


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

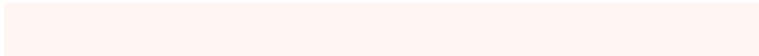


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.1830, 82.9282, 87.3832



89.8280, 92.7326, 97.3661



81.7146, 85.9914, 87.8937



16.7002, 17.1946, 17.9610



20.2279, 11.2539, 1.1061

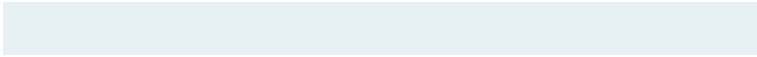


1.7474, 1.0655, 0.1136

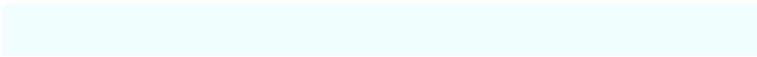


# Inverse Universe

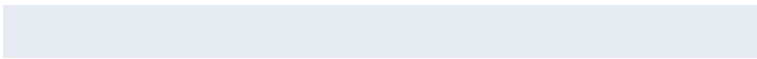
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.1421, 85.7187, 96.3270



89.7772, 96.1883, 108.4422



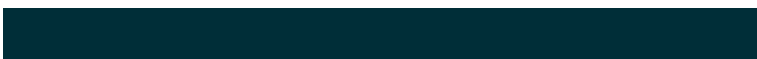
78.5962, 82.6270, 95.8117



16.6895, 17.9249, 20.3018



19.5401, 25.3044, 48.9822

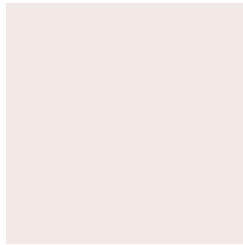


1.6885, 2.2311, 4.0959



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

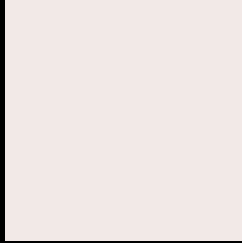
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

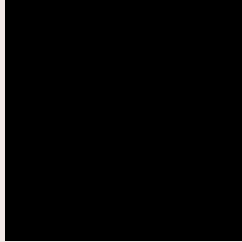
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

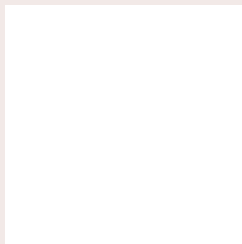
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814.



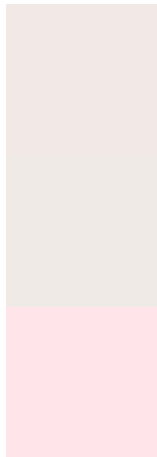
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.1807, 82.9246,

87.3814.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814

### Protanopia

79.7818, 83.1404, 87.4441

### Deuteranopia

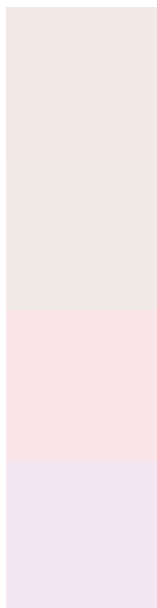
83.6914, 82.6300, 88.6290



## Tritanopia

82.8963, 82.7834, 100.4166

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814

## Protanomaly

80.1223, 83.3159, 87.4600

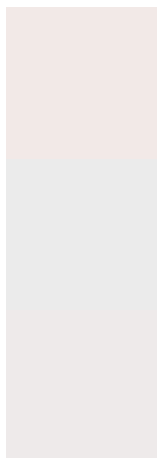
## Deuteranomaly

82.2866, 82.7438, 87.9781

## Tritanomaly

81.9112, 82.7957, 95.6684

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814

## Achromatopsia

78.9647, 83.0770, 90.4708

## Achromatomaly

79.5340, 82.9633, 89.6635

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 233, 231) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 233, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 233, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 233, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 233, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 233, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 233, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 233, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 233, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 233,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.1807, 82.9246, 87.3814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 233, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
233, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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