

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.2721, 94.0007, 35.0576)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.2721, 94.0007, 35.0576)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(80.2973, 94.0144,  
35.0336)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDFE82
RGB	253, 255, 130
RGB Percent	99%, 100%, 51%
CMY	0.0078, 0.0000, 0.4902
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.49, 0.00
HSL	61°, 100%, 75%
HSV	61°, 49%, 100%
XYZ	80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336
YIQ	240.1520, 38.9330, -39.2990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

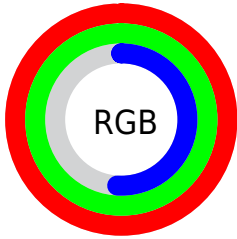
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	130, 255, 132
Decimal	16646018
CIE Lab	97.64, -17.15, 58.88
CIE LCh	98, 61.326, 106.238
Yxy	94.0144, 0.3836, 0.4491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294836098 (0xFFFDFF82)
YUV	240.1520, -54.3049, 11.2677
Hunter-Lab	96.9610, -21.8588, 46.4503

# Details

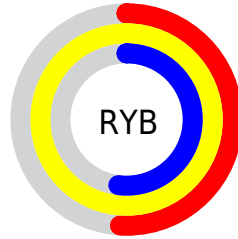
The XYZ color **80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **35.5495, 28.0921, 98.1564**, and the grayscale version is **83.3332, 87.6730, 95.4759**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.7570, 96.2828, 59.9635**, and **43.7467, 52.3793, 14.6420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.6438, 93.3358, 27.1019**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.3754, 94.8628, 45.2013**.

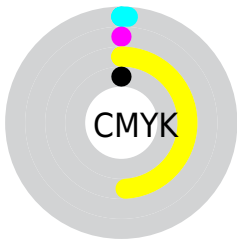
# Distribution



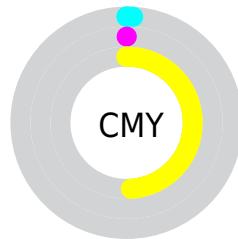
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.2973, 94.0144,  
35.0336

 80.2973, 94.0144,  
35.0336


484.6555,  
541.0049, 339.6254


 60.2723, 71.3149,  
23.4050


 132.7320,  
152.9023, 68.6900

 43.8885, 52.5992,  
14.6847


 165.8724,  
189.8594, 91.5548

 30.7804, 37.4829,  
8.4543


 204.1153,  
232.3380, 119.0022

 20.5827, 25.5816,  
4.2951

247.8262,  
280.7223, 151.4506

 12.9300, 16.5109,  
1.7886

297.3702,  
335.3967, 189.3186

 7.4570, 9.8864,  
0.4204

353.1129,

 3.7984, 5.3237,

396.7457, 233.0247

0.0000

415.4195,  
465.1536, 282.9874

■ 1.5887, 2.4384,  
0.0000

■ 0.3850, 0.8456,  
0.0000

■ 80.2973, 94.0144,  
35.0336

■ 80.2973, 94.0144,  
35.0336

■ 78.6438, 93.3358,  
27.1019

■ 82.3754, 94.8628,  
45.2013

■ 77.3828, 92.8143,  
21.2343

■ 84.9065, 95.8924,  
57.7520

■ 76.4778, 92.4352,  
17.2402

■ 87.9169, 97.1138,  
72.8249

■ 75.8858, 92.1814,  
14.8920

■ 91.4307, 98.5367,  
90.5472

■ 75.5427, 92.0271,  
13.8534

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 75.5145, 92.0142,  
13.7805

# Harmonies

## Analogous

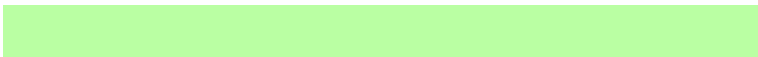
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.5823, 94.0144, 34.5102



80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



67.2436, 94.0144, 49.2360

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



68.0957, 94.0144, 188.6634



126.0827, 94.0144, 126.9769

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



35.5495, 28.0921, 98.1564

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.8559, 94.0144, 184.2822



80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



81.6091, 94.0144, 226.9896

# Square

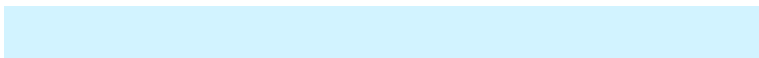
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



60.8519, 94.0144, 131.6658



99.0756, 94.0144, 225.1662



125.6110, 94.0144, 77.7708



# Rectangle

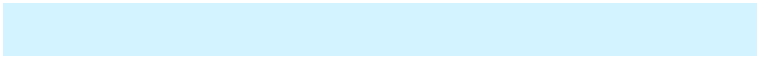
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



62.0253, 94.0144, 68.3139



99.0756, 94.0144, 225.1662



123.7303, 94.0144, 146.1871

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.2974, 94.0144, 35.0348



89.2670, 97.6608, 79.6208



53.2526, 38.8380, 25.8101



18.9530, 20.8411, 16.2675



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

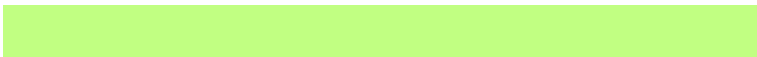
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.2974, 94.0144, 35.0348



78.6465, 93.3369, 27.1144



61.6550, 84.4039, 34.1624



19.5308, 21.0751, 19.1828



39.4711, 48.0862, 7.2012



3.8520, 4.6865, 0.7016



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5495, 28.0921, 98.1564



29.1142, 20.3549, 97.0021



47.8986, 34.4583, 98.7343



17.0299, 17.3916, 22.7093



9.4698, 3.7924, 49.6675

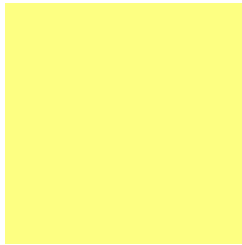


0.9311, 0.3739, 4.8364



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

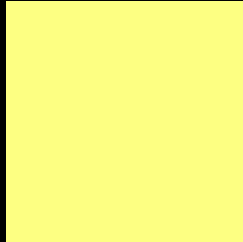
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

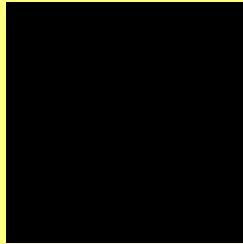
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336.



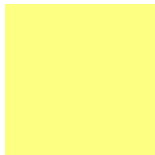
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.2973, 94.0144,



# Color Blindness Simulation

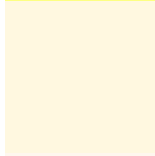
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



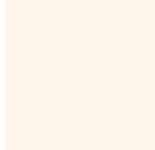
### Original Color

80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



### Protanopia

88.2619, 93.7766, 83.9698



### Deuteranopia

89.9334, 93.9546, 94.2840



## Tritanopia

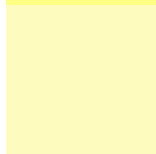
91.4631, 93.5931, 105.3401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



## Protanomaly

84.6645, 93.7829, 62.3548



## Deuteranomaly

85.3675, 93.5656, 67.5934



## Tritanomaly

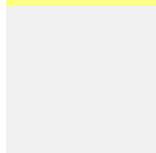
86.1339, 93.3763, 73.1582

# Monochromacy



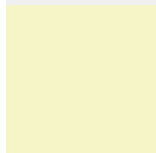
## Original Color

80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336



## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919



## Achromatomaly

80.7339, 88.8874, 67.5454

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 255, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 255, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 255, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 255, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 255, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 255, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 255, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 255, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.2973, 94.0144, 35.0336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 255, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
255, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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