

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.2958, 87.8356,  
107.3297)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.2958, 87.8356, 107.3297)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.2176, 87.7405,  
107.3154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCF5FF
RGB	220, 245, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.1372, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 100%, 93%
HSV	197°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154
YIQ	238.6650, -18.1100, -2.1900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

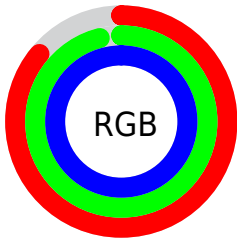
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	220, 235, 255
Decimal	14480895
CIE Lab	95.05, -6.16, -7.57
CIE LCh	95, 9.756, 230.865
Yxy	87.7405, 0.2914, 0.3187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292670975 (0xFFDCF5FF)
YUV	238.6650, 8.0532, -16.3692
Hunter-Lab	93.6699, -11.0574, -2.3582

# Details

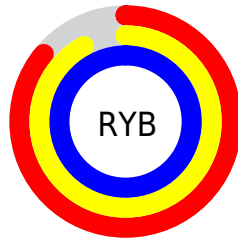
The XYZ color **80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **82.4545, 83.0193, 79.3902**, and the grayscale version is **81.7351, 85.9917, 93.6450**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.9077, 48.4717, 60.4679** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.9212, 79.7438, 106.2619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.7825, 96.5245, 108.4541**.

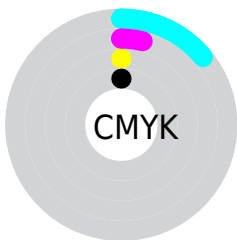
# Distribution



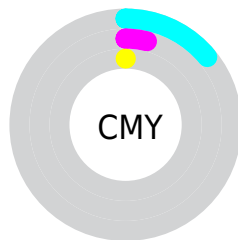
- Red (86%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80.2176, 87.7405,  
107.3154

80.2176, 87.7405,  
107.3154

484.3912,  
520.6531, 604.8463

60.2065, 66.1082,  
81.7730

132.6205,  
144.1958, 173.3137

43.8352, 48.3602,  
60.6437

165.7431,  
179.7876, 214.6067

30.7383, 34.1122,  
43.5090

203.9669,  
220.8014, 261.9870

20.5505, 22.9798,  
29.9503

247.6572,  
267.6214, 315.8730

12.9064, 14.5786,  
19.5492

297.1795,  
320.6323, 376.6835

7.4407, 8.5242,  
11.8869

352.8990,

3.7880, 4.4322,

380.2182, 444.8368

6.5451

415.1811,  
446.7637, 520.7516

■ 1.5829, 1.9181,  
3.1052

■ 0.3812, 0.5592,  
1.1486

■ 80.2176, 87.7405,  
107.3154

■ 80.2176, 87.7405,  
107.3154

■ 70.9212, 79.7438,  
106.2619

■ 90.7825, 96.5245,  
108.4541

■ 62.8323, 72.4945,  
105.2890

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 55.8949, 65.9646,  
104.3942

■ 50.0457, 60.1200,  
103.5744

■ 45.2149, 54.9232,  
102.8259

■ 41.3243, 50.3321,  
102.1448

■ 38.2829, 46.2984,  
101.5265

■ 35.9804, 42.7636,  
100.9656

■ 34.8142, 40.7485,  
100.6381

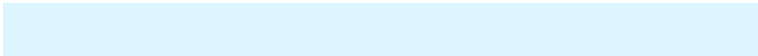
# Harmonies

## Analogous

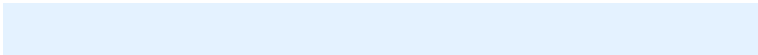
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.7201, 87.7405, 100.8307



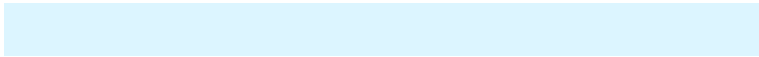
80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154



82.5878, 87.7405, 110.6903

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154



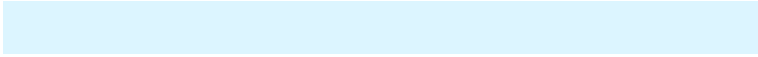
88.5312, 87.7405, 97.8719



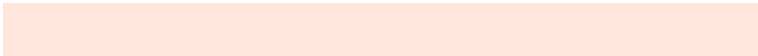
81.5917, 87.7405, 82.5280

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



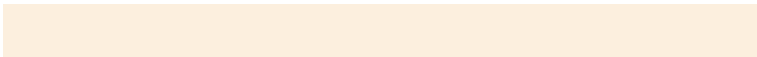
80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154



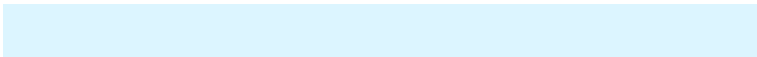
82.4545, 83.0193, 79.3902

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.2069, 87.7405, 81.8294



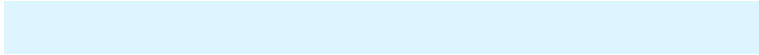
80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154



88.2508, 87.7405, 90.4271

# Square

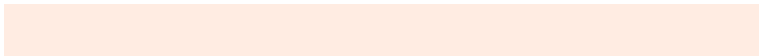
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



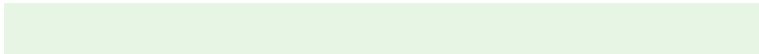
80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154



87.4127, 87.7405, 105.0512



86.6546, 87.7405, 84.6489

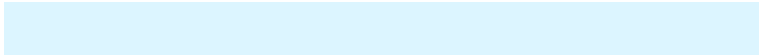


79.5017, 87.7405, 86.6107



# Rectangle

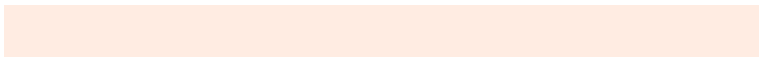
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154



84.3595, 87.7405, 110.6059



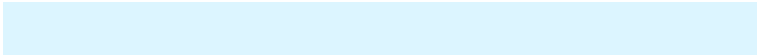
86.6546, 87.7405, 84.6489



82.4373, 87.7405, 81.8984

# Sweetspot

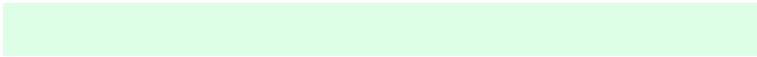
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.2199, 87.7440, 107.3160



90.4742, 96.2720, 108.4216



79.5473, 92.4446, 88.4538



19.1861, 20.4592, 23.1878



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

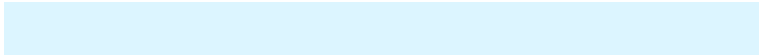


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

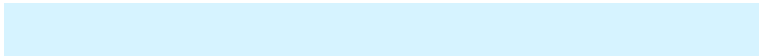


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.2199, 87.7440, 107.3160



77.9949, 85.8561, 107.0689



75.1953, 77.6948, 105.6411



18.0908, 19.5532, 23.0706



18.3251, 21.5597, 52.6302



1.8776, 2.2859, 5.1555



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.3160, 79.0405, 97.2556



81.5675, 75.9466, 95.4302



87.5470, 93.2044, 81.0877



18.5585, 18.2067, 21.5581



26.0378, 12.9044, 24.6475

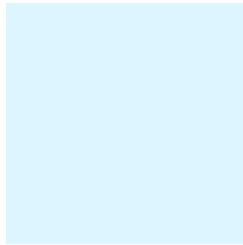


2.5823, 1.2753, 2.6480



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

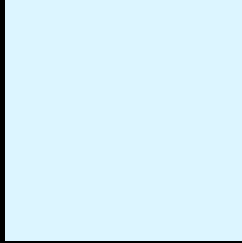
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

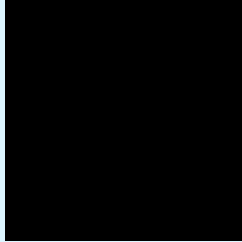
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154.



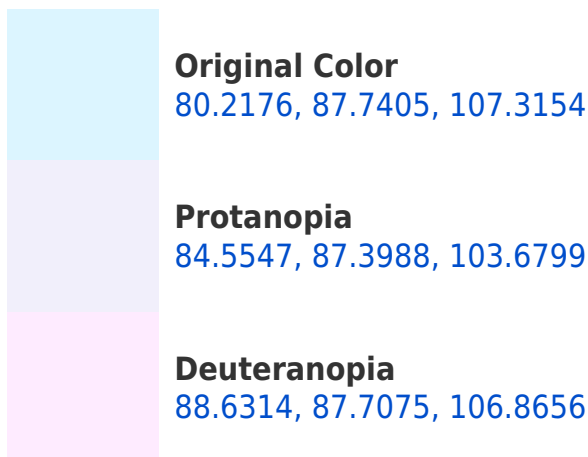
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.2176, 87.7405,

107.3154.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

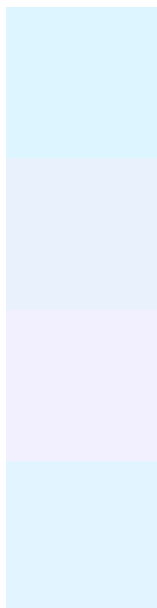




## Tritanopia

82.4137, 87.9792, 107.2458

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154

## Protanomaly

82.6303, 87.2625, 104.5837

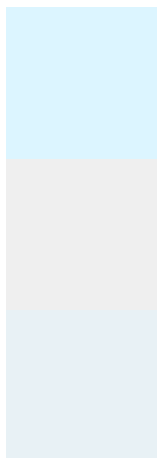
## Deuteranomaly

85.5345, 87.8302, 107.0525

## Tritanomaly

81.7647, 88.0901, 107.3014

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154

## Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

## Achromatomaly

81.2154, 86.6590, 98.8325

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 245, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 245, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 245,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.2176, 87.7405, 107.3154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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