

Converting Colors

XYZ(80.4588, 79.1764, 78.2670)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(80.4588, 79.1764, 78.2670)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(80.4139, 79.1498,
78.0570)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDFDB
RGB	255, 223, 219
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 86%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1255, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	7°, 100%, 93%
HSV	7°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570
YIQ	232.1120, 20.3560, 5.5400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

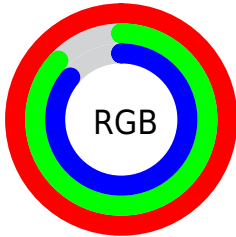
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 224, 219
Decimal	16768987
CIE Lab	91.30, 10.39, 6.01
CIE LCh	91, 12.000, 30.031
Yxy	79.1498, 0.3384, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959067 (0xFFFFDFDB)
YUV	232.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728
Hunter-Lab	88.9662, 5.6501, 10.2566

Details

The XYZ color **80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.7597, 91.2719, 107.9158**, and the grayscale version is **76.8234, 80.8242, 88.0175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.9922, 42.6914, 41.0436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.6554, 66.6001, 59.8244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.5007, 93.5328, 99.2715**.

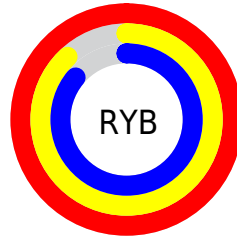
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

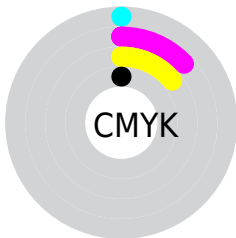
Blue (86%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (86%)

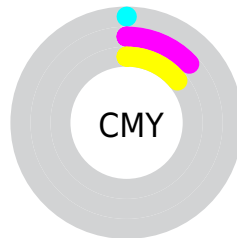


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (13%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80.4139, 79.1498,
78.0570

 80.4139, 79.1498,
78.0570


485.0419,
492.0630, 507.8934

 60.3686, 59.0190,
57.6041


132.8950,
132.1697, 132.4171

 43.9664, 42.6284,
41.0778


166.0615,
165.8276, 167.1613

 30.8419, 29.5937,
28.0598


204.3325,
204.7633, 207.5064

 20.6297, 19.5304,
18.1313

248.0733,
249.3613, 253.8708

 12.9645, 12.0541,
10.8739

297.6493,
300.0058, 306.6732

 7.4810, 6.7806,
5.8690

353.4258,

 3.8137, 3.3252,

357.0813, 366.3321

2.6981

415.7683,
420.9723, 433.2660

■ 1.5973, 1.3038,
0.9425

■ 0.3906, 0.1441,
0.0000

■ 80.4139, 79.1498,
78.0570

■ 80.4139, 79.1498,
78.0570

■ 71.6554, 66.6001,
59.8244

■ 90.5007, 93.5328,
99.2715

■ 64.1647, 55.8005,
44.4353

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 57.8842, 46.6760,
31.7476

■ 52.7501, 39.1426,
21.6052

■ 48.6925, 33.1089,
13.8356

■ 45.6337, 28.4739,
8.2454

■ 43.4855, 25.1244,
4.6101

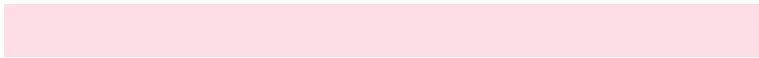
■ 42.1436, 22.9291,
2.6565

■ 41.6640, 22.1080,
2.0713

Harmonies

Analogous

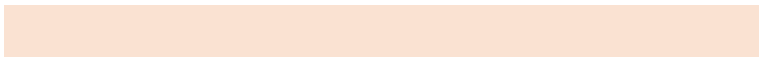
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.2385, 79.1498, 86.1715



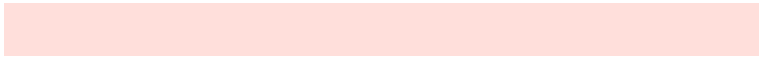
80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570



78.1927, 79.1498, 72.4535

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570



70.2698, 79.1498, 78.0719



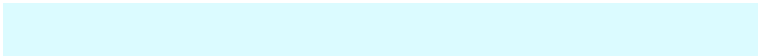
75.2327, 79.1498, 104.0626

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



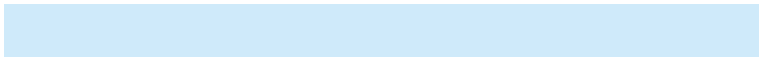
80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570



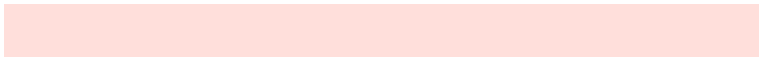
81.7597, 91.2719, 107.9158

Split Complementary

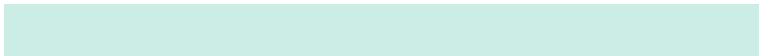
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.3421, 79.1498, 101.5406



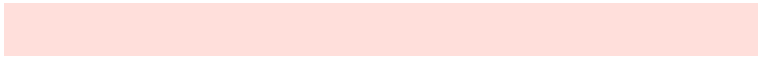
80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570



69.5243, 79.1498, 86.1898

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570



72.3367, 79.1498, 72.4617



70.2729, 79.1498, 94.8493



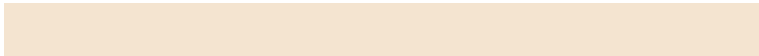
78.1984, 79.1498, 101.5304

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



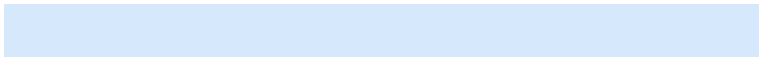
80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570



76.2478, 79.1498, 70.6961



70.2729, 79.1498, 94.8493



74.2204, 79.1498, 103.7757

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.4157, 79.1531, 78.0587



90.6268, 93.7121, 99.5379



84.0477, 78.9142, 102.4000



19.2251, 19.8124, 20.9403



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.4157, 79.1531, 78.0587



77.7566, 75.3499, 72.5019



85.3636, 89.0490, 79.7080



18.1720, 18.3122, 18.7212



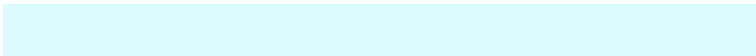
21.8220, 11.6553, 1.0995



2.1751, 1.2356, 0.1238

Inverse Universe

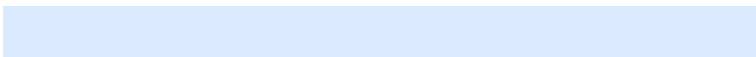
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.7597, 91.2719, 107.9158



79.3415, 89.6469, 107.7296



76.5165, 80.7854, 106.1680



18.3721, 20.1159, 23.1644



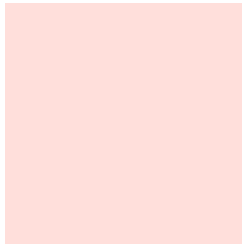
23.8017, 32.5129, 54.4557



2.3646, 3.2599, 5.3179

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

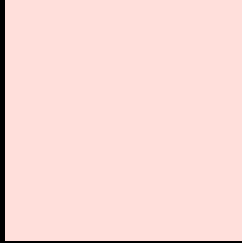
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

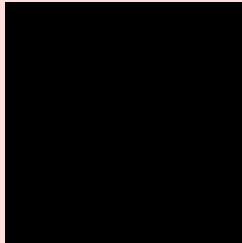
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

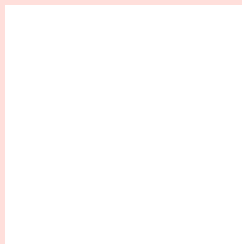
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570.



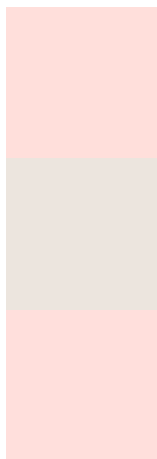
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.4139, 79.1498,

78.0570.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570

Protanopia

75.7962, 79.1454, 80.3889

Deuteranopia

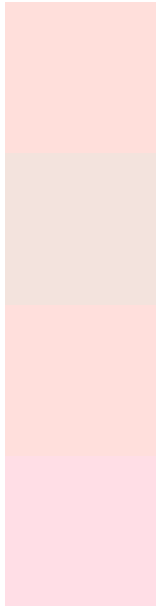
80.5459, 79.2027, 78.7526



Tritanopia

82.3825, 79.0873, 91.0441

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570

Protanomaly

77.4824, 79.2133, 79.6126

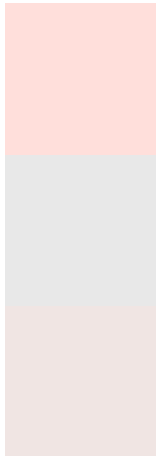
Deuteranomaly

80.5459, 79.2027, 78.7526

Tritanomaly

81.6442, 79.2157, 85.8500

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570

Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

Achromatomaly

77.8196, 80.1099, 84.0343

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 223, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 223, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 223, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 223, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

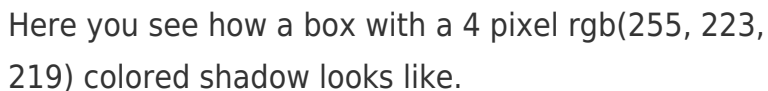
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 223, 219) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 223, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 223, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.4139, 79.1498, 78.0570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 223, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
223, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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