

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.4776, 100.0000,  
82.1038)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.4776, 100.0000, 82.1038)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.6976, 90.6315,  
80.5218)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4FFDB
RGB	212, 255, 219
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 86%
CMY	0.1686, 0.0000, 0.1412
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	130°, 100%, 92%
HSV	130°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218
YIQ	238.0390, -14.0720, -20.3120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

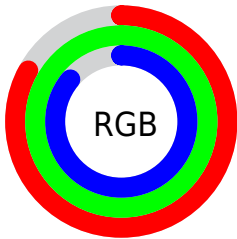
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 249, 255
Decimal	13959131
CIE Lab	96.26, -20.41, 12.69
CIE LCh	96, 24.027, 148.130
Yxy	90.6315, 0.3067, 0.3672
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292149211 (0xFFD4FFDB)
YUV	238.0390, -9.3862, -22.8362
Hunter-Lab	95.2006, -24.6689, 16.4922

# Details

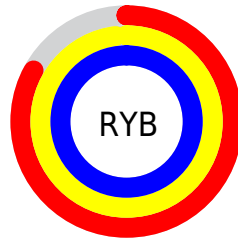
The XYZ color **75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.7272, 75.1252, 98.9998**, and the grayscale version is **81.3760, 85.6139, 93.2336**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.7996, 50.2366, 42.6682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.2849, 86.0833, 66.3390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.6332, 95.9231, 96.6603**.

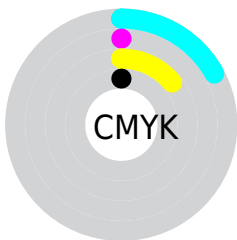
# Distribution



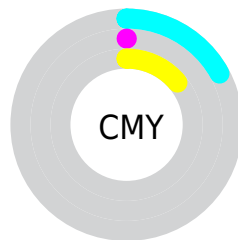
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.6976, 90.6315,  
80.5218

 75.6976, 90.6315,  
80.5218


469.2722,  
530.0830, 516.4427

 56.4808, 68.5045,  
59.6191


126.2820,  
148.2153, 135.9171

 40.8270, 50.3083,  
42.6884


158.3803,  
184.4408, 171.2469

 28.3710, 35.6584,  
29.3111


195.5030,  
226.1347, 212.2227

 18.7474, 24.1705,  
19.0687

238.0157,  
273.6814, 259.2633

 11.5908, 15.4602,  
11.5426

286.2836,  
327.4651, 312.7870

 6.5359, 9.1430,  
6.3143

340.6721,

 3.2173, 4.8346,

387.8704, 373.2124

2.9653

401.5465,  
455.2815, 440.9581

■ 1.2697, 2.1505,  
1.0769

■ 0.1604, 0.6928,  
0.0000

■ 75.6976, 90.6315,  
80.5218

■ 75.6976, 90.6315,  
80.5218

■ 66.2849, 86.0833,  
66.3390

■ 86.6332, 95.9231,  
96.6603

■ 58.3250, 82.2439,  
54.0333

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 51.7454, 79.0777,  
43.5275

■ 46.4664, 76.5454,  
34.7369

■ 42.4003, 74.6037,  
27.5703

■ 39.4482, 73.2037,  
21.9280

■ 37.4951, 72.2884,  
17.6991

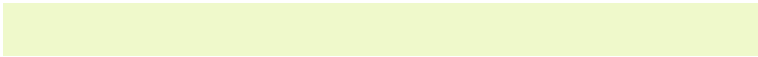
■ 36.3981, 71.7868,  
14.7574

■ 36.1693, 71.6837,  
14.0753

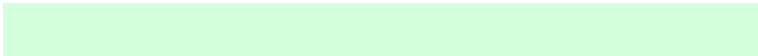
# Harmonies

## Analogous

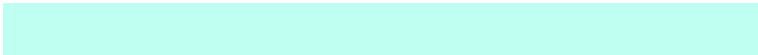
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.2328, 90.6315, 69.6906



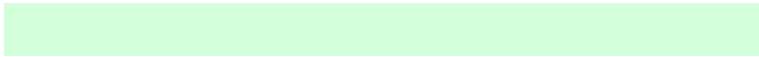
75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



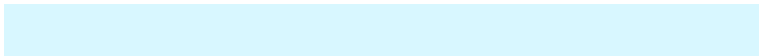
73.9428, 90.6315, 97.4879

# Triad

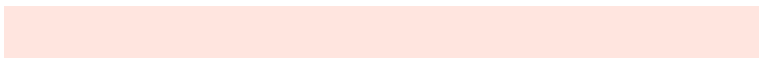
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



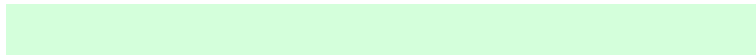
85.7244, 90.6315, 140.1603



97.9621, 90.6315, 82.3493

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



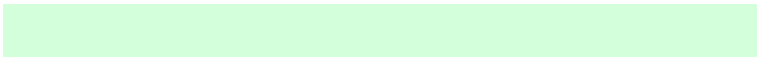
81.7272, 75.1252, 98.9998

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.6153, 90.6315, 99.8864



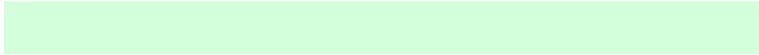
75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



92.3355, 90.6315, 134.7704

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



79.5431, 90.6315, 133.2996



97.5066, 90.6315, 119.3866

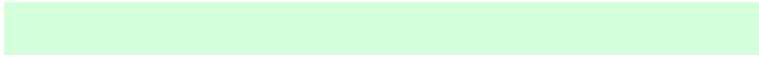


93.0972, 90.6315, 70.6460



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



74.5135, 90.6315, 110.5659



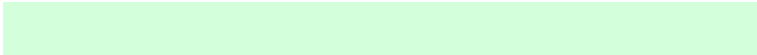
97.5066, 90.6315, 119.3866



98.9226, 90.6315, 87.6823

# Sweetspot

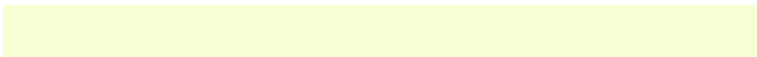
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.6983, 90.6319, 80.5232



88.8425, 96.9930, 99.8865



86.5507, 96.3307, 76.3205



18.8361, 20.6734, 21.1175



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

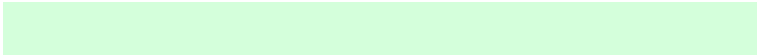


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

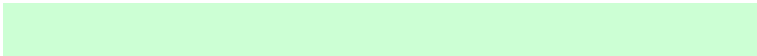


# Same Dimension

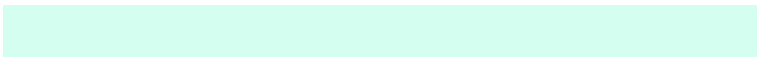
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.6983, 90.6319, 80.5232



72.5838, 89.1261, 75.8654



78.6327, 91.8057, 95.9755



17.8922, 20.2164, 19.7351



18.9345, 37.4704, 7.5403



1.8762, 3.6614, 0.9059



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.7272, 75.1252, 98.9998



79.5746, 71.1424, 97.2886



78.6561, 73.8967, 82.8279



18.6582, 18.2466, 22.0830



27.9039, 13.6509, 34.4741

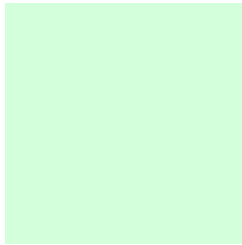


2.7493, 1.3421, 3.5273



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

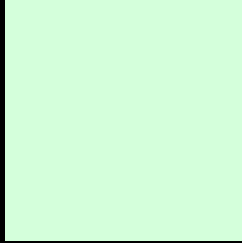
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

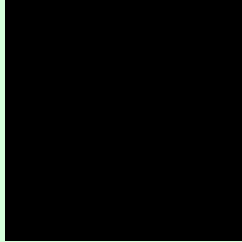
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

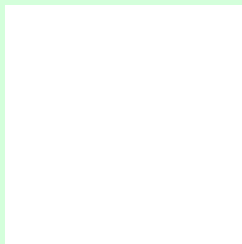
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218.



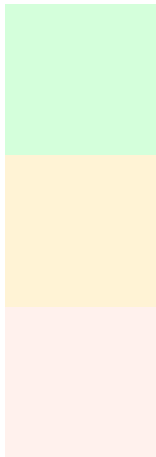
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.6976, 90.6315,

80.5218.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218

### Protanopia

85.3008, 90.1653, 75.8586

### Deuteranopia

87.9814, 90.2850, 92.9104



## Tritanopia

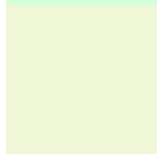
84.9375, 90.6240, 107.6232

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



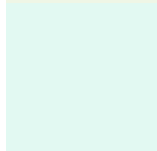
## Protanomaly

81.1231, 89.7785, 77.3433



## Deuteranomaly

82.8353, 89.9754, 87.8640



## Tritanomaly

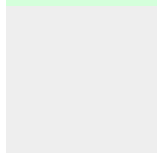
81.2667, 90.3309, 97.1568

# Monochromacy



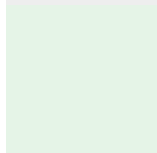
## Original Color

75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218



## Achromatopsia

81.2670, 85.4993, 93.1087



## Achromatomaly

79.0876, 87.1289, 88.2505

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 255, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 255, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 255, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 255, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 255, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 255, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 255, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 255, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.6976, 90.6315, 80.5218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 255, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
255, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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