

Converting Colors

XYZ(80.4894, 93.9147, 44.0221)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(80.4894, 93.9147, 44.0221)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(80.5767, 93.9596,
44.0262)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9FF99
RGB	249, 255, 153
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.0235, 0.0000, 0.4000
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	64°, 100%, 80%
HSV	64°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262
YIQ	241.5780, 29.1660, -32.9940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

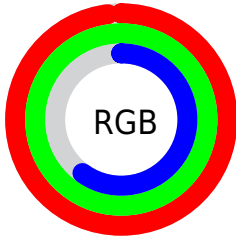
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 255, 159
Decimal	16383897
CIE Lab	97.62, -16.51, 48.00
CIE LCh	98, 50.755, 108.978
Yxy	93.9596, 0.3687, 0.4299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294573977 (0xFFFF9FF9)
YUV	241.5780, -43.6690, 6.5091
Hunter-Lab	96.9328, -21.2517, 40.9238

Details

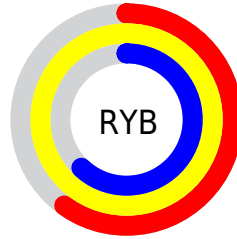
The XYZ color **80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **43.7404, 37.3747, 99.5164**, and the grayscale version is **84.3815, 88.7760, 96.6770**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.5086, 97.3834, 74.4536**, and **43.9802, 52.3846, 19.8498** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.1580, 92.9306, 34.0690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4503, 95.1711, 56.3563**.

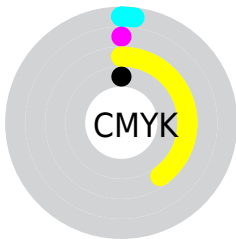
Distribution



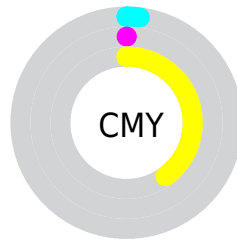
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80.5767, 93.9596,
44.0262


 80.5767, 93.9596,
44.0262


485.5812,
540.8289, 378.8597

 60.5031, 71.2694,
30.3538


 133.1225,
152.8265, 82.5601

 44.0753, 52.5620,
19.8529


 166.3255,
189.7719, 108.2586

 30.9279, 37.4533,
12.1052

204.6356,
232.2378, 138.8028

 20.6955, 25.5586,
6.6919

248.4182,
280.6086, 174.6114

 13.0128, 16.4937,
3.1947

298.0388,
335.2687, 216.1029

 7.5144, 9.8742,
1.1949

353.8625,

 3.8350, 5.3156,

396.6026, 263.6957

0.0000

416.2549,
464.9945, 317.8084

■ 1.6092, 2.4336,
0.0000

■ 0.3984, 0.8431,
0.0000

■ 80.5767, 93.9596,
44.0262

■ 80.5767, 93.9596,
44.0262

■ 78.1580, 92.9306,
34.0690

■ 83.4503, 95.1711,
56.3563

■ 76.1645, 92.0722,
26.3286

■ 86.8044, 96.5752,
71.1944

■ 74.5640, 91.3715,
20.6360

■ 90.6636, 98.1819,
88.6700

■ 73.3197, 90.8137,
16.7968

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 72.3875, 90.3812,
14.5785

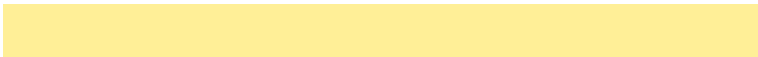
■ 71.6951, 90.0452,
13.6018

■ 71.6951, 90.0452,
13.6017

Harmonies

Analogous

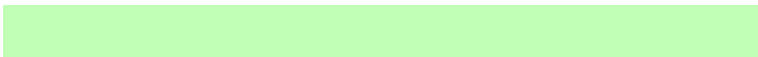
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.7204, 93.9596, 42.4184



80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



69.9520, 93.9596, 58.4843

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



72.2925, 93.9596, 174.7952



119.4274, 93.9596, 118.2753

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



43.7404, 37.3747, 99.5164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111.9357, 93.9596, 163.8804



80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



84.1016, 93.9596, 201.8965

Square

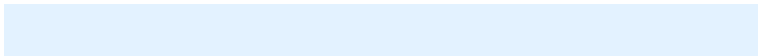
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



65.5373, 93.9596, 130.4076



98.6436, 93.9596, 197.4368



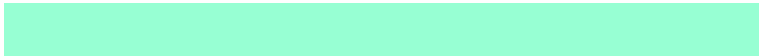
118.2211, 93.9596, 78.5626

Rectangle

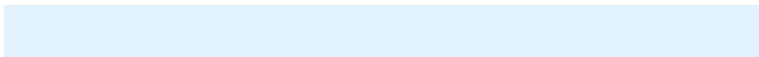
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



65.8134, 93.9596, 76.3484



98.6436, 93.9596, 197.4368



117.8132, 93.9596, 133.5667

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.5770, 93.9598, 44.0275



89.8497, 97.8437, 84.9559



59.2344, 48.0488, 36.2907



19.1203, 20.8963, 17.6778



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

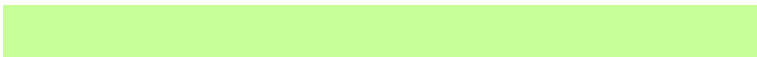
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.5770, 93.9598, 44.0275



78.6065, 93.1223, 35.8771



65.0371, 85.9487, 43.3002



19.4495, 21.0331, 19.1790



37.5077, 47.0740, 7.1093



3.6828, 4.5993, 0.6937

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.7404, 37.3747, 99.5164



37.1644, 29.4438, 98.3322



55.7649, 43.5736, 100.0791



17.1019, 17.4287, 22.7127



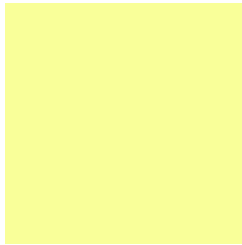
9.5729, 3.8455, 49.6723



0.9653, 0.3915, 4.8380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

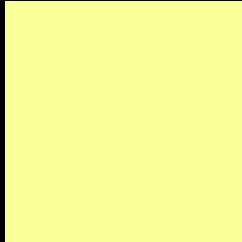
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

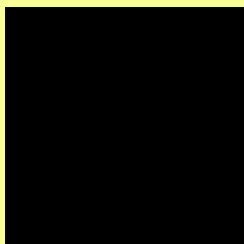
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262.

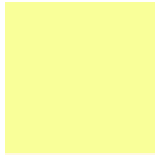


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.5767, 93.9596,

Color Blindness Simulation

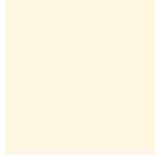
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



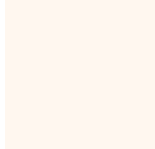
Original Color

80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



Protanopia

88.3980, 93.8310, 84.6863



Deuteranopia

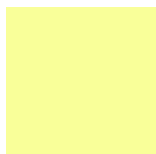
90.0808, 94.0135, 95.0600



Tritanopia

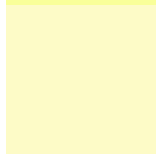
91.9424, 93.7848, 107.8641

Trichromacy



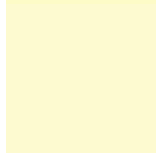
Original Color

80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



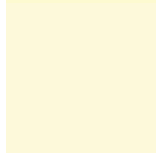
Protanomaly

85.3140, 94.0005, 67.6802



Deuteranomaly

86.0788, 93.8079, 73.2444



Tritanomaly

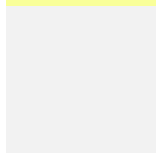
87.0386, 93.6960, 79.8274

Monochromacy



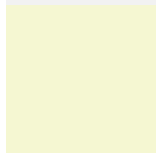
Original Color

80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262



Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948



Achromatomaly

82.5498, 90.5871, 74.1070

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 255, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 255, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 255, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 255, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 255, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 255, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 255, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 255, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 255, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 255,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.5767, 93.9596, 44.0262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 255, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
255, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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