

# Converting Colors

XYZ(80.5029, 81.2526, 88.7793)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(80.5029, 81.2526, 88.7793)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.3835, 81.3343,  
88.5532)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5E5E9
RGB	245, 229, 233
RGB Percent	96%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1019, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.05, 0.04
HSL	345°, 44%, 93%
HSV	345°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532
YIQ	234.2400, 8.2520, 4.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

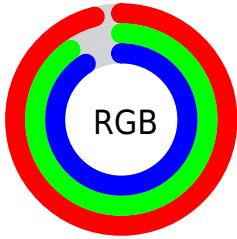
Format	Color
RYP	245, 229, 233
Decimal	16115177
CIELab	92.28, 6.11, 0.00
CIElCh	92, 6.113, 0.040
Yxy	81.3343, 0.3212, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294305257 (0xFF5E5E9)
YUV	234.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365
Hunter-Lab	90.1855, 1.2746, 4.9130

# Details

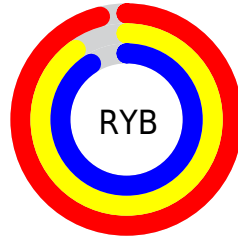
The XYZ color **80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **80.8458, 88.3158, 96.0091**, and the grayscale version is **78.3906, 82.4730, 89.8131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.0581, 44.2652, 47.8169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.5871, 67.7261, 73.3348**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.4147, 96.9723, 105.5345**.

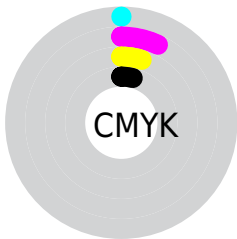
# Distribution



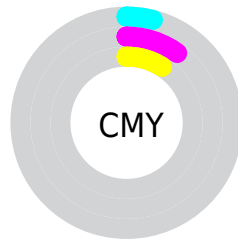
- Red (96%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.3835, 81.3343,  
88.5532

 80.3835, 81.3343,  
88.5532


484.9412,  
499.4182, 543.7613

 60.3435, 60.8170,  
66.2144


132.8525,  
135.2401, 147.2450

 43.9461, 44.0775,  
47.9889


166.0122,  
169.3973, 184.4350

 30.8259, 30.7314,  
33.4581


204.2759,  
208.8699, 227.4125

 20.6175, 20.3944,  
22.2037

248.0089,  
254.0424, 276.5961

 12.9555, 12.6821,  
13.8069

297.5766,  
305.2990, 332.4042

 7.4747, 7.2100,  
7.8493

353.3443,

 3.8097, 3.5938,

363.0243, 395.2554

3.9123

415.6774,  
427.6026, 465.5683

■ 1.5950, 1.4490,  
1.5773

■ 0.3892, 0.2524,  
0.2746

■ 80.3835, 81.3343,  
88.5532

■ 80.3835, 81.3343,  
88.5532

■ 71.5871, 67.7261,  
73.3348

■ 90.4147, 96.9723,  
105.5345

■ 63.9704, 56.0540,  
59.8168

■ 91.4667, 98.1527,  
108.7323

■ 57.4843, 46.2328,  
47.9409

■ 52.0736, 38.1667,  
37.6429

■ 47.6782, 31.7513,  
28.8548

■ 44.2321, 26.8712,  
21.5032

■ 41.6610, 23.3956,  
15.5080

■ 39.8789, 21.1720,  
10.7809

■ 38.7797, 20.0096,  
7.2206

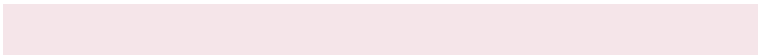
# Harmonies

## Analogous

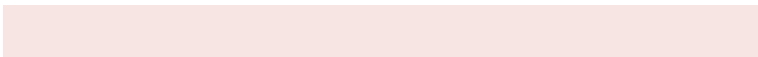
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.9676, 81.3343, 92.9754



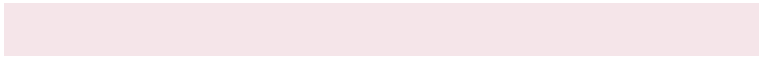
80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532



79.9654, 81.3343, 84.2751

# Triad

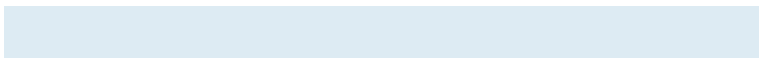
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532



75.7951, 81.3343, 81.2394



75.7987, 81.3343, 96.3124

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532



80.8458, 88.3158, 96.0091

# Split Complementary

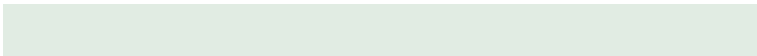
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.7058, 81.3343, 92.9861



80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532



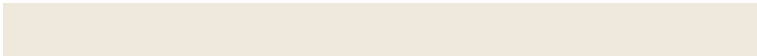
74.7038, 81.3343, 84.2852

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532



77.3037, 81.3343, 80.1412



74.3077, 81.3343, 88.5653



77.3079, 81.3343, 97.5470

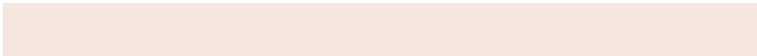


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532



79.2733, 81.3343, 82.0569



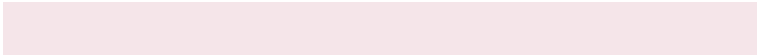
74.3077, 81.3343, 88.5653



75.3712, 81.3343, 95.3963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.3858, 81.3378, 88.5550



92.8346, 96.5451, 105.1528



80.7790, 81.3357, 97.8292



19.8936, 20.7008, 22.5464



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

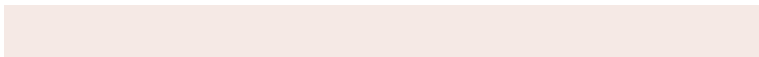
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.3858, 81.3378, 88.5550



86.5170, 86.7211, 94.3804



80.9406, 83.3507, 85.9552



16.6689, 16.5504, 18.0031



20.7892, 10.6591, 3.5986



1.8667, 0.9526, 0.5245



# Inverse Universe

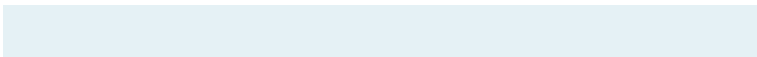
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.3858, 81.3378, 88.5550



86.5170, 86.7211, 94.3804



80.2526, 86.1637, 98.7888



16.6689, 16.5504, 18.0031



20.7892, 10.6591, 3.5986

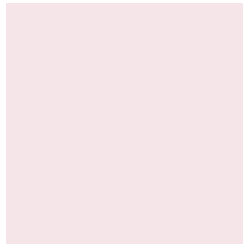


1.8667, 0.9526, 0.5245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

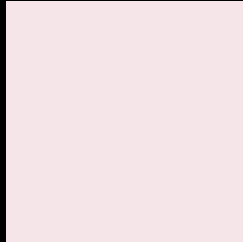
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

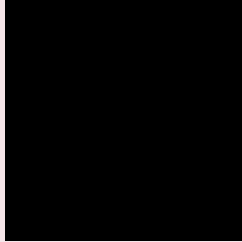
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

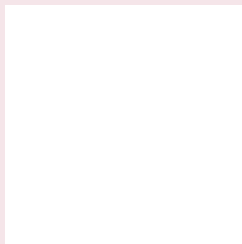
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532.



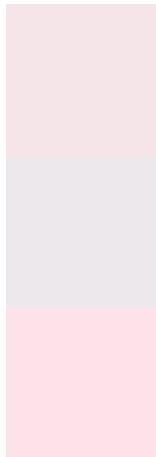
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.3835, 81.3343,

88.5532.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532

### Protanopia

78.4441, 81.5443, 90.2024

### Deuteranopia

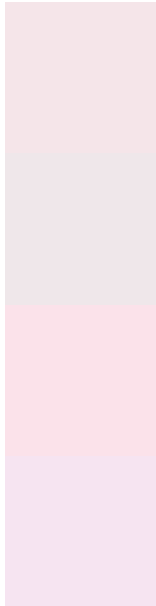
83.0165, 81.0509, 89.1109



## Tritanopia

82.3083, 81.3049, 97.7415

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532

## Protanomaly

79.0238, 81.4431, 89.3970

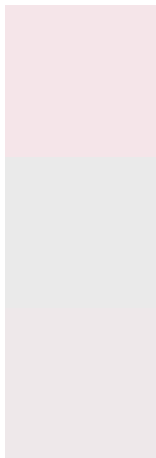
## Deuteranomaly

81.8313, 80.8425, 89.1331

## Tritanomaly

81.6266, 81.4305, 94.6346

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532

## Achromatopsia

78.2058, 82.2786, 89.6014

## Achromatomaly

78.9678, 81.8309, 89.4748

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(245, 229, 233) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 229, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 229, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 229, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 229, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 229, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 229, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 229, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 229, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 229,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.3835, 81.3343, 88.5532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 229, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
229, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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