

Converting Colors

XYZ(80.5182, 83.9511,
106.5682)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(80.5182, 83.9511, 106.5682)
contains.

XYZ(80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(80.6786, 84.0339,
106.5757)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6ECFF
RGB	230, 236, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0745, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	226°, 100%, 95%
HSV	226°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757
YIQ	236.3720, -9.6750, 4.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

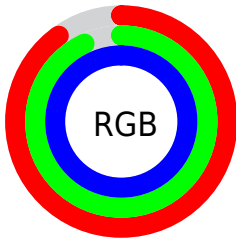
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 235, 255
Decimal	15133951
CIE Lab	93.47, 1.58, -9.84
CIE LCh	93, 9.971, 279.139
Yxy	84.0339, 0.2974, 0.3098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293324031 (0xFFE6ECFF)
YUV	236.3720, 9.1836, -5.5882
Hunter-Lab	91.6700, -3.3250, -4.7616

Details

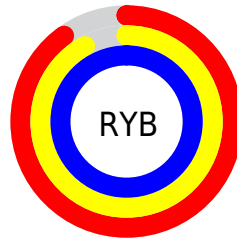
The XYZ color **80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.3980, 94.7227, 88.4361**, and the grayscale version is **79.9529, 84.1167, 91.6030**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.9699, 45.7184, 59.9332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.8071, 69.5631, 104.4610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

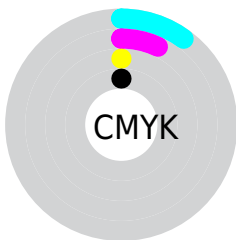
Distribution



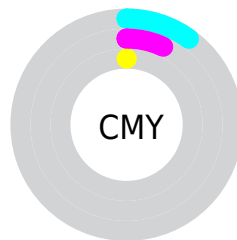
- Red (90%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

80.6786, 84.0339,
106.5757

80.6786, 84.0339,
106.5757

485.9186,
508.4258, 602.5013

60.5873, 63.0434,
81.1560

133.2649,
139.0226, 172.2951

44.1435, 45.8763,
60.1384

166.4906,
173.7896, 213.4320

30.9817, 32.1482,
43.1041

204.8252,
213.9176, 260.6450

20.7367, 21.4748,
29.6348

248.6341,
259.7909, 314.3527

13.0430, 13.4715,
19.3119

298.2824,
311.7940, 374.9737

7.5354, 7.7540,
11.7168

354.1358,

3.8484, 3.9379,

370.3113, 442.9264

6.4309

416.5594,
435.7271, 518.6294

■ 1.6167, 1.6389,
3.0358

■ 0.4033, 0.3836,
1.1130

■ 80.6786, 84.0339,
106.5757

■ 80.6786, 84.0339,
106.5757

■ 67.8071, 69.5631,
104.4610

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 56.6646, 56.8514,
102.5946

■ 47.1777, 45.8329,
100.9678

■ 39.2648, 36.4341,
99.5707

■ 32.8372, 28.5753,
98.3926

■ 27.7969, 22.1702,
97.4220

■ 24.0336, 17.1227,
96.6460

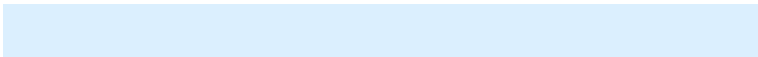
■ 21.4181, 13.3238,
96.0506

■ 19.7583, 10.6272,
95.6176

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.0821, 84.0339, 105.7293



80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757



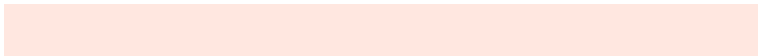
83.1106, 84.0339, 103.2134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757



83.8638, 84.0339, 82.6472



75.2330, 84.0339, 86.4311

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757



89.3980, 94.7227, 88.4361

Split Complementary

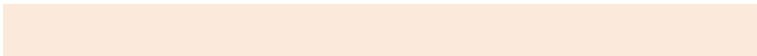
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.7181, 84.0339, 80.7056



80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757



81.6884, 84.0339, 78.6058

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757



84.9759, 84.0339, 89.2147



79.0702, 84.0339, 77.9151



74.9761, 84.0339, 93.8212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757



84.2976, 84.0339, 99.1407



79.0702, 84.0339, 77.9151



75.6035, 84.0339, 84.2597

Sweetspot

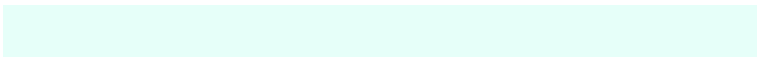
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6808, 84.0373, 106.5762



90.4649, 94.9249, 108.1621



85.4538, 95.1674, 103.2839



19.1070, 20.0336, 23.1098



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6808, 84.0373, 106.5762



77.7005, 80.7030, 106.0897



81.0231, 81.6908, 106.1053



17.3571, 18.0859, 22.8261



10.4057, 5.7210, 49.9904



1.0935, 0.7178, 4.8942

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.6785, 83.9113, 91.0944



82.5331, 80.5985, 87.3638



89.0213, 97.3272, 88.9586



18.1882, 18.0586, 19.6080



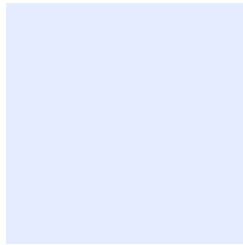
22.0405, 11.3055, 3.5978



2.1866, 1.1170, 0.5639

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

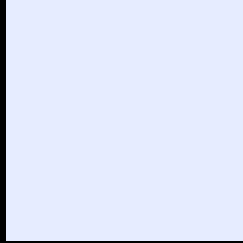
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

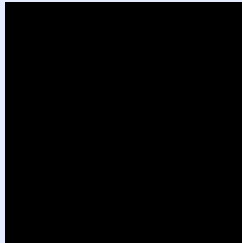
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.6786, 84.0339,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757

Protanopia

81.8587, 84.2346, 105.7104

Deuteranopia

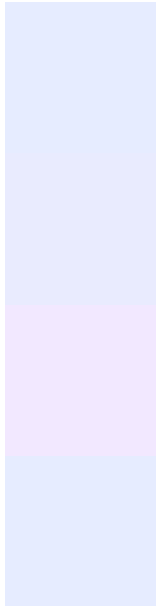
85.4137, 83.9534, 106.3106



Tritanopia

80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757

Protanomaly

81.2020, 83.8961, 105.6797

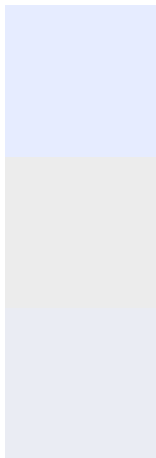
Deuteranomaly

83.5246, 83.8105, 106.3826

Tritanomaly

80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757

Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Achromatomaly

80.1048, 83.9544, 96.7769

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 236, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 236, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 236, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 236, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 236, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 236, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 236, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 236, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 236, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 236,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.6786, 84.0339, 106.5757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 236, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
236, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor