

Converting Colors

XYZ(80.5920, 100.0000,
65.1632)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(80.5920, 100.0000, 65.1632)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(76.3258, 91.3333,
63.4755)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E1FFC0 |
| RGB | 225, 255, 192 |
| RGB Percent | 88%, 100%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.1176, 0.0000, 0.2470 |
| CMYK | 0.12, 0.00, 0.25, 0.00 |
| HSL | 89°, 100%, 88% |
| HSV | 89°, 25%, 100% |
| XYZ | 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 |
| YIQ | 238.8480, 2.3430, -25.9530 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

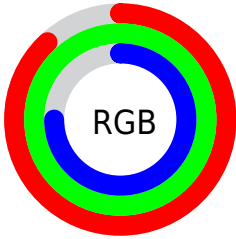
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 192, 255, 222 |
| Decimal | 14811072 |
| CIELab | 96.55, -20.37, 26.97 |
| CIELCh | 97, 33.801, 127.065 |
| Yxy | 91.3333, 0.3302, 0.3952 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293001152 (0xFFE1FFC0) |
| YUV | 238.8480, -23.0961, -12.1447 |
| Hunter-Lab | 95.5685, -24.6857, 27.5182 |

Details

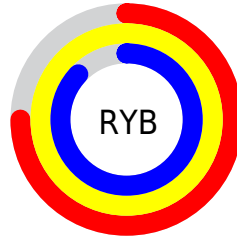
The XYZ color **76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.0248, 60.4501, 102.7432**, and the grayscale version is **82.0980, 86.3735, 94.0607**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.0989, 99.6196, 103.8915**, and **41.1437, 50.6582, 31.6543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.0885, 88.4166, 49.6905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.3230, 94.5852, 79.8539**.

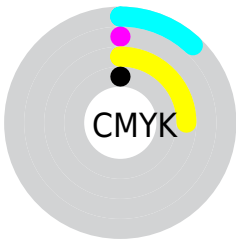
Distribution



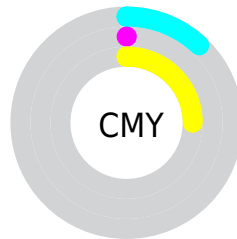
- Red (88%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 76.3258, 91.3333,
63.4755

 76.3258, 91.3333,
63.4755


471.3895,
532.3585, 455.4485

 56.9977, 69.0870,
45.7825


 127.1652,
149.1890, 111.4474

 41.2435, 50.7826,
31.7268


159.4073,
185.5673, 142.5634

 28.6979, 36.0356,
20.8898


196.6847,
227.4249, 178.9909

 18.9956, 24.4617,
12.8530

239.3628,
275.1464, 221.1483

 11.7711, 15.6765,
7.1979

287.8070,
329.1161, 269.4542

 6.6591, 9.2955,
3.5058

342.3826,

 3.2942, 4.9344,

389.7184, 324.3272

1.3584

403.4550,
457.3378, 386.1858

■ 1.3112, 2.2088,
0.1089

■ 0.1916, 0.7248,
0.0000

■ 76.3258, 91.3333,
63.4755

■ 76.3258, 91.3333,
63.4755

■ 70.0885, 88.4166,
49.6905

■ 83.3230, 94.5852,
79.8539

■ 64.5788, 85.8212,
38.3617

■ 91.1073, 98.1837,
98.9454

■ 59.7638, 83.5336,
29.3453

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 55.6073, 81.5385,
22.4811

■ 52.0688, 79.8189,
17.5881

■ 49.1020, 78.3558,
14.4559

■ 46.6512, 77.1259,
12.8260

■ 45.5232, 76.5531,
12.3769

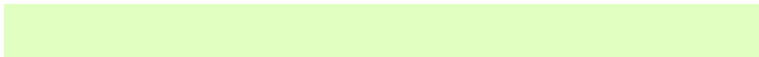
Harmonies

Analogous

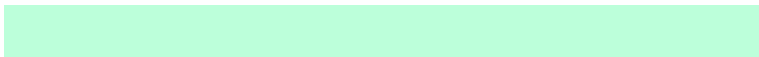
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.5969, 91.3333, 56.2751



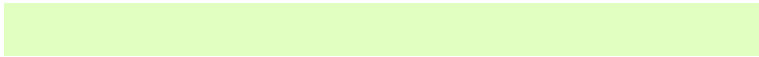
76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



71.1479, 91.3333, 80.5387

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



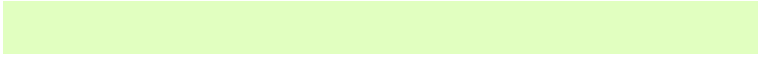
79.9287, 91.3333, 155.3937



106.0912, 91.3333, 93.1909

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



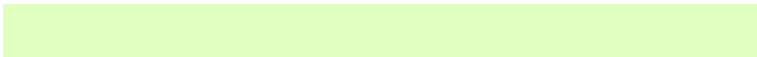
67.0248, 60.4501, 102.7432

Split Complementary

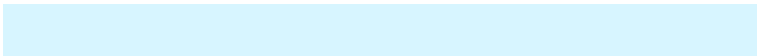
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.6158, 91.3333, 121.1035



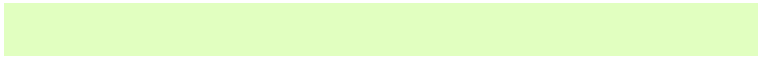
76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



89.0605, 91.3333, 160.4483

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



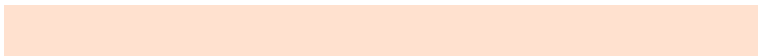
76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



73.1203, 91.3333, 134.1715



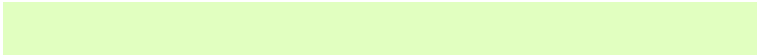
98.2119, 91.3333, 146.9450



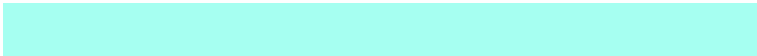
102.1088, 91.3333, 71.2981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



69.9196, 91.3333, 96.8089



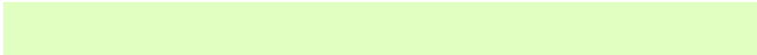
98.2119, 91.3333, 146.9450



106.2215, 91.3333, 102.1314

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.3263, 91.3336, 63.4769



89.2496, 97.3266, 94.3177



76.7172, 76.9909, 60.6878



19.0000, 20.7843, 19.9326



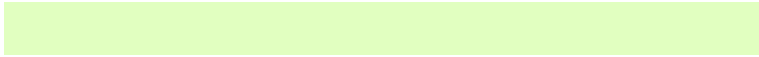
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



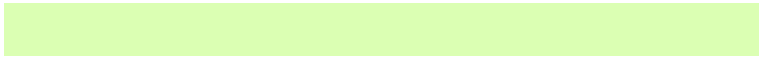
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

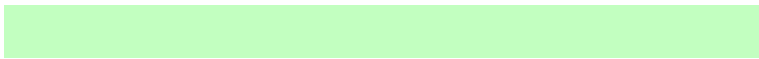
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.3263, 91.3336, 63.4769



72.9308, 89.7481, 55.8624



67.5491, 86.8087, 63.0661



18.6796, 20.6363, 19.1430



23.9606, 40.0902, 6.4753



2.4592, 3.9685, 0.6364

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.0248, 60.4501, 102.7432



62.0735, 53.6964, 101.7006



77.3718, 65.7842, 103.2274



17.8259, 17.8020, 22.7465



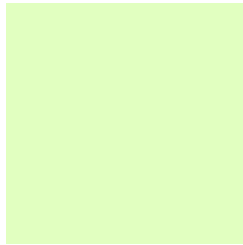
13.7530, 6.0004, 49.8679



1.4642, 0.6488, 4.8613

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

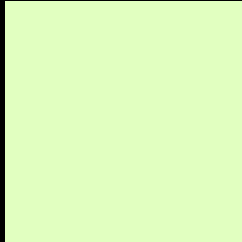
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

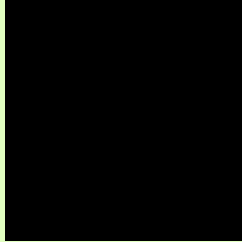
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

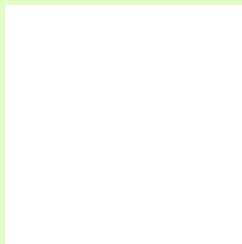
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755.



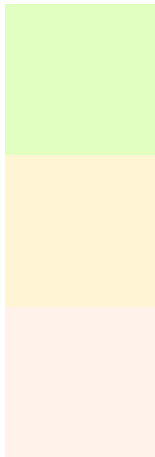
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.3258, 91.3333,

63.4755.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755

Protanopia

85.4743, 90.7148, 75.2921

Deuteranopia

87.8434, 90.7048, 90.7198

Tritanopia

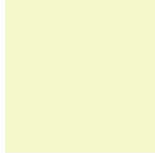
86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159

Trichromacy



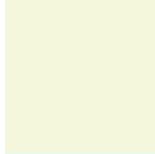
Original Color

76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



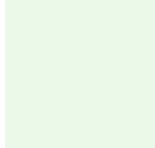
Protanomaly

81.8951, 90.7757, 70.9627



Deuteranomaly

83.3552, 90.8691, 80.1640



Tritanomaly

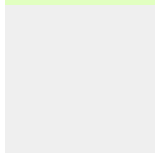
82.7021, 91.2397, 89.5961

Monochromacy



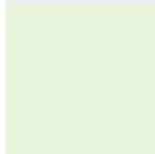
Original Color

76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755



Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



Achromatomaly

79.7689, 88.0712, 81.9024

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 255, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 255, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 255, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 255, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 255, 192) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 255, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 255, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 255, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 255, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 255,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.3258, 91.3333, 63.4755 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 255, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
255, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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